

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOI/PA  
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET  
FOI/PA# 1346627-000

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FBI

098/0001

## TRANSMIT VIA:

☒ Teletype  
☐ Facsimile  
☐ \_\_\_\_\_

## PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate  
☐ Priority  
☒ Routine

## CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET  
☐ SECRET  
☐ CONFIDENTIAL  
☐ UNCLAS E F T O  
☒ UNCLAS

Date 4/8/86

FM SACRAMENTO (175A-163)

TO DIRECTOR PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

[REDACTED] THREAT AGAINST PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN  
AND NANCY REAGAN.

FOR INFORMATION OF THE BUREAU, AT 2:32 P.M., APRIL 5, 1986,

SA [REDACTED] SACRAMENTO DIVISION, AND SACRAMENTO POLICE

[REDACTED] INTERVIEWED [REDACTED] AT THE  
SACRAMENTO COUNTY JAIL. SUBJECT HAD BEEN ARRESTED EARLIER  
THAT DAY [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] AT THE  
TIME OF HIS ARREST, BY SACRAMENTO COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPUTIES,  
SUBJECT TOLD THEM HE HAD ROBBED SEVERAL BANKS. THIS WAS  
THE REASON FOR THE INITIAL INTERVIEW BY SACRAMENTO AGENTS.

DURING THE COURSE OF THE INTERVIEW, IT WAS DETERMINED  
THAT SUBJECT DID NOT IN FACT ROB ANY BANKS. HOWEVER, SUBJECT

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b7Cb6  
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Approved: [REDACTED]

Transmitted

(Number)

(Time)

Per [REDACTED]

LAP  
OFA  
HSA

175A-163-1

FBI

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☐ UNCLAS

Date \_\_\_\_\_

PAGE TWO SC 175A-163 UNCLAS

ALSO TOLD SA [ ] THAT THE SECRET SERVICE KNEW HIM BECAUSE HE HAD THREATENED PRESIDENT REAGON ONE AND A HALF YEARS AGO. SUBJECT STATED THAT JUST RECENTLY HE THOUGHT ABOUT ASSASSINATING THE PRESIDENT. SUBJECT STATED THAT BOTH PRESIDENT REAGAN AND HIS WIFE NANCY REAGAN HAVE TO BE ELIMINATED. SUBJECT STATED HE WOULD DO THIS BY GETTING AN M-16 AND SNEAKING OVER TO WASHINGTON, D.C. BY WAY OF CANADA.

HE SUBJECT STATED HE HAD PREVIOUSLY BEEN INTERVIEWED BY SA [ ] OF THE SECRET SERVICE IN CHEYENNE, WYOMING AND SA [ ] OF THE SECRET SERVICE IN SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

DURING THE INTERVIEW, SUBJECT ADMITTED BEING A FORMER

[ ]  
[ ] SUBJECT IS A [ ]  
[ ] WHO HAD COME TO SACRAMENTO WITHIN THE LAST THREE WEEKS. MOTEL RECEIPTS FOUND IN HIS POSSESSION REVEALED THAT SINCE FEBRUARY OF 1986 HE HAD BEEN IN ODGEN, UTAH AND SPRINGVILLE, UTAH. DOCUMENTS IN SUBJECT'S POSSESSION ALSO REVEALED THAT HE IS RECEIVING A [ ]

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Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Transmitted \_\_\_\_\_ Per \_\_\_\_\_  
(Number) (Time)

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☐ UNCLAS

Date \_\_\_\_\_

PAGE THREE SC 175A-163 UNCLAS

PAYMENT FROM THE VA.

AT 4:00 P.M., APRIL 5, 1986, SA [ ] ADVISED SA [ ] OF THE US SECRET SERVICE IN SACRAMENTO OF THE ABOVE INFORMATION. SA [ ] ADVISED SA [ ] THAT NO FURTHER INVESTIGATION OF SUBJECT IS BEING CONDUCTED BY THE BUREAU. A WRITTEN REPORT OF THE INTERVIEW WITH SUBJECT AND HIS PHOTOGRAPH WILL BE PROVIDED TO THE SACRAMENTO SECRET SERVICE OFFICE.

[ ] IS DESCRIBED AS A WHITE MALE, [ ]

[ ]

[ ]

SACRAMENTO INDICES OF SUBJECT IS NEGATIVE.

BT

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Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Transmitted \_\_\_\_\_ Per \_\_\_\_\_  
(Number) (Time)





Field File No. \_\_\_\_\_

OO and File No. SC 175A-163 '1A'Date Received 4-4-86From \_\_\_\_\_  
[Redacted]FBI  
(Address of Contributor)  
SCBy \_\_\_\_\_  
[Redacted]

gent)

To Be Returned ☐ Yes☒ No☐ Yes☒ NoReceipt Given ☐ Yes☒ NoGrand Jury Material - Disseminate  
Only Pursuant to Rules 6(e),  
Federal Rules of Criminal  
Procedure

## Description:

Interview notes:

[Redacted]

- Advice of Rights
- Copies of Papers
- Personal History
- one photo

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TSW: 4-4-86

POLACOLOR

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175A-163 1A'

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- Black Digital Water

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29

4/4/86

US SecD Sec knows him

became he threatened President Reagan  
1 1/2 years ago

source of name VA Pension

Capital City Bank  
2

SecD Sec

SA [redacted] Chicago, IL

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[redacted] ST. LAKE, UT

Sp

1 1/2 - 2 yrs ago talk to SA

may go to DALLAS / a move, Seattle  
member to DC

had right and had  
1st

a few months ago

had money owed to him

he did not pay the Bank

Sally had paid me

& of had money of

[redacted]

1st INTERVIEW

1-7-50 STACON 1st

and started to 203 days ago

From this  
Mark this

- never has sustained

if bank has been asking him, he would pay the  
bank

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last night to B of A on B-way

coll part I want to offer to help  
a Bank

{ had a \$100 Bill from [redacted]  
I paid [redacted] }

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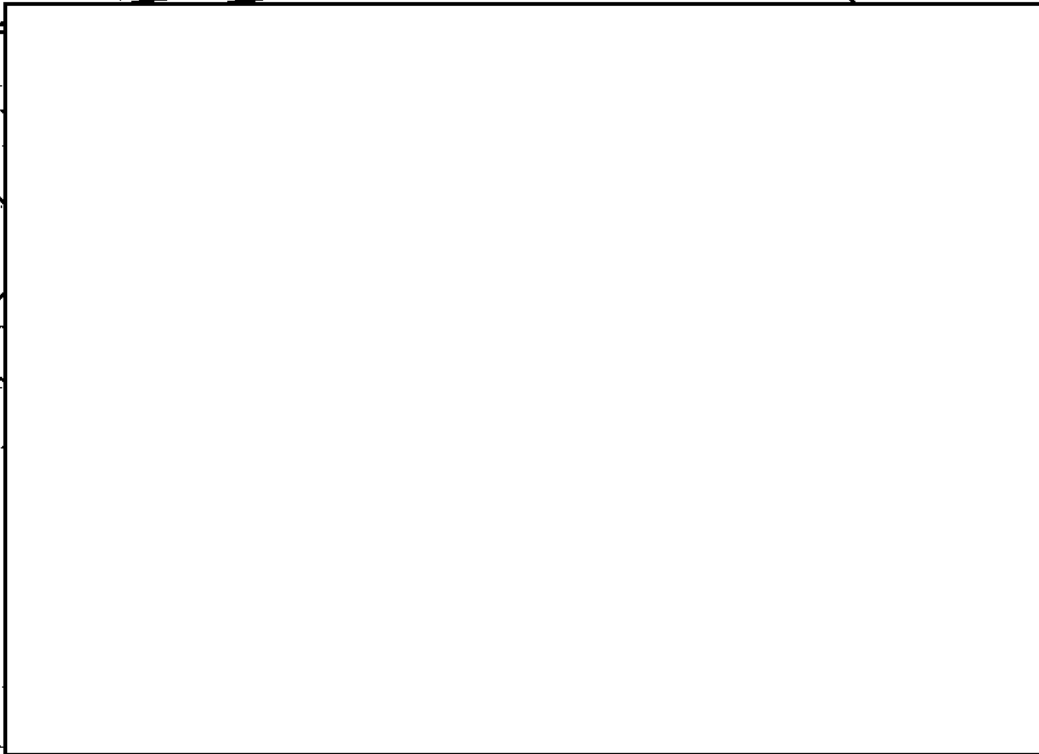
last night, he thought should  
assisted

has. paper got to be eliminated, or his  
"got to be eliminated." <sup>conf. his to</sup>  
be eliminated  
"any program"

— made over Wash. & got on M-16

night thru Canada

CAPITAL CITY BANK



SS →

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## INTERROGATION; ADVICE OF RIGHTS

YOUR RIGHTS

Place Sacramento County Jail  
 Date 4-5-80  
 Time 1:38 P

Before we ask you any questions, you must understand your rights.

You have the right to remain silent.

Anything you say can be used against you in court.

You have the right to talk to a lawyer for advice before we ask you any questions and to have a lawyer with you during questioning.

If you cannot afford a lawyer, one will be appointed for you before any questioning if you wish.

If you decide to answer questions now without a lawyer present, you will still have the right to stop answering at any time. You also have the right to stop answering at any time until you talk to a lawyer.

WAIVER OF RIGHTS

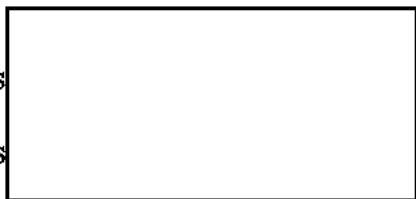
I have read this statement of my rights and I understand what my rights are. I am willing to make a statement and answer questions. I do not want a lawyer at this time. I understand and know what I am doing. No promises or threats have been made to me and no pressure of any kind has been used against me.

Sign

Witness

Witness

Time:



SPD

1:40 PM

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# PERSONAL HISTORY REPORT

File No.	Date: 4/4/86	Type of Report:	Case /	Office:	Typed By: b6 b7C
S.O.I. Name:	Arrest No:	Arrest [ ] Information [ ]	Place of Interview:		Time Began:
Interviewed By:	Others Present:				

## I. DESCRIPTIVE AND IDENTIFYING DATA

<div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 200px; width: 100%;"></div>		Visible Injuries:
		Automobile (Year, color, make, model, Lein Amt & Holder)
		License (Year, state, number):
		Automobile (Year, color, make, model):
		License (Year, state, number):

<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 250px; height: 50px;"></div>	Address:	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 150px; height: 50px;"></div>	Length: b6 b7C
	Address:		Length:

## II. CURRENT ARREST DATA

Date of Arrest:	Time of Arrest:	Location of Arrest:	Resisted Arrest: [ ] Yes [ ] No	Weapons:
Arresting Agents:		Other Officers Assisting:		
Charges:				
Defendant Transported To:		Transported By:		Time:
Rights Given: [ ] Yes [ ] No	Given By:	Time:	LEADS/NCIC Checked By:	
F.B.I. #	I.S.B. #	Court Branch, Date & Bond:		

### III. PERSONAL DATA

Marital Status: <i>NO</i>	Times Married	Dates Married:	Places Married:	Times Divorced	Dates Divorced:	Places Divorced:
Present Spouse:			Maiden Name:	Date of Birth:	Occupation:	
Present Spouse Address:			Employer:		Address:	

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Bank:	Type of Accounts:	Maintain Cash in Safety Deposit Box: [ ] Yes [ ] No Where:
Loans Outstanding:		Attorney:

### IV. ARRESTS/DRUG DATA

Previous Arrest: Charge:	Date:	Co-Defendants:	Arresting Agency:	Disposition:
Previous Arrest: Charge:	Date:	Co-Defendants:	Arresting Agency:	Disposition:
Previous Arrest: Charge:	Date:	Co-Defendants:	Arresting Agency:	Disposition:

Date First Used  
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[ ] Federal [ ] State [ ] County [ ] Private

[ ] Yes [ ] No

You people have  
a right to say what  
you want

I KNOW SOMETHING  
ABOUT A WOMAN POLICE  
IN SACRAMENTO  
~~OFFICER THAT COULD GET~~  
HER ARRESTED BUT I  
PREFER TO KEEP MY  
MOUTH SHUT.



0-0  
20th

TRANSITIONAL LIVING

CHOICES

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## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 4/11/86

[redacted] was interviewed at the [redacted]  
[redacted] Participating in this interview was Sacramento  
Police [redacted] Special Agent (SA) [redacted]  
advised [redacted] of his Miranda rights. [redacted] advised that he  
understood his rights. SA [redacted] had [redacted] read aloud the  
first two lines of the "Advice of Rights" form. [redacted] ad-  
vised that he would talk to the interviewing agents and  
signed a "Waiver of Rights". [redacted] thereafter provided the  
following information:

[redacted] advised that he can read and write and completed  
[redacted] at [redacted] HIGH SCHOOL,  
[redacted] Utah, but did not graduate. [redacted] advised  
that he had formerly been a [redacted]

[redacted] He  
advised that he had a [redacted]  
[redacted]

[redacted] was asked if he had robbed any banks. [redacted]  
advised that he did not actually go in and rob a bank but  
related the following story: He stated that he gets [redacted]  
a month from [redacted] This money is wired to the  
CAPITAL CITY BANK under his name and account number [redacted]  
[redacted] advised that he travels around and will contact the  
CAPITAL CITY BANK and have the money wired to him at a bank  
wherever he is. He stated that a few months ago, he had some  
money wired to him but got [redacted] advised this was more  
money than he was supposed to have gotten.

[redacted] advised that two or three days ago, he had gone  
to the FIRST INTERSTATE BANK at 7050 Sacramento Boulevard to  
again have some money wired to him. Because he had a problem  
at that bank he went to the FIRST INTERSTATE BANK, downtown on  
K Street. He advised that he had received [redacted] from the FIRST  
INTERSTATE BANK. He stated that the bank did not charge him  
for the wire service and gave him an extra [redacted] advised  
that is what he meant by stating he had robbed the bank.

Investigation on 4/5/86 at Sacramento, California File # SC 175A-163-2

by SA [redacted]  
[redacted]

Date dictated 4/7/86

SC 175A-163

Continuation of FD-302 of [REDACTED]

, On 4/5/86 , Page 2

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[REDACTED] stated that he knew how a bank could be robbed by going in with a note but had heard about this from reading newspapers. [REDACTED] stated he would probably not rob a bank himself, however, if he found out that a bank had been robbing him, he might try to rob the bank. However, [REDACTED] advised that if he were to try and get money from a bank it would probably be through a "white collar" method.

[REDACTED] advised that the previous night (Friday), he had gone into a BANK OF AMERICA on Broadway. He advised that he told individuals there to call Security because he wanted to confess to robbing a bank. [REDACTED] advised that at this point, several Sacramento POLICE officers came over and took a report from him. [REDACTED] advised that he told the officers the same story that he had told SA [REDACTED] about being given too much money from the bank.

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[REDACTED] advised that the SECRET SERVICE know him because he threatened PRESIDENT REAGAN one and a half years ago. He stated that on one occasion he was put into jail when the PRESIDENT had come into town. [REDACTED] advised that in the past he had spoken to SECRET SERVICE Special Agent [REDACTED] in Cheyenne, Wyoming. [REDACTED] also advised that he had spoken to Special Agent [REDACTED] in Salt Lake City, Utah. [REDACTED] advised that approximately one and a half to two years ago he spoke to the SECRET SERVICE in Sacramento over the telephone but never met any of the agents here.

[REDACTED] advised that just recently he thought about assassinating the PRESIDENT. [REDACTED] stated, "PRESIDENT REAGAN has got to be eliminated." [REDACTED] was asked how he would do this. He stated that he would sneak over to Washington, D.C. and get a M16. He stated that M16s are easy to get because of all the armories around. He stated he would probably sneak there by going through Canada. [REDACTED] then stated that it was actually the PRESIDENT's wife who should be eliminated. [REDACTED] stated, "The PRESIDENT's wife, NANCY REAGAN, has to be eliminated."

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[REDACTED] stated that he does not now own a gun. He also stated that he does not own a car. He has been staying at several motels, most recently the HOTEL BERRY in downtown Sacramento and the CABANA LODGE. He stated that he had rented and paid for a room at the CONGRESS HOTEL for this evening (Saturday). [REDACTED] advised that all the possessions he owns he carries with him which includes two watches and a radio with cassett tapes. The only other thing he owns is a bed

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SC 175A-163

Continuation of FD-302 of [REDACTED]

4/5/86

3

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roll containing a blanket, some clothing, and some coffee which he has hidden out by the railroad tracks.

[REDACTED] described himself as a loner who is always on the move. He stated he does not make friends with any other people. He has a POST OFFICE box in Salt Lake City, [REDACTED]. He stated that he gets any mail from the VA sent to this POST OFFICE box. [REDACTED] advised that he never has worn a mustache. He stated that he does not now take any drugs and presently is not under the influence of any drugs. However, he stated a few years ago he took heroin. He stated that he formerly had been an [REDACTED] but has not done that type of work [REDACTED]. He said besides the money he gets from his VA disability, he also gets money by panhandling on the street. [REDACTED] denied getting money from committing other types of crimes.

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[REDACTED] provided the following information concerning his family:

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Father:

Mother:

Brothers:

Sisters:

[REDACTED] advised that the [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] knows him very well.

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The following physical description and data was obtained through record checks and observation:

SC 175A-163

Continuation of FD-302 of

[Redacted]

, On 4/5/86

, Page 4

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b7C

Name:  
Nicknames:  
Sex:  
Race:  
Height:  
Weight:  
Build:  
Hair:  
Eyes:  
Date of birth:  
Scars:  
SSAN:  
California CII:  
FBI #:  
Driver's license:

[Redacted]

Male  
White

[Redacted]



175A-163-3



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FD-448 (Rev. 9-18-78)

175A-163

Transmit Attached by Facsimile **UNCLAS**

Precedence ~~ROUTED~~

To: FBI Sacramento

Date: 4 11 86

From: Ident Division

Time: Transmitted - 7:23am

Subject:

Initial

☐ Fingerprint Photo ☒ Fingerprint Record

☐ Map

☐ Newspaper clipping ☐ Photograph

☐ Artists Conception

☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

Special Handling Instructions:

ATTN:

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

175A-163-5

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### RECORD OF INFORMATION FURNISHED OTHER AGENCIES

Orally \_\_\_\_\_ By Telephone 4/5/86 Written Communication 4/21/86  
(date) (date) (date)

Information concerning: (Include NARCOTICS MATTERS here and in the TOTAL for "ALL MATTERS" column on Form FD-371.)

Threats against President RONALD REAGAN and NANCY REAGAN

Information furnished from File, Serial, and Page Number:

☒ On 4/5/86 a continuing disclosure was initiated with  
(date)  
U.S. Secret Service, Sacramento and will be maintained until the con-  
(agency)  
clusion of the investigation.

☐ from informants

☒ from complainants or other sources

Information furnished to: SA [redacted]  
U.S. Secret Service  
Sacramento, California

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Number of items disseminated: 4

## Remarks:

A copy of an FD-302 dated 4/5/86 denoting interview with [redacted] photograph, Sacramento Sheriff's Department Arrest Report, and copies of miscellaneous papers found in [redacted] possession were provided to the U.S. Secret Service. During the course of an interview with [redacted] concerning his involvement in a possible bank robbery, he made veiled threats to assassinate the President and NANCY REAGAN. It was determined that [redacted] is not a bank robbery subject.

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2) - Sacramento (175A-163)  
[redacted] (1 - 66-21 Sub A)

Special Agent

175A-163-6

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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# Memorandum



To : SAC, SACRAMENTO (175A-163) (C)

Date 4 /22/86

From : SA [redacted]

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Subject :

[redacted]  
THREAT AGAINST PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN  
AND NANCY REAGAN  
(OO: Sacramento)

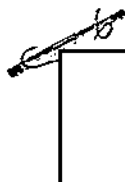
Re Sacramento teletype to the Bureau, dated  
4/8/86.

A report of the interview with [redacted] by  
writer and copies of paperwork found in his possession  
have been passed to U.S. Secret Service Agent [redacted]  
[redacted] In view of the fact [redacted] is not a subject in  
any other Bureau investigation, recommend this case be  
administratively closed.

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① - Sacramento

[redacted]



175A- 163-7

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APR 23 1986	
FBI - SACRAMENTO	

[redacted] [redacted]

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☐ CONFIDENTIAL  
☐ UNCLAS E F T O  
☒ UNCLAS

Date 3/21/86

FM SEATTLE (175C-118) (C)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

RETURN TO MAG.  
 CANC. OF LIAISON

[REDACTED] TELEPHONIC THREAT TO KILL THE FIRST LADY, AKA  
 NANCY REAGAN; MARCH 20, 1986; OO: SEATTLE

ON MARCH 20, 1986, CAPTIONED SUBJECT TELEPHONICALLY  
 CONTACTED THE VANCOUVER RESIDENT AGENCY. THE FOUR CALLS  
 WERE RECEIVED AT 1:23 PM, 1:31 PM, 2:00 PM, AND 4:30 PM.  
 THE FIRST TELEPHONE CALL WAS GARBLED AND DIFFICULT TO  
 UNDERSTAND AS THERE WAS A GREAT DEAL OF BACKGROUND NOISE.  
 THE SECOND TELEPHONE CALL THE SUBJECT STATED, "EITHER STOP  
 THE FIRST LADY OR I'LL HAVE <sup>Her</sup> SHOT AND KILLED." THE THIRD  
 CALL WAS VIRTUALLY A REPEAT OF THE SECOND CALL. IN THE  
 FOURTH CALL, SUBJECT [REDACTED] IDENTIFIED HERSELF AND HER DESIRE  
 TO CONVERSE WITH A MEMBER OF THE UNITED STATES SECRET  
 SERVICE AT HER RESIDENCE, IN VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON.

(1)

*Clope - 4*

Approved: [REDACTED]

Transmitted

(Number)

0515Z

(Time)

Per [REDACTED]

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 PER BUAIRTEL 11/3/86

3/9/87

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## TRANSMIT VIA:

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☐ UNCLAS E F T O  
☐ UNCLAS

Date \_\_\_\_\_

PAGE TWO SE 175C-118 UNCLAS

AT APPROXIMATELY 4:35 PM, MARCH 20, 1986, SPECIAL AGENT [REDACTED] VANCOUVER, RESIDENT AGENCY, TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED SPECIAL AGENT [REDACTED] SEATTLE OFFICE OF THE U.S. SECRET SERVICE. SA [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT SUBJECT IS WELL KNOWN TO HIM AND OTHER MEMBERS OF THE SEATTLE SECRET SERVICE OFFICE. HE REFERRED TO HER [REDACTED] WHO FREQUENTLY CALLS THEIR OFFICE. ADDITIONALLY, [REDACTED] IS WELL KNOWN TO THE VANCOUVER FBI RESIDENT AGENCY. SA [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT HE WOULD CONTACT AND INTERVIEW [REDACTED] INASMUCH AS SHE MADE A SPECIFIC THREAT TOWARD THE FIRST LADY. HE ADVISED THAT HIS OFFICE WOULD PURSUE ALL FURTHER ASPECTS OF THIS INVESTIGATION.

INVESTIGATION AT VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON, REVEALED THAT SUBJECT (X) [REDACTED] CURRENTLY RESIDES AT THE [REDACTED] [REDACTED] VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON, TELEPHONE NUMBER [REDACTED] (X).

A SEARCH OF THE SEATTLE INDICES REVEALED THAT SUBJECT [REDACTED] HAS BEEN THE SUBJECT OF MEMORANDUM IN THE [REDACTED] MEMBERS OF THE VANCOUVER RESIDENT AGENCY INDICATE THAT [REDACTED] IS IN INDIVIDUAL WHO [REDACTED] SHE IS BELIEVED TO BE [REDACTED] WHO POSSES NO THREAT TO

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Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Transmitted \_\_\_\_\_ Per \_\_\_\_\_  
(Number) (Time)

FBI

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☐ UNCLAS

Date \_\_\_\_\_

PAGE THREE SE 175C-118 UNCLAS

ANYONE.

SEATTLE DIVISION IS CONSIDERING THIS INVESTIGATION  
CLOSED INASMUCH AS U.S. SECRET SERVICE HAS ASSUMED INVESTIGATIVE  
JURISDICTION IN THIS MATTER. SPECIAL AGENT [REDACTED] U.S. SECRET  
SERVICE, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] SA [REDACTED] FURTHER ADVISED  
THAT [REDACTED] WOULD BE INTERVIEWED ON [REDACTED]  
BT

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Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Transmitted \_\_\_\_\_ Per \_\_\_\_\_  
(Number) (Time)

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5 OCT 88 22

FEDERAL BUREAU  
OF INVESTIGATION

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FORMS.TEXT HAS 1 DOCUMENT

INBOX.19 (#4609)

TEXT:

VZCZCSV0010

OO HQ WMFO

DE SV #0010 2792215

ZNR UUUUU

O 052200Z OCT 88

FM SAVANNAH (9A-1522) (P)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI/IMMEDIATE/

WMFO/PRIORITY/

BT

UNCLAS

CITE: //3820//

SUBJECT:

P2  
[REDACTED] PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN - VICTIM; 9-111 -1

PRESIDENTIAL FIRST LADY NANCY REAGAN - VICTIM; VICE PRESIDENT

GEORGE BUSH - VICTIM; [REDACTED] DEA - VICTIM; OCT 5

[REDACTED] - VICTIM; [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] - VICTIM. EXTORTION (A).

OO: SV.

ON 10/5/88, [REDACTED] U. S. MARSHAL'S SERVICE, ARLINGTON,

VA., FTS NUMBER [REDACTED] TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED THE SAVANNAH

ARMED & DANGEROUS.

1-5042  
1-USSS

R.F.M. / A.L.Y.

10-7-88

b6  
b7C

PAGE TWO DE SV 0010 UNCLAS

DIVISION AND ADVISED AS FOLLOWS:

ON 10/5/88, ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR [REDACTED] U. S. MARSHAL'S SERVICE, ARLINGTON, VA., RECEIVED A LETTER VIA THE U. S. POSTAL SERVICE FROM A [REDACTED] SAVANNAH, GEORGIA, WHICH WAS POSTMARKED 9/27/88 AT SAVANNAH, GEORGIA. THE TWO PAGE LETTER MADE THREATS TO CAPTIONED VICTIMS.

[REDACTED] REQUESTED A SAVANNAH INDICES CHECK RE CAPTIONED SUBJECT. AFTER CONFIRMATION OF [REDACTED] AFFILIATION WITH THE U. S. MARSHAL'S SERVICE, HE WAS ADVISED THAT SAVANNAH INDICES ARE NEGATIVE RE [REDACTED]

ACCORDING TO [REDACTED] THE U. S. MARSHAL'S SERVICE HAS NO PRIOR KNOWLEDGE OF [REDACTED] AND U. S. SECRET SERVICE HAS BEEN ADVISED.

ON TODAY'S DATE, OCTOBER 5, 1988, [REDACTED] RESIDENT AGENT, U. S. SECRET SERVICE, SAVANNAH, GEORGIA, WAS TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED REGARDING THE FOREGOING. AGENT [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT HE HAD BEEN APPRISED OF THE FOREGOING AND WAS IN RECEIPT OF A FACSIMILIE COPY OF THE THREAT LETTER. AGENT [REDACTED] WILL MAKE A COPY OF THIS LETTER AVAILABLE TO THE SAVANNAH DIVISION. SA [REDACTED] FURTHER ADVISES THAT ORIGINAL THREAT

b6  
b7C

b6  
b7C

b6  
b7C

PAGE THREE DE SV 0010 UNCLAS

LETTER IS BEING TURNED OVER TO THE U. S. SECRET SERVICE, WDC, BY  
THE U. S. MARSHAL'S SERVICE, ARLINGTON, VA.

THE FOREGOING INFORMATION IS BEING PROVIDED TO FBIHQ AND  
WMFO FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES.

SAVANNAH AT SAVANNAH WILL OBTAIN A COPY OF THE THREAT LETTER  
FROM SA [REDACTED] AND WILL REVIEW SAME FOR VIOLATIONS UNDER THE  
JURISDICTION OF THE FBI.

b6  
b7c

ARMED & DANGEROUS.

BT

#0010

NNNN

SSP

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b7C

INBOX.78- (#4677)

TEXT:

VZCZCSV0001

RR HQ WMFO

DE SV #0001 3150429

ZNR UUUUU

R 090400Z NOV 88

FM SAVANNAH (9A-1522)(C)

TO DIRECTOR FBI/ROUTINE/

FBI WMFO (9A-5887)(SQ C-4)/ROUTINE/

BT

UNCLAS

CITE: //3820//

RECEIVED  
TELETYPE  
10 NOV 88  
FED  
OF INVE

Exec AD Adm \_\_\_\_\_  
Exec AD Inv \_\_\_\_\_  
Exec AD LES \_\_\_\_\_  
Asst Dir \_\_\_\_\_  
Adm \_\_\_\_\_  
Crim \_\_\_\_\_  
Ident \_\_\_\_\_  
Insp \_\_\_\_\_  
Intell \_\_\_\_\_  
Lab \_\_\_\_\_  
Legal Coun \_\_\_\_\_  
Off Cong & \_\_\_\_\_  
Public Affs \_\_\_\_\_  
Rec Mgmt \_\_\_\_\_  
Tech Servs \_\_\_\_\_  
Training \_\_\_\_\_  
Off Liaison & \_\_\_\_\_  
Int. Affs \_\_\_\_\_  
Telephone Rm \_\_\_\_\_  
Director's Sec'y \_\_\_\_\_

b6  
b7C

SUBJECT: CHANGED; UNSUB, AKA [REDACTED]

PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN-VICTIM;

PRESIDENTIAL FIRST LADY NANCY REAGAN-VICTIM; VICE PRESIDENT

GEORGE BUSH-VICTIM; [REDACTED]

DEA - VICTIM; [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]-VICTIM; [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]-VICTIM; EXTORTION (A); OO: SV

TITLE IS MARKED "CHANGED" TO INCLUDE UNSUB, PREVIOUSLY

CARRIED AS [REDACTED]

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

11/14/88 advised  
advised

AG Security Detail  
USMS

11/15/88 advised  
1-5042

DEA

1-USSS

1-DEA

11-15-88

NOV 22 1988

b6  
b7C

PAGE TWO DE SV 0001 UNCLAS

RE SVTEL TO FBIHQ, 10/5/88.

FOR INFORMATION OF THE BUREAU AND WMFO, TITLE IS MARKED  
CHANGED INASMUCH AS THE UNSUB IN THIS MATTER, [REDACTED]  
APPEARS TO BE IDENTICAL WITH THE UNSUB [REDACTED] WHO HAS  
WRITTEN SIMILAR LETTERS TO THE MAYOR OF WADLEY, GEORGIA, WRITTEN  
SIMILAR LETTERS TO PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN UNDER THE NAME [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] AND HAS WRITTEN SIMILAR LETTERS TO THE FBI MIAMI AND FBI  
SAVANNAH UNDER THE NAME [REDACTED]

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b7c

CONTACT HAS BEEN MAINTAINED WITH SA [REDACTED] U.S.  
SECRET SERVICE, SAVANNAH, GEORGIA, WHO HAS CONDUCTED EXTENSIVE  
INVESTIGATION INTO THIS MATTER; HOWEVER, AS OF THIS DATE, NO  
POSITIVE INFORMATION HAS BEEN DETERMINED REGARDING THE UNSUB'S  
TRUE IDENTITY. THERE WAS ONE PERSON IN THE RICHMOND HILL,  
GEORGIA AREA, BY THE NAME OF [REDACTED] HOWEVER, THAT WAS A FEMALE  
AND INTERVIEWS WITH HER AND HER HUSBAND, IN ADDITION TO OBTAINING  
HANDWRITING SAMPLES ELIMINATED THEM AS BEING POSSIBLY IDENTICAL  
WITH THE SUBJECT.

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b7c

IT APPEARS THAT ALL OF THE LETTERS THAT HAVE BEEN WRITTEN  
HAVE ALWAYS BEEN IN RESPONSE TO EVENTS THAT ARE CURRENTLY  
RECEIVING A LARGE AMOUNT OF NOTORIETY IN THE NEWS MEDIA.

PAGE THREE DE SV 0001 UNCLAS

ALTHOUGH IT IS RECOGNIZED THAT AN INDIVIDUAL WITH THIS TEMPERAMENT CAN "EXPLODE" AT ANY TIME, THERE HAVE BEEN NO OVERT ACTS TAKEN BY ANY INDIVIDUAL IN THE RICHMOND HILL AREA WHICH COULD POSSIBLY BE ATTRIBUTABLE TO THIS INDIVIDUAL. NOR IS THERE ANYONE KNOWN TO THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES IN RICHMOND HILL WHOSE PERSONALITY OR IDENTITY COULD POSSIBLY BE IDENTIFIABLE WITH THE WRITER OF THESE LETTERS.

SAVANNAH IS MAINTAINING CONTACT WITH SECRET SERVICE AND THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES IN THE EVENT ANY INFORMATION DEVELOPS THAT MAY REVEAL THIS PERSON'S IDENTITY; HOWEVER, NO OTHER INVESTIGATION IS BEING CONDUCTED AT THIS TIME.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT

#0001

NNNN

[REDACTED] K.46 (#9621)

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b7C

VZCZCWM0873

FEB 17 1989

RR HQ SV

DE WM #0073 0472326

ZNR UUUUU

R 162345Z FEB 89

FM FBI WASHINGTON METROPOLITAN FIELD (9A-5887) (P) (C-4)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI/ROUTINE/

FBI, SAVANNAH (9A-1522)/ROUTINE/

BT

UNCLAS

CITE: //3920//

SUBJECT: UNSUB; AKA, [REDACTED] ET AL;  
PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN - VICTIM; ET AL; EXTORTION (A);  
00:SAVANNAH.

RE SAVANNAH TT TO BUREAU 11/9/88.

THE U.S. CAPITOL POLICE, WASHINGTON, D.C. HAVE REQUESTED THE  
RESULTS OF THE INVESTIGATION IN CAPTIONED MATTER SO THAT THEY CAN  
MAKE A THREAT ASSESSMENT.

BT

#0073

b6  
b7C

FBI

## TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype  
☐ Facsimile  
☒ AIRTEL

## PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate  
☐ Priority  
☐ Routine

## CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET  
☐ SECRET  
☐ CONFIDENTIAL  
☐ UNCLAS E F T O  
☐ UNCLAS

Date 05/18/89

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI  
 FROM: *WJD* ACTING SAC, SAVANNAH (9A-SV-29863)(C)  
 SUBJECT: UNSUB, *Aka.* [redacted]  
 ET AL;  
 PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN - VICTIM;  
 EXTORTION (A);  
 OO: SAVANNAH

Re WMFO teletype to the Director and Savannah,  
 05/12/89; Savannah teletype to Director, 02/17/89;  
 and Savannah teletype to Director and WMFO, 11/09/88.

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original  
 and three copies of a self-explanatory LHM, setting  
 forth the information previously furnished in captioned  
 Savannah teletypes. A copy of this LHM is also enclosed  
 for WMFO.

Savannah has maintained contact with SA  
 [redacted] U. S. SECRET SERVICE, Savannah, Georgia,  
 in connection with this matter; however, no additional  
 threats or information have been received. Therefore,  
 no additional investigation is being conducted and  
 this matter is considered closed.

② - Bureau (Enc. 4)  
 2 - WMFO (9A-5887)(SQ C4)(Enc. 1)  
 1 - Savannah  
 [redacted]

(5)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Transmitted \_\_\_\_\_ Per \_\_\_\_\_  
 (Number) (Time)

1-5042  
 1-4555  
 5/31/89

[redacted]

b6  
b7CINDEX  
Xb6  
b7Cb6  
b7Cb6  
b7C





U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Post Office Box 22758  
Savannah, Georgia 31403-2758

May 18, 1989

UNSUB, also known as,  
[REDACTED] ET AL;  
PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN - VICTIM;  
EXTORTION

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Inquiries in this matter were initiated on October 5, 1988, based upon an inquiry by the U. S. Marshal's Service, Arlington, Virginia, advising that [REDACTED] Arlington, Virginia, had received a threatening letter, postmarked Savannah, Georgia, from a [REDACTED] which also made threats to President RONALD REAGAN. Contact was made with U. S. Secret Service Agent [REDACTED] Savannah, Georgia, who advised that he had been advised of this threat and of the fact that the original letter was being turned over to the U. S. Secret Service by the U. S. Marshal's Service in Arlington, Virginia.

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It was subsequently determined that [REDACTED] appears to be identical with another individual, who has written threatening letters, using the name [REDACTED]. These letters were written to the Mayor of Wadley, Georgia, in addition to other letters to President RONALD REAGAN under the name [REDACTED]. In addition, similar letters were written to the FBI in Miami, Florida, and the FBI in Savannah, Georgia, under the name [REDACTED]. Extensive investigation had been conducted by both the Secret Service, Savannah, Georgia, and the FBI, Savannah; however, no positive information had been determined regarding this individual's true identity. It appears that all of the letters have been written in response to events that are currently receiving a large amount of notoriety in the news media. Although it is recognized that an individual with this temperament can "explode" at any time, there have been no overt acts taken by any individual in the

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

9-71632-3  
ENCLOSURE

\*9A-SV-29863

Richmond Hill or Savannah area which could possibly be attributable to this individual. Nor is there anyone known to local authorities in Richmond Hill or Savannah whose personality or identity could possibly be identifiable with the writer of these letters.

Contact has been maintained with Secret Service and local authorities since October of 1988; however, no additional letters have been written, nor has any other information been developed which could possibly identify the writer of these letters. Therefore, no additional investigation is being conducted at this time.



IN 002 46 (59838)

TEXT:

VACZCWMOT49

RR HQ SV

DE WM 0040 1322204

ZNR UUUUU

R 122153Z MAY 89

FM FBI WASHINGTON METROPOLITAN FIELD (9A-5987) (P) (C-4)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI /ROUTINE/

FBI, SAVANNAH (9A 1522) /ROUTINE/

BT

UNCLAS

CITE //3926//

PASS: VIOLENT CRIM'S UNIT - CID

SUBJECT: UNSUB, AKA; [REDACTED] ET AL;

PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN - VICTIM; EXTORTION (A) OO: SAVANNAH

RE: BUREAU TELETYPE TO ALL SAC'S DATED 10/28/88.

WMFO TT TO THE DIRECTOR AND SAVANNAH DATED 2/16/89.

THE U.S. CAPITOL POLICE, WASHINGTON, D.C. HAVE REQUESTED THAT THE RESULTS OF THE FBI INVESTIGATION IN CAPTIONED MATTER SO THAT THEY CAN MAKE A THREAT ASSESSMENT. PURSUANT TO REFERENCED BUREAU TELETYPE, RESULTS OF THE INVESTIGATION MUST BE REPORTED TO FBIHQ

1 copy detached

Rm. 5045

PAGE TWO DE WM 8249 UNCLAS

AND WMFO WITHIN 7 CALENDAR DAYS.

BT

80849

NNNN

# Memorandum



Exec AD Adm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Exec AD Inv. \_\_\_\_\_  
Exec AD LES \_\_\_\_\_  
Asst. Dir. \_\_\_\_\_  
Adm. Serv. \_\_\_\_\_  
Crim. Inv. \_\_\_\_\_  
Ident. \_\_\_\_\_  
Intell. \_\_\_\_\_  
Laboratory \_\_\_\_\_  
Legal Coun. \_\_\_\_\_  
Plan. & Insp. \_\_\_\_\_  
Rec. Mgnt. \_\_\_\_\_  
Tech. Serv. \_\_\_\_\_  
Training \_\_\_\_\_  
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs. \_\_\_\_\_  
Telephone Rm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Director's Sec'y \_\_\_\_\_

To :

Date 10/21/83

From :

Subject :

WHITE HOUSE QUERY FROM  
10/20/83

PURPOSE: To document receipt of the call and its subsequent processing.

DETAILS: As indicated by informal note attached, [redacted] advised of a letter received by Mrs. Reagan where the writer wished the FBI to enter the record of her adult son in NCIC's Missing Person File. The local FBI office advised the mother that the son could not be listed since he was an adult when he departed and his departure was voluntary.

At 5:33 p.m., 10/20/83, I spoke with [redacted] informed him that the response given the mother was correct, furnished him the rationale behind the rule (i.e., an adult has the right to leave and start a new life--absent facts not here present), and enumerated for him the three categories of adults whose records can be entered in NCIC (i.e., person with a proven physical/mental disability and a danger to self or others; disappeared in company of a third party under circumstances where danger is likely; and involuntary disappearance).

[redacted] thanked me for responding and indicated satisfaction with the explanation.

ACTION: For information.

Enc.

APPROVED:

Director	Adm. Servs.	Laboratory
Exec AD	Crim. Inv.	Legal Coun.
Exec AD-Inv.	Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.	Rec. Mgnt.
Exec AD-LES	Tech. Servs.	Training

DE-152

2 OCT 31 1983

October 20, 1983

[redacted]

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At 3:40 p.m., I took a call from [redacted] at the White House. He had asked for the Director or in his absence the Director's secretary. *De*

As a result of Mrs. ~~Reagan~~ *De*'s appearance on "Good Morning America," she has been receiving letters from all over the country. One of the letters received was from a woman who advised her son had left home over five years ago and she wanted the FBI to list him as a missing person. When she contacted the local FBI office, she was advised that he could not be listed because he was an adult when he left home and he left of his own volition.

[redacted] wanted to know if in fact that is the correct answer and our reasoning behind it.

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I told [redacted] that I would have someone who handled these matters call him back and furnish him with the necessary response so a letter could be directed over Mrs. Reagan's signature.

[redacted] telephone number is [redacted]

[redacted]

5:33

1. Has proven physical/mental disability (or skills) and is in danger to self or others
2. Disappeared in company of 3<sup>d</sup> party under circumstances he/she is in danger
3. Involuntary disappearance

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOI/PA  
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET  
FOI/PA# 1346627-000

Total Deleted Page(s) = 3  
Page 1 ~ Referral/Direct;  
Page 2 ~ Referral/Direct;  
Page 3 ~ Referral/Direct;

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX  
X Deleted Page(s) X  
X No Duplication Fee X  
X For this Page X  
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOI/PA  
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET  
FOI/PA# 1346627-000

Total Deleted Page(s) = 3  
Page 1 ~ Referral/Direct;  
Page 2 ~ Referral/Direct;  
Page 3 ~ Referral/Direct;

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SAC, Sacramento

2/23/73

Acting Director, FBI

*TOUR*

MRS. NANCY REAGAN  
(WIFE OF THE GOVERNOR OF CALIFORNIA)

On February 27, 1973, Mrs. Nancy Reagan, wife of the Governor of California, and her guests were conducted on a very special tour of FBI Headquarters.

CT 100.

REC-67

*91-2-44408*

MAILED 7

FEB 28 1973

FBI

19 MAR 1 1973

NOTE: This tour was conducted by SA  of the Administrative Division.

(5)

Felt \_\_\_\_\_  
Baker \_\_\_\_\_  
Callahan \_\_\_\_\_  
Cleveland \_\_\_\_\_  
Conrad \_\_\_\_\_  
Dalbey \_\_\_\_\_  
Gebhardt \_\_\_\_\_  
Jenkins \_\_\_\_\_  
Marshall \_\_\_\_\_  
Miller, E.S. \_\_\_\_\_  
Purvis \_\_\_\_\_  
Soyars \_\_\_\_\_  
Walters \_\_\_\_\_  
Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Kinley \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Armstrong \_\_\_\_\_  
Ms. Herwig \_\_\_\_\_  
Mrs. Neenan \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM ☒

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

BY LIAISON

Date: May 15, 1985

To:

The White House  
Washington, D. C.

From: William M. Baker  
Assistant Director  
Office of Congressional and Public Affairs

Subject: ~~PHOTOGRAPHS OF FIRST LADY NANCY REAGAN~~

It is requested that photographs of First Lady Nancy Reagan be obtained for use on a permanent exhibit that will be displayed on the FBI Tour Route. This exhibit pertains to the FBI/DEA joint effort in drug enforcement.

It is requested that these photographs show Mrs. Reagan discussing drug prevention with a group of students and/or parents and that there be a sign or banner depicting the name of the group.

Permission is requested to use all photographs obtained at that the photographs be received by May 24, 1985.

1 - Mr. W. M. Baker

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1 -  
1 -  
1 -

Exec AD Inv. \_\_\_\_\_  
Exec AD Adm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Exec AD LES \_\_\_\_\_  
Asst. Dir.: \_\_\_\_\_  
Adm. Servs. \_\_\_\_\_  
Crim. Inv. \_\_\_\_\_  
Ident. \_\_\_\_\_  
Intell. \_\_\_\_\_  
Laboratory \_\_\_\_\_  
Legal Coun. \_\_\_\_\_  
Plan. & Insp. \_\_\_\_\_  
Rec. Mgnt. \_\_\_\_\_  
Tech. Servs. \_\_\_\_\_  
Training \_\_\_\_\_  
Public Affs. Off. \_\_\_\_\_  
Telephone Rm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Director's Sec'y \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM ☒

VERED BY LI

1

JAN 14 1986

V-108  
DE 883

91-2-45827

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UNITED STATES (

## Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-138754)

DATE: 5/31/61

FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-15732)

SUBJECT:

O  
COMPIC  
IS-CALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/3/92 BY [redacted]

Rebulet dated 5/16/61 in regard to the newspaper reports of statements attributed to actor RONALD REAGAN at Chicago recently.

✓

NRIN-REAGAN was interviewed at his home, 1669 San Onofre, Pacific Pallisades, California, on May 27, 1961 by SAs JOHN M. CASHEL and MARCUS M. BRIGHT. Both he and his wife, the former actress NANCY DAVIS, were completely friendly and cooperative.

REAGAN

REAGAN said he quite understood the Bureau's interest in the statements attributed to him by the Chicago press regarding the alleged Communist drive on the Hollywood motion picture industry because they were rather sensational, however, they also quite exaggerated if considered with reference to current conditions.

REAGAN said that actually the reporter who wrote the account of his speech at Chicago had done a very poor job; that in REAGAN's opinion, the reporter must have drafted his account strictly from the introductory part of REAGAN's speech which deals with the Communist situation in Hollywood during the 1945-1947 period.

REAGAN recalled that he was very active himself in combatting and exposing the Communist-led strike situation in the film industry during that period; and that as of that time, all of the statements were probably very true, i.e. that Communists "were crawling out of the rocks" in Hollywood; that the Communist Party had "ordered a massive infiltration of the film industry"; and that the Communists were attempting to consolidate Hollywood guilds and unions "under the umbrella of HARRY BRIDGES Maritime Union". At any rate, those statements referred to the 1945-1947 period.

2 - Bureau (AIR MAIL) (REGISTERED)  
1 - Los Angeles

MMB:plm  
(3)

EX 106

JUN 2 1961

62 JUN 12 1961

INT. SEC.

REAGAN said he has never intentionally stated publicly or otherwise that these conditions prevail today in Hollywood, although he believes the Communist Party will always regard the film industry as a prime target.

In answer to specific questions, Mr. REAGAN said the Communist Party has no influence whatever, insofar as he is aware, in the Screen Actors Guild (SAG); the International Alliance of Theatrical and Stage Employees (IATSE); Screen Directors Guild (SDG); or the Motion Picture Producers Association (MPPA). He thinks there may be some pro-Communist sentiment in the Writers Guild of America (formerly the Screen Writers Guild), which now includes all radio and television writers. However, he said he has no information nor does he believe that WGA is in any controlled by Communist elements at this time.

Mr. REAGAN said he feels that the producers may be getting away from the so-called Waldorf Agreement not to hire Communists which was entered into by the major film producers following the 1947 House Committee on Un-American Activities hearings on Communist infiltration of the film industry. REAGAN points out that there are hundreds of independent producers who are not bound by the agreement; and that many of these shut their eyes to a writer's or actor's politics if there is a good chance "to make a fast buck".

He also believes it is not popular to be an active or outspoken anti-Communist; that those who are or have been just do not seem to get the picture assignments they once did. REAGAN said he himself has felt this, although it is something difficult to prove or put one's finger on. He commented that it is comparatively much easier to get an anti-Fascist story accepted for film or television than it is to get one accepted which is anti-Communist.

In regard to the current extent of Communist infiltration or influence in the Hollywood film and television industry, Mr. REAGAN said he had no specific confidential sources or any first-hand information. However, he feels that one who has been actively following and combatting the Communist movement in Hollywood over the years, such as himself, can acquire a nose for these matters; that one can "smell" a situation when it starts to develop. He said that he has no way of knowing who is a Communist to the extent of being able to prove it, although, based on his past active participation in the fight against the Party during the

LA 100-15732

1940's and the exposures by the various House Committee on Un-American Activities hearings, he has a good knowledge of how the Communists elements work.

Mr. REAGAN said he has in the past and will continue to furnish the Bureau with any information which he regards as pertinent regarding these matters.

F B I

Date: 8/7/68

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL  
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM : SAC SAN FRANCISCO (175-0)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

THREATS TO PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau and Sacramento is one copy each of a letter written by subject to NANCY REAGAN, wife of Presidential candidate RONALD REAGAN. This letter was dated 7/18/68 and was received from SA [REDACTED] U. S. Secret Service, San Francisco, Calif., on 8/7/68. [REDACTED] indicated that his office had received the letter a week or more prior to furnishing it to the FBI and that a review of the letter indicated no real threat had been made to Mrs. REAGAN.

[REDACTED] stated that the letter had been furnished to his office by Secret Service Headquarters with instructions to furnish it to the FBI and that his office contemplated no additional investigation at this time. He stated that the matter had been informally discussed with AUSA [REDACTED] San Francisco, and that AUSA [REDACTED] had indicated [REDACTED]

SA [REDACTED] further advised that his office has an extensive file on the subject under the name of [REDACTED] FBI [REDACTED]

Inasmuch as there appears to be no real or implied threat contained in the letter and since the Secret Service is already aware of the existence of this letter, no further action is contemplated by the San Francisco Office UACB.

A copy of this communication is being furnished to Sacramento for information inasmuch as Governor and Mrs. REAGAN's official residence is in Sacramento.

- 3 - Bureau (Encl. 1)  
2 - Sacramento (Encl. 1)(INFO)  
1 - San Francisco

10 AUG 9 1968

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

GMM:ab

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b7Cb6  
b7Cb5  
b6  
b7C

EX-104

REC 11

C. Bishop

L. J. [REDACTED]

[Redacted]

b6  
b7C

[Redacted]

July 18, 1968

Mary Darling,

During July

1956 The [Redacted]

[Redacted] above, the  
undergoing performed  
surgery upon thy-  
self, removing  
3 cancerous organs,  
and replacing them  
with organs trans-  
planted into the  
body of thyself.

The operation  
was not and is  
not under the  
circumstances of  
any profession.

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b7C

b6  
b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/26/91 BY [Redacted]

21796


100-382196-9



2  
It therefore  
has not come under  
the surveillance  
of anything alien  
to thyself, and  
thy slavery is sus-  
tained.

Mrs. Nancy  
Kegan is not  
legally entitled to  
divulge the oper-  
ation to anyone  
for any purpose.

Having thus  
assured the  
success of the



now is entitled  
to the remittance  
of \$35,000.00, the  
fee agreed upon  
after the success-  
ful completion  
of thy health  
restoration.

3

The performance  
of the surgery was  
made upon thy  
request, by me,

[Redacted]

First Knight of the Sky  
The Holy Order of  
The Diamond of Strength.

Thy self may  
have heard I am  
a Major General  
of the Civil Air  
Patrol. I am the  
Flight Surgeon in  
Chief. My private  
Physicianship is  
accredited with  
my Soul Mates  
Order, since the  
professioners aren't  
advanced surgery.

By way of  
reference, I may  
advise that I  
successfully trans-  
planted

b6  
b7C

4  
The stomach of  
Harry S. Truman,  
after he was shot  
to death while Pres-  
ident of the United  
States! Now you  
know I availed  
him of his life  
and health for  
\$1,75,000.00.

Miss Jacqueline  
Lee Bowen Kennedy  
received a transplant  
of her ovaries from  
me, know then  
that I availed her  
of life, health,  
sanity and mother-  
hood again, for  
\$100,000.00.

The Knights  
of the Khy are  
American, and  
are not subservient  
to any knowledge.

5/

My handwritten  
copy of this letter  
is enclosed in  
the mails in  
the inspection  
and recognition  
of

[redacted] Knight  
of The City of the  
Holy Order of the  
Diamond of Strong.

Mrs. Fegart,  
may I request  
that you without  
delay mail me  
a personal check  
\$10,000.00 to The Bank of  
America, Fifth  
Branch (near Powell)  
San Francisco,  
advising the bank  
to deposit it in  
my name and  
advise me. Then  
quickly make it


b6  
b7c

6  
convenient to come  
to San Francisco,  
bringing me the  
\$25,000.00 balance.

As Thyself may  
appreciate, I am  
sworn to my oath  
as Commandant of  
the Strike Fighter  
Wings of the Coastal  
Zone, Civil Air  
Patrol, Top Secret.  
Of anyone except  
Thyself has opened  
this, arrest them  
and hold them in  
jail.

Nancy, may  
this reach thy-  
self healthy,  
wealthy and wise.

kindest regards,





SAN FRANCISCO  
JUL 18  
1969  
LYF.

VIA AIR MAIL

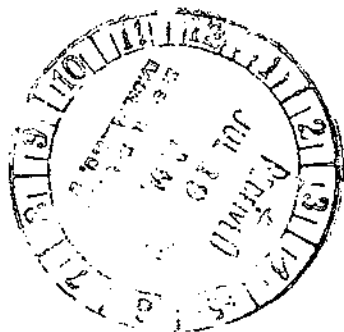
ZIP CODE

Mrs. Nancy Reagan  
(Mrs. Ronald Reagan)  
The Governor's Mansion  
Sacramento, California

Personal

ALL RETURNED MAIL MUST BE POSTED  
164716  
3/14/91

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b7C



U. S. SECRET SERVICE  
**RECEIVED**  
JUL 20 1968  
**RECEIVED**  
Los Angeles, California

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOI/PA  
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET  
FOI/PA# 1346627-000

Total Deleted Page(s) = 3  
Page 9 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;  
Page 12 ~ Duplicate;  
Page 13 ~ Duplicate;

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

APR 13 194

**TELETYPE**

NR 044 LA CODE

955 PM NITEL APRIL 12, 1974 JJS


TO DIRECTOR (7-15200) ATTN: GID AND INTD

SAN FRANCISCO (7-855)

SACRAMENTO (7-203)

FROM LOS ANGELES (7-1627) 1P

HEARNAP 00: SAN FRANCISCO.

RE: ALLEGED KIDNAPING OF NANCY REAGAN,   
WIFE OF CALIFORNIA GOVERNOR RONALD REAGAN,

A ND

SOURCES FAMILIAR WITH EXTREMIST ACTIVITIES IN THE LOS ANGELES AREA AND WITH EXTREMIST ACTIVITIES IN PRISONS IN THE METROPOLITAN LOS ANGELES AREA HAVE ADVISED NO KNOWLEDGE OF SUCH A PLOT. SOURCES HAVE BEEN ALERTED AND WILL IMMEDIATELY ADVISE OF ANY PERTINENT INFORMATION COMING TO THEIR ATTENTION.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

END

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 3/29/91

2/15/96

**REC-88**

13 APR 16 1974

REC-88

25 JUL 1974

5,3 APR 29 1974

PAGE TWO

SF 175-NEW

STATED THAT ON APRIL 19TH OR 20TH, 1974, GOVERNOR REAGAN AND VICE PRESIDENT FORD WOULD BE ASSASSINATED AT THE LE BARON HOTEL, SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA.

U. S. SECRET SERVICE AGENT [REDACTED] CALIFORNIA STATE POLICE, GOVERNOR REAGAN'S ASSISTANT FOR PROTECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES, [REDACTED] AND SAN JOSE POLICE DEPARTMENT WERE ADVISED OF THE ABOVE INFORMATION ON APRIL 13, 1974, AT 4:45 P.M., PACIFIC TIME, BY SA [REDACTED]

THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS BEING PROVIDED TO SACRAMENTO IN VIEW OF THEIR INTEREST IN THIS MATTER.

SAN FRANCISCO WILL REMAIN ALERT AND FORWARD ANY FURTHER INFORMATION DEVELOPED TO THE BUREAU AND INTERESTED AGENCIES BY THE APPROPRIATE MEANS INDICATED.

END

#

MWW FBI WASH DC CLR TKS

b6  
b7c

**MESSAGE RELAY**Date 4/13/74Transmit in PLAINTEXT via teletype the attached URGENT message.  
(plaintext or code) (precedence)

\*\*\*\*\*

FROM: Director, FBI

**FIELD DISSEMINATION**TO: RUEADWW/ ☐ The PresidentSACS: WFO(Info)RUEADWW/ ☐ The Vice President☐ Att.: \_\_\_\_\_RUEADWW/ ☐ White House Situation Room☐ Att.: \_\_\_\_\_RUEHOC/ ☐ Secretary of StateRUEAIIA/ ☐ Director, CIARUEKJCS/ ☐ Director, Defense Intelligence Agency☐ and National Indications Center

LEGATS:

RUEACSI/ ☐ Department of the ArmyRUEBGFA/ ☐ Department of the Air Force (AFOSI)RUEOLKN/ ☐ Naval Investigative ServiceRUEADSS/ ☒ U. S. Secret Service (PID)RUEBWJA/ ☐ Attorney General (☐ By messenger)RUEBWJA/ ☐ Deputy Attorney General (☐ By messenger)RUEBWJA/ ☐ Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division☐ and Internal Security Section☐ and General Crimes SectionRUEBWJA/ ☐ Immigration & Naturalization ServiceRUEOIAA/ ☐ National Security Agency (DIRNSA/NSOC (Att.: SCRUEOGBA/ ☐ Federal Aviation Administration☐☐**UNCLASSIFIED**

Classification: (Classify if to other than Bureau Office)

SUBJECT:

**SEE ATTACHED**

(Text of message begins on next page.)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

APR 13 1974

1155P DCW  
TELETYPEALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIEDDATE 3/29/91  
BY SP1546NOT RECORDED  
140000 20 1574

Foreign Liaison Unit

☐ Route through for review  
☐ Cleared telephonically  
with \_\_\_\_\_

121 APR 15 1974

Assoc. Dir. \_\_\_\_\_  
Dep. AD Adm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Dep. AD Inv. \_\_\_\_\_  
Asst. Dir.: \_\_\_\_\_  
Admin. \_\_\_\_\_  
Comp. Syst. \_\_\_\_\_  
Ext. Affairs \_\_\_\_\_  
Files & Com. \_\_\_\_\_  
Gen. Inv. \_\_\_\_\_  
Ident. \_\_\_\_\_  
Inspection \_\_\_\_\_  
Intell. \_\_\_\_\_  
Laboratory \_\_\_\_\_  
Plan. & Eval. \_\_\_\_\_  
Spec. Inv. \_\_\_\_\_  
Training \_\_\_\_\_  
Legal Coun. \_\_\_\_\_  
Telephone Rm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Director Sec'y \_\_\_\_\_MAIL ROOM ☐TELETYPE UNIT ☐

ORIGINAL FILED IN 161-274-228

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

April 5, 1974

1:34 PM

*W. F. DC.*  
[redacted] in the office of  
[redacted] Special

Assistant to Governor Reagan,  
of California, called.

*Conference*  
She advised [redacted] would like  
to schedule an appointment with  
the Director for Monday afternoon  
for about 20 minutes. The nature  
of the meeting is that the Governor  
would like the Director to be one  
of the principal speakers at the  
Governor's National Conference  
on Standards and Goals for Criminal  
Justice which has been tentatively set for  
September.

I advised [redacted] I would check and  
call her back. (telephone [redacted])

MR. CALLAHAN \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. JENKINS \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. MILLER \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. ADAMS \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. CAMPBELL \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. CLEVELAND \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. FRANK \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. GEBHARDT \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. JACOBSON \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. JAMIESON \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. MARSHALL \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. THOMPSON \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. WALSH \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. WANNALL \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. WHITE \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. MINTZ \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. COLEMAN \_\_\_\_\_  
MR. REED \_\_\_\_\_  
TELE. ROOM \_\_\_\_\_  
MRS. METCAL \_\_\_\_\_

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b7C

ST-112

REC-24

74-1-2757-

193

1 [redacted] (attention [redacted])

1 - Tele Room

edm

*Background  
Requested from*

*4-5-74*

*2 30 PM  
4/8/74  
confirmed with*

NOT RECORDED

APR 11 1974

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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b7C

CORRESPONDENCE

100-382196-  
NOT RECORDED

152 APR 25 1974

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 2/15/96 BY [redacted]

ORIGINAL FILED IN 94-1-371 193

56

[redacted]

APR 26 1974

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

DATE: 4/8/74

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 2/15/96 BY

Assoc. Dir. \_\_\_\_\_  
Dep. AD Adm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Dep. AD Inv. \_\_\_\_\_  
Asst. Dir.:  
Admin. \_\_\_\_\_  
Comp. Syst. \_\_\_\_\_  
Ext. Affairs \_\_\_\_\_  
Files & Com. \_\_\_\_\_  
Gen. Inv. \_\_\_\_\_  
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Inspection \_\_\_\_\_  
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Laboratory \_\_\_\_\_  
Plan. & Eval. \_\_\_\_\_  
Spec. Inv. \_\_\_\_\_  
Training \_\_\_\_\_  
Legal Coun. \_\_\_\_\_  
Telephone Rm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Director Sec. \_\_\_\_\_

SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO GOVERNOR  
RONALD REAGAN, CALIFORNIA  
MEETING WITH DIRECTOR  
2:30 PM, MONDAY, APRIL 8, 1974

~~United Classification  
System Conducted  
See Top Secret  
Form 4-74~~

It will be recalled, that on 4/5/74, [redacted] who described himself as a "Special Assistant to Governor Reagan," requested to meet the Director at 2:30 p.m., Monday, 4/8/74, in order to extend an invitation for [redacted] to speak before the "Governor's National Conference on Standards and Goals for Criminal Justice," which is tentatively set for September, 1974. No more specific information regarding this conference was given. The Director has agreed to meet [redacted]

Our Sacramento Office has advised that [redacted] (also known as [redacted] is the [redacted] of the Office of Criminal Justice Planning for California. This Office disperses Federal grants under the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration. According to the Sacramento Office, [redacted] is very close to Governor Reagan and prior to his present position was on the Governor's Select Committee on Law Enforcement Problems. Nothing derogatory concerning [redacted] was contained in the indices of the Sacramento Office nor in Bufiles.

Bufiles indicate that by letter of 8/24/73, the Director acknowledged receipt of the Report of the Governor's Select Committee on Law Enforcement Problems, entitled "Controlling Crime in California," which [redacted] had sent. This Report was submitted to the California Legislature by Governor Reagan in August, 1973. Bufiles also reflect that in 1970 [redacted] was the subject of a favorable Departmental applicant investigation in relation to the position of Law Enforcement Program Specialist with LEAA.

- 1 - [redacted]
- 1 - [redacted]
- 1 - Telephone Room

NOT RECORDED - CONTINUED -  
201 APR 24 1974

RESEARCH SECTION

NOTED  
SPR 10 PM

[REDACTED]  
RE: [REDACTED]

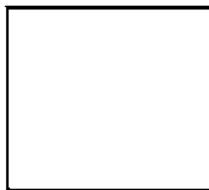
MEETING WITH DIRECTOR, 4/8/74

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The Director's speech schedule for September indicates commitments for September 6 (Federal Bar Association, Washington, D.C.); September 12 (FBI National Academy Graduation); and September 23 (IACP, Washington, D. C.)

RECOMMENDATION:

For the Director's information in connection with his meeting at 2:30 p.m., Monday, April 8, 1974.



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b7C

# MESSAGE RELAY

Date XXXX 4/16/74

Transmit in PLAINTEXT via teletype the attached URGENT message.  
(plaintext or code) (precedence)

\*\*\*\*\*

FROM: Director, FBI

FIELD DISSEMINATION

TO: RUEADWW/ ☐ The President  
RUEADWW/ ☐ The Vice President  
☐ Att.: \_\_\_\_\_

SACS:

RUEADWW/ ☐ White House Situation Room ~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED~~  
☐ Att.: \_\_\_\_\_

RUEHOC/ ☐ Secretary of StateRUEAIA/ ☐ Director, CIA

RUEKJCS/ ☐ Director, Defense Intelligence Agency  
☐ and National Indications Center LEGATS:

RUEACSI/ ☐ Department of the ArmyRUEBGFA/ ☐ Department of the Air Force (AFOSI)RUEOLKN/ ☐ Naval Investigative ServiceRUEADSS/ ☐ U. S. Secret Service (PID)RUEBWJA/ ☐ Attorney General ( ☐ By messenger)RUEBWJA/ ☐ Deputy Attorney General ( ☐ By messenger)RUEBWJA/ ☐ Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division☐ and Internal Security Section☐ and General Crimes SectionRUEBWJA/ ☐ Immigration & Naturalization ServiceRUEOIAA/ ☐ National Security Agency (DIRNSA/NSOC (Att.: SOO))RUEOGBA/ ☐ Federal Aviation Administration☐☐

Assoc. Dir. \_\_\_\_\_ Classification: (Classify if to other than Bureau Office) **UNCLASSIFIED**

Dep. AD Adm. \_\_\_\_\_

Dep. AD Inv. \_\_\_\_\_

Asst. Dir.:

Admin. \_\_\_\_\_

Comp. Syst. \_\_\_\_\_

Ext. Affairs \_\_\_\_\_

Files &amp; Com. \_\_\_\_\_

Gen. Inv. \_\_\_\_\_

Ident. \_\_\_\_\_

Inspection \_\_\_\_\_

Intell. \_\_\_\_\_

Laboratory \_\_\_\_\_

Plan. &amp; Eval. \_\_\_\_\_

Spec. Inv. \_\_\_\_\_

Training \_\_\_\_\_

Legal Coun. \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone Rm. \_\_\_\_\_

Director Sec'y \_\_\_\_\_

SUBJECT: UNSUB. ANONYMOUS CALL TO [REDACTED]  
"WASHINGTON POST", WASHINGTON, D.C.,  
4/13/74; THREATS AGAINST VICE PRESIDENT GERALD FORD AND  
CALIFORNIA GOVERNOR RONALD REAGAN.  
(Text of message begins on next page.)

Foreign Liaison Unit

☐ Route through for review  
☐ Cleared telephonically

with \_\_\_\_\_

NOT RECORDED

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246 APR 18 1974b6  
b7C

ORIGINAL FILED IN

b6  
b7CMAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Assoc. Dir. \_\_\_\_\_  
Dep. A.D. Adm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Dep. A.D. Inv. \_\_\_\_\_  
Asst. Dir.: \_\_\_\_\_  
Adm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Comm. Syst. \_\_\_\_\_

Inspection \_\_\_\_\_  
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Laboratory \_\_\_\_\_ b7C  
Plan. & Eval. \_\_\_\_\_  
Spec. Inv. \_\_\_\_\_  
Training \_\_\_\_\_  
Legal Coun. \_\_\_\_\_  
Telephone Rm. \_\_\_\_\_

NR 009 SF CODE

5:43PM URGENT 4/16/74 CRH

TO: DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO (INFO)

DATE 3/2/96

FROM: SAN FRANCISCO (175-64) 2P

UNSUB; ANONYMOUS CALL TO [REDACTED] "WASHINGTON POST,"  
WASHINGTON, DC, APRIL 13, 1974; THREATS AGAINST VICE-  
PRESIDENT GERALD FORD AND CALIFORNIA GOVERNOR RONALD REAGAN

b6  
b7C

VP FORD AND CALIFORNIA GOVERNOR REAGAN SCHEDULED TO BE  
AT LE BARON HOTEL, SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA, APRIL 19 AND 20,  
1974, FOR REPUBLICAN PARTY STATE CONFERENCE.

FOLLOWING INFORMATION HAS BEEN DEVELOPED SINCE MARCH 19,  
1974, BY BUREAU AND [REDACTED] SPECIAL AGENT, CRIMINAL  
INTELLIGENCE DIVISION, CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
(AGENT RESPONSIBLE FOR CENTRAL COAST COUNTIES AREA) AND HAS  
BEEN FURNISHED TO THE SECURITY OFFICE FOR GOVERNOR REAGAN  
BY [REDACTED]

b6  
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ON MARCH 19, 1974, A SOURCE ADVISED THAT [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] DESCRIBED WMA, BORN [REDACTED]

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END PAGE ONE





FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

APR 13 1974

EXL. Affairs ☒ b6  
Files & ☒ b6  
Gen. Inv. ☒ b7C  
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Inspection ☐  
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Plan. & Eval. ☐  
Spec. Inv. ☐  
Training ☐  
Legal Coun. ☐  
Telephone Rm. ☐  
Director Sec'y ☐

WXA

WXA

NR 004 SF C O D E

6 43 PM NITEL 4/13/74 BEH

TO: DIRECTOR

SACRAMENTO

FROM: SAN FRANCISCO (175-NEW) 2 PAGES

SA [REDACTED]  
USSS HQ WASH, DC  
ADVISED 7:25 PM 4/13/74  
BY SA [REDACTED]  
FBI HQ [REDACTED]

UNSUB; ANONYMOUS CALL TO [REDACTED] "WASHINGTON POST",  
WASHINGTON, D.C., APRIL 13, 1974, THREATS AGAINST VICE  
PRESIDENT GERALD FORD AND GOVERNOR RONALD REAGAN.

RE BUREAU TELEPHONE CALL TO SAN FRANCISCO ON APRIL 13,  
1974.

ON APRIL 13, 1974, [REDACTED] GENERAL  
INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION, FBI HEADQUARTERS, ADVISED THAT AT  
6:45 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME (EST), ON APRIL 13, 1974,  
SPECIAL AGENT [REDACTED] EXTERNAL AFFAIRS, FBI HEADQUARTERS,  
RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION FROM [REDACTED]

AT 8:30 P.M. (EST), ON APRIL 13, 1974, [REDACTED] OF [REDACTED]  
THE "WASHINGTON POST" RECEIVED AN ANONYMOUS TELEPHONE CALL  
FROM SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA. THE CALLER, NOT FURTHER DESCRIBED,  
END OF PAGE ONE

SUCODED 11:30 PM 4/13/74  
TO USSS HQ WDC & WFO-FBI (INFO)  
SA [REDACTED]

NOT RECORDED  
50  
APR 18 1974

Original Filed In 74-4111-5

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
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FOI/PA# 1346627-000

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Page 2 ~ Referral/Direct;

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
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FOI/PA# 1346627-000

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Page 7 ~ b3; b7E;

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
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FOI/PA# 1346627-000

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
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FOI/PA# 1346627-000

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Page 4 ~ b3; b7E;

Page 5 ~ b3; b7E;

Page 6 ~ b3; b7E;

Page 7 ~ b3; b7E;

Page 8 ~ b3; b7E;

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
Records/Operations Sections

4/9 1986

- ☒ Name Searching Unit, 4543, TL# 115  
☒ Service Unit, 4654, TL# 225  
☐ Special File Room, 5991, TL# 122  
☐ Forward  
☐ Attention  
☐ Return to

Supervisor, Room, Tel, Ext.

Type of Search Requested: (Check One)

- ☐ All References (Security & Criminal)  
☐ Security Search  
☒ Criminal Search  
☐ Main References Only

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOI/PA  
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FOI/PA# 1346627-000

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Page 5 ~ b3; b7E;  
Page 6 ~ b3; b7E;

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FOI/PA# 1346627-000

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FOI/PA# 1346627-000

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VZCZCLON244 1981325

R 171319Z JUL '86

FM [REDACTED]

TO DIRECTOR ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS ~~E F T O~~

SECURITY ASSESSMENT FOR JULY 20- JULY 24, 1986, VISIT OF NANCY

REAGAN TO UNITED KINGDOM. [REDACTED]

REBUTEL, JULY 15, 1986.

RECEIVED  
TELETYPE UNIT

17 JUL 86 13 47

FEDERAL BUREAU  
OF INVESTIGATION

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SAME SOURCES [REDACTED]

10 AUG 6 1986

FBIHQ REQUESTED TO RELAY TO USSS.

BT

#0244

68 NOV [REDACTED]

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VZCZCRH0503

RECEIVED  
TELETYPE UNIT

4 APR 81 05 55z

RECEIVED  
FEDERAL BUREAU  
OF INVESTIGATION  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

PP HQ SL

DE RH #0006-1032107

ZNR UUUUU

R 132107Z APR 81

FM FBI RICHMOND (175-NEW) (P)

TO DIRECTOR FBI PRIORITY

FBI SAINT LOUIS (62-4827) PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

Asst. Dir.:	
Adm. Serv.	
Exec. AD-LES	
Asst. Dir.:	
Adm.	
Crim.	
Ident.	
Intell.	
Laboratory	
Legal Coun.	
Plan. & Insp.	
Rec. Mgmt.	
Tech. Serv.	
Training	
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.	
Telephone Rm.	

b6  
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b6  
b7C

THREAT AGAINST NANCY REAGAN

RE RICHMOND TELCALL TO ST. LOUIS, APR. 13, 1981.

ON APR. 13, 1981, A PINK POSTCARD WAS RECEIVED AT RICHMOND FBI OFFICE BEARING TWO-CENT STAMP, POSTMARKED ST. LOUIS, MO., 631, APR. 9, 1981, ADDRESSED TO FBI DIRECTOR - WILLIAM HOMOSEXUAL WEBSTER, 200 WEST GRACE ST., RICHMOND, VA., 23220. FRONT OF POSTCARD BORE STATEMENT "DEATH THREAT AGAINST NANCY REAGAN", AND REVERSE OF CARD CONTAINED FOLLOWING MESSAGE: 4-70 DE-90 175-593-249

"NANCY REAGAN'S LIFE IS THREATENED BY THE PRESIDENTIAL OATH WHICH GUARANTEES NATURALIZED CITIZEN WOMEN FREEDOM IN LUST AND LIBERTY IN SIN - THE FORMULA FOR DEATH. JAMES 1:15.

23 APR 14 1981

15096

U555

4/14/81

1-144 XEROX  
APR 14 1981

b6  
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UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

"MEN WHO GUARANTEE WOMEN FREEDOM IN LUST AND LIBERTY IN SIN  
SUFFER THE CONSEQUENCES.... I.E., DEATH. ALSO, DEATH BY LUST  
METRORRHEA CARCINOMIC CANCER 'AND' SIN LEUKORRHEA LEUKEMIC CANCER.

"RONALD REAGAN GUARANTEES 'NANCY' DIABOTICAL LUST CANCER AND  
DIABOTICAL SIN CANCER.....A WHORES DEATH & A LESBIANS DEATH.

"SUCH A MAN IS HARDLY QUALIFIED TO BE A LEADER.

"ACTS 3:22-23".

CARD WAS SIGNED [REDACTED] IN LONG HAND WITH BLUE FELT-TIP  
PEN.

ON APR. 13, 1981, ST. LOUIS DIV. ADVISED [REDACTED] IS KNOWN  
TO THAT OFFICE AS [REDACTED] WHITE MALE, BORN [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] SSAN [REDACTED]

LAST KNOWN ADDRESS [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] ARRESTED [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] IS SUBJECT OF [REDACTED]

ON APR. 13, 1981, AT 12:20PM, SA [REDACTED] USSS,  
RICHMOND, VA., WAS ADVISED OF FOREGOING BY SA [REDACTED] AND  
ORIGINAL POSTCARD TURNED OVER TO SA [REDACTED] USSS, AT 2:55PM.  
ST. LOUIS, IF NOT ALREADY DONE, IMMEDIATELY ADVISE USSS, ST.

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PAGE THREE DE RH 0006 UNCLAS

LOUIS.

RICHMOND WILL FORWARD LHM.

BT

#0006

LR0524 1607414Z

OO HQ

DE LR

O 090238Z JUN 82

FM LITTLE ROCK (175-NEW) (P)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

RECEIVED  
TELETYPE UNIT

9 JUN 82 04 21

FEDERAL BUREAU  
OF INVESTIGATION

Exec. AD-Adm.  
Exec. AD-Inv.  
Exec. AD-LES  
Asst. Dir.  
Adm. S.  
Crim. In.  
Ident.  
Insp.  
Intell.  
Lab.  
Legal Coun.  
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.  
Rec. Mgnt.  
Tech. Servs.  
Training  
Telephone Rm.  
Director's Sec'y

ATTENTION: CID AND INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

THREATS TO KILL PRESIDENT REAGAN OR NANCY REAGAN IN WEST GERMANY

THREATS AGAINST THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

RE LITTLE ROCK TELEPHONE CALL TO FBIHQ, JUNE 8, 1982.

ON JUNE 8, 1982, AT 8:55PM

TELEPHONE NUMBER

ADVISED RE. WAS

HQ 180 TRIPLE CONVERSION RECEIVER WHICH RECEIVES COMMUNICATIONS FROM VARIOUS PARTS OF THE WORLD. AT APPROXIMATELY 8:25PM, JUNE 8, 1982, HE TUNED TO 9020 MEGAHERTZ AND LISTENED TO A BROADCAST CONCERNING THE ISRAELI AND SYRIAN WAR WHICH LASTED APPROXIMATELY TWO MINUTES. AT END OF BROADCAST A VOICE STATED, THIS IS THE VOICE OF ISLAM BROADCASTING FROM SOMEWHERE IN THE PERSIAN GULF AGAINST THE GREAT SATANIC WORLD. PRESIDENT REAGAN WILL BE HIT IN WEST GERMANY WITHIN 48 HOURS OR HIS WIFE NANCY. IT MAKES NO DIFFERENCE, THE PURPOSE WILL BE ACHIEVED.

0-73 sent to USSS, VS DS  
6/9/82

Intell Div

Dept. of State  
advised 10:55 P.M.  
6/8/82

SA

VSSS HQ

advised at 10:25 PM  
6/8/82

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b7C



[ ] STATES HIS SIGNAL STRENGTH ON THE RADIO ALPHE HIT S-4, WHICH INDICATES TO HIM THE TRANSMISSION IS COMING FROM THE PERSIAN GULF AREA OF THE WORLD. RADIO IRAN BROADCASTS ON 9222 MEGAHERTZ.

ALL OF THE ABOVE MESSAGE WAS IN ENGLISH.

[ ] IS NOT A LICENSED OPERATOR AND DOES NOT TRANSMIT ANY MESSAGES.

[ ] HOME WAS VISITED THIS EVENING BY AGENTS OF THE FBI UNANNOUNCED AND [ ] EXHIBITED THE ABOVE DESCRIBED RECEIVER. *Complainant*

[ ] IS A WHITE MALE, [ ]

[ ] EMPLOYED BY INTERNATIONAL PAPER COMPANY AS A [ ] HIS WIFE, [ ] IS EMPLOYED AT THE ARKANSAS [ ] PINE BLUFF, ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCK INDICES NEGATIVE RE [ ]

SA [ ] SECRET SERVICE, LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS WAS ADVISED OF THE ABOVE BY SA [ ] AT 9:14PM, JUNE 8, 1982.

BUREAU IS REQUESTED TO DISSIMINATE ABOVE TO UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE HEADQUARTERS, WASHINGTON, D.C.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOI/PA  
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET  
FOI/PA# 1346627-000

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## MESSAGE RELAY VIA TELETYPE


003

DATE 6/10/82	CLASSIFICATION UNCLAS	PRECEDENCE PRIORITY
-----------------	--------------------------	------------------------

FM DIRECTOR FBI

TO

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

- |   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> The President  | <input type="checkbox"/> Nuclear Regulatory Commission                                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Attorney General                               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> The Vice President   | <input type="checkbox"/> Department of Energy  | <input type="checkbox"/> Deputy AG                                      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> White House Situation Room   | <input type="checkbox"/> Department of Treasury  | <input type="checkbox"/> Attn: Emergency Programs Center                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Attn: National Security Council  | <input type="checkbox"/> Attn: U. S. Customs   | <input type="checkbox"/> Assistant AG, Civil Rights Div.                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Department of the Air Force (AFOSI)  | <input type="checkbox"/> Department of Treasury  | <input type="checkbox"/> Assistant AG, Criminal Div.                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Department of the Army   | <input type="checkbox"/> Attn: Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco & Firearms                    | <input type="checkbox"/> Attn: Internal Security Section                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Naval Investigative Service  | <input type="checkbox"/> Department of Transportation                                  | <input type="checkbox"/> Attn: General Crimes Section                   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard  | <input type="checkbox"/> Attn: Director of Security                                    | <input type="checkbox"/> Assistant AG for Administration                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> National Security Agency (DIRNSA/NSOC (ATTN: SOO))   | <input type="checkbox"/> Drug Enforcement Administration                               | <input type="checkbox"/> Attn: Security & Administrative Services Staff |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Director, Defense Intelligence Agency  | <input type="checkbox"/> General Services Administration (WASHDC area, specify office) | <input type="checkbox"/> Immigration & Naturalization Service           |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>  | <input type="checkbox"/> (Other Areas, specify CITY/STATE)                             |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> U. S. Secret Service (PID)   | <input type="checkbox"/> Federal Aviation Administration                               |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Attn: Executive Protective Service   | <input type="checkbox"/> Federal Protective Service                                    |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ZEN/U. S. Postal Service   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Secretary of State                                 |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Attn: Chief Postal Inspector   | <input type="checkbox"/> Attn: Director Bureau of Intelligence & Research              |   |
|   | <input type="checkbox"/> Attn: SCA - VISA Office                                       |   |
|   | Room 709 - SA2   |   |

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(SERVICE ALSO AVAILABLE TO GOVERNMENT AGENCIES NOT LISTED. CONTACT COMMUNICATIONS CENTER FOR ADDRESSING INFORMATION)

SUBJECT:

THREAT TO KILL PRESIDENT REAGAN OR ~~NANCY~~ REAGAN IN WEST GERMANY;  
THREATS AGAINST THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

*Reagan*

APPROVED 	ORIGIN 	ROOM 5096/6	TELE EXT. 4294
--	--	----------------	-------------------

b6  
b7C1732t 

DO NOT FILE WITHOUT COMMUNICATIONS STAMP

## USE OF FORM 0-73

JUN 14 1982

1. Only incoming teletype messages which require transmission relay may be prepared for transmission using form 0-73. Use of form 0-73 is restricted to incoming teletype messages received within the last 3 days which require transmission relay; all other teletype messages must be prepared using form 0-93.
2. Additions such as notes and administrative data for a specific addressee are not allowed. If a note or administrative data is required for a particular addressee a separate 0-73 form must be prepared.
3. The message will be transmitted just as it appears. The person approving the message is solely responsible for assuring all necessary editing changes have been made.

### PREPARATION OF FORM WHICH CONSISTS OF A PREPRINTED YELLOW.

1. Complete appropriate boxes: date, classification & precedence.
2. List addresses immediately following the "TO" or place a check mark in the appropriate boxes.
3. Type or PRINT the subject in the space provided.
4. Print or type originator's name, room number and telephone extension.
5. Indicate approval for transmission by initialing the "Approved By" box.

RECEIVED  
TELETYPE UNIT  
JUN 82 14 17  
FEDERAL BUREAU  
OF INVESTIGATION

### PREPARATION OF MESSAGE TO BE TRANSMITTED

1. Xerox 1 copy of incoming teletype message. A notation shall be made on the original incoming teletype "1 copy made for relay to SACS \_\_\_\_\_, (OR LEGATS) \_\_\_\_\_, (OR GOVERNMENT AGENCIES) \_\_\_\_\_."
2. Minor editing changes shall be made on the xerox as follows: using a lead pencil ONLY draw single line through the first and last lines of the heading and connect these lines from top right to bottom left forming a "Z," figure. (DO NOT OBLITERATE THE HEADING.) Use horizontal lines to delete sentences or words. Printed changes of a word or two to the text of the message may be made; however, changes to the existing text involving more than a word or two necessitate the originator to initiate a new message using form 0-93.
3. Administrative data or notes may be typed immediately following the text and will be transmitted to all addressees.
4. When using the 0-73 form to disseminate information to field offices, Legal Attaches and other Government agencies simultaneously, the text, notes and administrative data must be identical for all addressees.

VZCZCB00032

RECEIVED  
TELETYPE

0137 3262242

23 NOV 83

FEDERAL BUREAU  
OF INVESTIGATION

ZNY UUUUU

R 222149Z NOV 83

FM FBI BROOKLYN-QUEENS (175-NEW) (JFKIA)

TO DIRECTOR FBI IMMEDIATE

BT

UNCLAS

UNSUB, AKA [REDACTED] ALLEGED THREATS AGAINST THE PRESIDENT AND  
MRS. NANCY REAGAN, NOVEMBER 21, 1983; (00:BQ).

ON NOVEMBER 21, 1983, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] JOHN F. KENNEDY INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, NEW YORK

CONDUCTED A ROUTINE X-RAY EXAMINATION OF A PARCEL OF APPROXIMATE  
SIZE 18" X 12" X 9". THE PARCEL APPEARED TO CONTAIN AN ELECTRONIC  
DEVICE. THE PARCEL WAS ADDRESSED TO "PRESIDENT OF UNITED STATES AND  
MRS., PENNSYLVANIA DRIVE, WASHINGTON, D.C., UNITED STATES OF  
AMERICA." RETURN ADDRESS WAS "MERRY CHRISTMAS, SANTA HO, HO, HO,

DE-186  
V-89

175-593-2594

11 DEC 6 1983

073 USSS  
11/22/83

0-73 to LOG #7

11-23-02

Exec AD-Adm  
Exec AD-Inv  
Exec AD-LES  
Asst. Dir.:  
Adm. Serv.  
Crim. Inv.  
Ident.  
Inspection  
Intell.  
Laboratory  
Legal Coun.  
Rec. Mgmt.  
Tech. Serv.  
Training  
Off. of Cong. & Public Aff.  
Telephone Rm.  
Director's Sec'y

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b7C

b6  
b7C

b6  
b7C

PAGE TWO DE BQ 0137 UNCLAS

[REDACTED] YOURS TRULY TO ESQUIRE RE." THE PACKAGE HAD CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS AND WAS STAMPED "SPECIAL DELIVERY," "FIRST CLASS", "20 NOVEMBER 1983" "WEST LP ". THE PACKAGE WAS WRAPPED IN WHITE PAPER WITH PLASTIC BANDS HOLDING IT TOGETHER.

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b7c

THE PACKAGE WAS REMOVED BY THE NEW YORK CITY POLICE BOMB SQUAD TO AN ISOLATED LOCATION AT JOHN F. KENNEDY AIRPORT, AND THEREAFTER TRANSPORTED TO THE NEW YORK CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT RANGE AT RODMAN'S NECK, BRONX, NEW YORK.

ON NOVEMBER 21, 1983, THE NEW YORK CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT BOMB SQUAD OPENED THE PACKAGE AND FOUND IT TO CONTAIN SAMPLE SIZE TOILET ARTICLES, I.E., GILLETE TRAC II BLADES, ENGLISH LEATHER SOAP, NAIL POLISH, SHAMPOOS, DEODORANTS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, NAIL CLIPPER, SUNGLASSES, AND TWO KNITTED BLANKETS, YELLOW SCARF AND HAT, ONE BLUE SWEATER, ONE DEVON PERVA REST SWEATER AND OTHER SMALL AND SUNDRY TOILET ARTICLES. THE ABOVE ARTICLES WERE INSIDE A "REITMAN'S" SHOPPING BAG.

THERE WERE NO ELECTRONIC DEVICE(S) OR WRITINGS OF ANY KIND

PAGE THREE DE BQ 0137 UNCLAS

CONTAINED IN THE PACKAGE.

IMMEDIATE ON THE SCENE COVERAGE BY THE FOLLOWING AGENCIES WAS  
INSTITUTED AT THE INCEPTION OF CAPTIONED INCIDENT ON NOVEMBER 21,  
1983 AT 2:30 PM.

FBI - SA

b6  
b7c

USSS - SA

FAA -

POSTAL INSPECTORS -

ATF -

NYCPD BOMB SQUAD -

PAPD -

PAGE FOUR DE BQ 0137 UNCLAS

USSS ADVISED THAT ON NOVEMBER 6, 1980, A THREATENING LETTER WAS SENT TO THE PRESIDENT POSTMARKED DOWLING, CALIFORNIA, WITH RETURN ADDRESS SANTA CLAUS, HO, HO, HO.

ADDITIONALLY, THE USSS AND NYCPD, AT THE SIXTH (6) PRECINCT, NYPD, MANHATTAN, NEW YORK, WILL THIS AFTERNOON, HOLD A PRESS CONFERENCE TO ANNOUNCE THEIR FINDINGS AND FUTURE INTENTIONS IN THIS MATTER.

BT

0137







019

b6  
b7cMESSAGE RELAY VIA TELETYPE  
(RESTRICTED USE)Date: 10/31/84 PRECEDENCE: ☐ IMMEDIATE ☐ PRIORITY ☒ ROUTINE

FM: DIRECTOR, FBI

TO:

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

- ☐ White House/WH/
- ☐ Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco Firearms/BATF/
- ☐ Central Intelligence Agency/CIA/
- ☐ CIA DCD/DCD/
- ☐ Dept. of Energy HQS/DOEHQ/
- ☐ Dept. of Energy Germantown DIV/DOE/
- ☐ Dept. of Justice/DOJ/
- ☐ Dept. of State/DOS/
- ☐ Dept. of the Army/DA/
- ☐ Dept. of Treasury/DOT/
- ☐ Defense Intelligence Agency/DIA/
- ☐ Director National Security Agency/NSA/
- ☐ Director Naval Investigative Service/DIRNAVINSERV/
- ☐ Drug Enforcement Admin./DEA/
- ☐ FAA Washington HQ/FAA/
- ☐ HQ AFOSI Bolling AFBDC/AFOSI/
- ☐ INSCOM Ft. Meade/INSCOM/
- ☐ Nuclear Regulatory Commission/NRC/
- ☐ U.S. Customs Service/UCS/
- ☐ U.S. Immigration & Naturalization Service/INS/
- ☒ U.S. Secret Service/USSS/
- ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

BT

Classification: Unclass

Addressee Internal Distribution

For: \_\_\_\_\_

Subject: \_\_\_\_\_

V-197

DE-243

175-593-3332

☒ See Attached

Approved By: \_\_\_\_\_

Originator: \_\_\_\_\_

Tele Ext. 2805Room/Div.: 5027/6

NOV 6 1984

b6  
b7cFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
COMMUNICATIONS CENTER0423  
NOV 1 1984

DO NOT FILE WITHOUT COMMUNICATIONS STAMP

FBI/DOJ

RECEIVED  
TELETYPE  
UNIT  
1 Nov 78 8 1258  
FEDERAL BUREAU  
OF INVESTIGATION

**USE AND PREPARATION OF FORM 0-73**

**Restrictions on Use**

1. Only incoming teletype messages within the categories listed in MIOG Section 16.7 pages 1250 & 1252 may be prepared using form 0-73.
2. Use of Form 0-73 is restricted to incoming teletype messages received at FBI Communications Center within the last 72 hours.
3. Addressees must be Bureau Offices (LEGAT/Field) or other Government Agencies. **Geographical location must be indicated if other Government Agency is located outside the Washington, D.C. area.**
4. Editing of message text is restricted to typed or printed changes of a word or two. Changes to the existing text involving more than a word or two will require the originator to initiate a new message using Form 0-93. Administrative data may be added immediately following the text and must be identical for all addressees.
5. Teletype messages received by the Communications Center that do not meet the above criteria shall be returned to the originator for preparation using Form 0-93.

**Preparation of 0-73 Form (Yellow)**

1. **Date & Precedence** - Type or print date and indicate precedence by checking the appropriate box.
2. **Addressee(s)** - Type or print addressee(s) immediately following the "TO:" or place a check mark in the appropriate box. Note: When using block "Other," indicate geographical location if addressee(s) is located outside Washington, D.C. If addressee(s) is a military installation, the name of the base, fort, or station must be listed to ensure delivery.
3. **Classification** - Type or print the classification and if appropriate the caveat and warning notices.
4. **Addressee Internal Distribution** - Complete when the originator wishes the message to be distributed to a known entity within a Headquarters Agency (i.e. Division, Section, Unit, etc.). List the addressee(s) abbreviation and the internal distribution, i.e. a message to Dept. of State, Dept. of Justice, and Defense Intelligence Agency; list on the "For" line(s) as follows:  
**Example:** For: DOS For SY/TAG; DOJ for Asst. AG Criminal Div.; DIA For DSOP.  
Messages which do not list internal distribution shall be delivered to the agency headquarters where their analyst will effect in-house distribution.
5. **Subject** - Type or print the subject in the space provided or check "see attached" if subject is identical to attached message.
6. **Originator's Boxes** - Type or print the originator's name, telephone extension, room number, and division.
7. **Approved By Box** - Indicate approval for transmission by initialing the approved by box. Note: The person approving the message is solely responsible for assuring all necessary editing changes are accurate and are legible.

**Preparation of Message To Be Transmitted**

1. **Duplicate Copy & Notations** - Xerox 1 copy of the incoming teletype message. A notation shall be made on the original incoming teletype indicating one copy made for relay to SACS \_\_\_\_\_, (or LEGATS) \_\_\_\_\_, (or Government Agencies) \_\_\_\_\_.
2. **Editing of Duplicate Copy (Heading)** - Using a lead pencil ONLY draw single lines through the first and last lines of the message heading; connect these lines from top right to bottom left forming a "Z" figure. **(Do Not Obliterate the Heading)**
3. **Editing Changes to the Text** - (See Restrictions on Use, item 4)
4. **Administrative Data** - Type or print administrative data immediately following the text.

LS0005 3052313Z

RR HQ

DE LS

R 312313Z OCT 84

FM LOUISVILLE (175-0)

TO DIRECTOR ROUTINE

BT

UNCLAS

RECEIVED  
TELETYPE UNIT

31 OCT 84 16 2

FEDERAL BUREAU  
OF INVESTIGATION

Exec AD-Adm.	
Exec AD-Inv.	
Exec AD-LES	
Asst. Dir.:	
Adm. Serv.	
Crim. Inv.	
Ident.	
Intell.	
Insp.	
Lab.	
Legal Coun.	
Off. Cong. & Public Affs.	
Rec. Mgmt.	
Tech. Serv.	
Training	
Telephone Rm.	
Director's Sec'y	

UNSUB; NANCY REAGAN - VICTIM; THREATS AGAINST THE PRESIDENT *368*  
*By teletype dated 10/31/84 for Louisville advised*  
ON 10/31/84, [REDACTED] CHANNEL 27 TELEVISION STATION,

LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY, ADVISED AS FOLLOWS:

[REDACTED] RECEIVED A TELEPHONE CALL 10/31/84, FROM UNKNOWN FEMALE REQUESTING TO SPEAK TO [REDACTED] IS ANCHOR MAN FOR CHANNEL 27 TV NEWS. [REDACTED] TOLD CALLER [REDACTED] WAS NOT AVAILABLE, WHEREUPON FEMALE CALLER ADVISED "NANCY REAGAN WILL DIE."

[REDACTED] ASKED IF THIS WAS A PREDICTION OR A THREAT. CALLER RESPONDED, "THIS IS A THREAT. NANCY REAGAN WILL DIE." CALL WAS THEN TERMINATED.

[REDACTED] DESCRIBED WOMAN AS A MIDDLE AGED, WEAK VOICE APPALACHIAN INDIVIDUAL.

[REDACTED] FURTHER ADVISED THAT WITHIN THE LAST YEAR, A FEMALE

073 USSS  
10/31/84 [REDACTED]

~~PAGE TWO DE LS 005 UNCLAS~~

HAS CONTACTED CHANNEL 27 ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS ALLEGEDING THAT  
[ ] NIGHTLY [ ] FOR CHANNEL 27, IS FATHER OF HER  
CHILDREN AND HAS MADE OTHER SIMILAR STATEMENTS REGARDING [ ]

[ ] IS NOT FAMILIAR WITH THE NAME OF THIS PERSON, HOWEVER,  
[ ] WOULD BE COGNIZANT OF THIS NAME. [ ] IS AWARE THAT THIS  
FEMALE [ ]

HOWEVER, [ ] DOES NOT KNOW IF THE TWO CALLERS ARE IDENTICAL.

FOR INFORMATION, FIRST LADY NANCY REAGAN IS SCHEDULED TO  
ARRIVE LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY, 10:15 AM, 11/2/84, FOR CAMPAIGN TRIP  
AND IS SCHEDULED TO DEPART SAME DAY AT APPROXIMATELY 1:00 PM.

SAIC [ ] U.S. SECRET SERVICE, LOUISVILLE, PROVIDED  
ABOVE INFORMATION AT 10:15 AM, 10/31/84.

~~THE BUREAU IS REQUESTED TO DISSEMINATE ABOVE INFORMATION  
TO U.S. SECRET SERVICE HEADQUARTERS.~~

BT

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NNNN

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FOI/PA# 1346627-000

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#6046

009

MESSAGE RELAY VIA TELETYPE  
(RESTRICTED USE)Date: 3/22/86 PRECEDENCE: ☐ IMMEDIATE ☐ PRIORITY ☒ ROUTINE

FM: DIRECTOR, FBI

TO:

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Threats Against President Reagan

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> White House/WH/                          | <input type="checkbox"/> Director National Security Agency/NSA/             |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco Firearms/BATF/ | <input type="checkbox"/> Director Naval Investigative Service/DIRNAVINSERV/ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Central Intelligence Agency/CIA/         | <input type="checkbox"/> Drug Enforcement Admin./DEA/                       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> CIA DCD/DCD/                             | <input type="checkbox"/> FAA Washington HQ/FAA/                             |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dept. of Energy HQS/DOEHQ/               | <input type="checkbox"/> HQ AFOSI Bolling AFBDC/AFOSI/                      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dept. of Energy Germantown DIV/DOE/      | <input type="checkbox"/> INSCOM Ft. Meade/INSCOM/                           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dept. of Justice/DOJ/                    | <input type="checkbox"/> Nuclear Regulatory Commission/NRC/                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dept. of State/DOS/                      | <input type="checkbox"/> U.S. Customs Service/UCS/                          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dept. of the Army/DA/                    | <input type="checkbox"/> U.S. Immigration & Naturalization Service/INS/     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dept. of Treasury/DOT/                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> U.S. Secret Service/USSS/               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Defense Intelligence Agency/DIA/         | <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                                       |

BT

Classification:

Unclass

Addressee Internal Distribution

For:

V-64

175-593-3761X

Subject:

APR 11 1986

☒ See Attached

Approved By:

Tele Ext.

Room/Div.:

2805

5027/6

MAR 26 1986

1902Z

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ETYPES

Exec AD-Adm.  
Exec AD-Inv.  
Exec AD-LES  
Exec AD-LES  
Exec AD-LES  
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b7C

Precedence

To: Bureau  
From: Los Angeles  
Subject: [Redacted]

DEPT. OF JUSTICE

Date: 1-16-87

Time Transmitted:

Initials: [Redacted]

- ☐ Fingerprint Photo   ☐ Fingerprint Record   ☐ Map   ☐ Newspaper clipping  
☐ Artists Conception   ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

Phone  
Telephone Rm.  
Photograph

Special handling instructions: *attention: personal crimes section*

Approved: [Redacted]

*Records Section this as request*

DE-207

ENCLOSURE

1-5042  
75-593-4073  
DE-207

MAR 20 1987

EROX

MAY 13 1987

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FBI/DOJ

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FBI

## TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype  
☐ Facsimile  
☒ TELETYPE

## PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate  
☐ Priority  
☐ Routine

## CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET  
☐ SECRET  
☐ CONFIDENTIAL  
☐ UNCLAS E F T O  
☐ UNCLAS

Date 1/14/87

1 FM LOS ANGELES (175C-217) (VRA) (P)

2 TO DIRECTOR, FBI (ROUTINE)

3 ATTENTION: PERSONAL CRIMES UNIT

4 NEW YORK (ROUTINE)

5 BT

6 UNCLAS

7 [REDACTED] PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN - VICTIM; FIRST LADY NANCY

8 REAGAN - VICTIM; THREAT AGAINST THE PRESIDENT; OO: LOS ANGELES

9 [REDACTED] - VICTIM; EXTORTION; OO: LOS ANGELES

10 REFERENCE WFO TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU DATED JANUARY 8, 1987.

11 FOR THE INFORMATION OF SAN DIEGO, ON JANUARY 7, 1987 [REDACTED]

12 [REDACTED] MC GRAW-HILL INC., NEW YORK, ADVISED THAT BYTE

13 MAGAZINE (PUBLISHED BY MC GRAW-HILL) UTILIZES BYTE INFORMATION

14 EXCHANGE, A COMPUTER BULLETIN BOARD, AND FOR THE LAST SEVERAL

15 MONTHS SOMEONE HAS BEEN ACCESSING THE BOARD AND SENDING OUT

16 RACIST AND SEXUALLY PERVERSE MESSAGES. [REDACTED]

17 [REDACTED] HAS BEEN A VICTIM OF THREATS, AS HAS PRESIDENT REAGAN. [REDACTED]

21 ON JANUARY 9, 1987, (X) [REDACTED] (X) WAS

INTERVIEWED AT HIS EMPLOYMENT, [REDACTED]

Approve

Transmitted

(Number) (Time)

Per

DE-202/19

593-4-15

PAGE TWO (LA 175C-217) UNCLAS

[REDACTED] CHATSWORTH, CALIFORNIA, REGARDING CAPTIONED MATTER. INTERVIEWS CONDUCTED SEPARATELY BY BOTH UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE AND FBI. SUMMARY OF INTERVIEW INDICATES [REDACTED] HAS COMPUTER AT RESIDENCE, SAME PHONE NUMBER AS SET OUT IN REFERENCED TELETYPE, AND APPEARED TOTALLY SHOCKED CONCERNING ALLEGATIONS. [REDACTED] ADVISED U.S. SECRET SERVICE HE WOULD BE HAPPY TO TAKE A POLYGRAPH REGARDING THE MATTER.

U.S. SECRET SERVICE AND FBI DO NOT FEEL [REDACTED] IS SUBJECT AND

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] IN ADDITION TO THESE OPINIONS BASED ON STRAIGHTFORWARD CANDID DEMEANOR OF [REDACTED] AND THE FACT [REDACTED] LIVES NEXT DOOR TO A RETIRED FBI SPECIAL AGENT WHO IS OF THE OPINION, BASED ON PERSONAL CONTACTS AS NEXT DOOR NEIGHBOR, [REDACTED] WOULD NOT BE INVOLVED IN SUCH A MATTER, U.S. SECRET SERVICE HAS DETERMINED

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
INTERVIEW OF [REDACTED] INDICATED [REDACTED] DOES NOT KNOW [REDACTED] NOR DOES [REDACTED] KNOW [REDACTED] OR HAVE REASON TO KNOW HER. [REDACTED] LISTED POSSIBLE SUSPECT AS [REDACTED] WHITE MALE, RESIDING AT AN UNKNOWN LOCATION IN SAN DIEGO. [REDACTED] IS SUSPECTED BY [REDACTED] *CA*

[REDACTED]  
U.S. SECRET SERVICE SPECIAL AGENT [REDACTED] IS HANDLING CASE IN LOS ANGELES AND IS ATTEMPTING TO IDENTIFY [REDACTED] AND HAVE HIM INTERVIEWED.

PAGE THREE (LA 175C-217) UNCLAS

LEADS

NEW YORK AT NEW YORK:

INTERVIEW [REDACTED] MC GRAW-HILL

INC., TELEPHONE NUMBER (212) 512-4998, REGARDING HIS

INVESTIGATION [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C  
b7E

SAN DIEGO AT SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA:

CONTACT U.S. SECRET SERVICE AND COORDINATE WITH THEM THE  
INVESTIGATION OF [REDACTED]

BT

FORMS.TEXT HAS 1 DOCUMENT

INBOX.22 (#8844)

TEXT: VZCZCWF00033

PP HQ NY

0080345

AN 87

N FIELD (175C-NEW) (RUC) (C-4)

FBI PRIORITY

ATTENTION: PERSONAL CRIMES UNIT

FBI LOS ANGELES PRIORITY

FBI NEW YORK (INFO) PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN - VICTIM; FIRST

LADY NANCY REAGAN - VICTIM; THREAT AGAINST PRESIDENT

OO:LOS ANGELES.

VICTIM: EXTORTION; OO:LOS ANGELES.

RE WASHINGTON FIELD TELEPHONE CALL TO SSA

LOS ANGELES, JANUARY 8, 1987.

MAR 13 1987

FOR THE INFORMATION OF THE BUREAU AND LOS ANGELES DIVISION,

ON JANUARY 7, 1987, (X)

CAUTION: CONSIDER EMOTIONALLY UNSTABLE

EROX

APR 27 1987

108 DEC 15 1987

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DE-207  
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Hand call  
to usss.  
9-70568-

PAGE TWO DE WF 0033 UNCLAS

MC GRAW-HILL, INCORPORATED, 1221 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS,  
MANHATTAN, NEW YORK, TELEPHONE (212) 512-4998 (X), TELEPHONICALLY  
APPRISED WASHINGTON FIELD OF THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

MC GRAW-HILL, INCORPORATED, IN NEW YORK, NEW YORK, PUBLISHES  
"BYTE" MAGAZINE, A PERIODICAL DEALING WITH COMPUTERS; BYTE  
UTILIZES THE BYTE INFORMATION EXCHANGE (BIX) COMPUTER BULLETIN  
BOARD TO SEND MESSAGES. HE ADVISED THAT IN THE LAST SEVERAL  
MONTHS HE AND OTHER BIX USERS HAVE BECOME AWARE THAT SOMEONE  
IS ACCESSING THE BIX NETWORK AND SENDING OUT RACIST AND  
SEXUALLY PERVERSE MESSAGES. HE NOTED THAT [REDACTED] HAS  
NOTIFIED HER LOCAL POLICE DEPARTMENT AND HER FIRM OF THE  
THREATS. [REDACTED] ALSO ADVISED THAT HE HAS BEEN INVESTIGATING  
THE SUBJECT FOR ABOUT ONE AND ONE-HALF MONTHS AND HAS  
DEVELOPED INFORMATION THAT HE IS UTILIZING NODE 3410 TYMENET  
SERVICES OF SHERMAN OAKS, CALIFORNIA, FOR ACCESS. [REDACTED] HAS  
FOUND THAT THE SUBJECT TENDS TO USE THE COMPUTER AT NIGHT,  
WHICH MAY INDICATE THAT HE MAY WORK A SWING SHIFT.

THE FOLLOWING MESSAGE WAS PLACED ON THE BIX BULLETIN  
BOARD ON NOVEMBER 24, 1986, REGARDING [REDACTED]

"FROM: [REDACTED]"

b6  
b7C

b6  
b7C

PAGE THREE DE WF 0033 UNCLAS

"DATE: MON, 24 NOV. 86 22:48:28 EST

"TO: [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

"MESSAGE-ID: MEMO.62333 (AT) BYTECOSY

"SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] FOR THE COMMODORE AMIGA

b6  
b7C

CONFERENCE; SHE RESIDES AT (X) [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] (X). SHE HAS REPORTED



PAGE FOUR DE WF0033 UNCLAS

THIS MATTER TO THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

THE SUBJECT HAS MADE THE FOLLOWING REFERENCE TO PRESIDENT  
RONALD REAGAN AND FIRST LADY NANCY REAGAN ON NOVEMBER 25, 1986:

"TITLE: [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

[REDACTED]

"NO MORE UNREAD."

BASED ON HIS SUSPICION THAT THE SUBJECT WAS ACCESSING THE  
COMPUTER BULLETIN BOARD THROUGH A [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C  
b7E

[REDACTED] CALIFORNIA, [REDACTED] REQUESTED

THAT THE [REDACTED]

ON THESE AREAS.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] WHICH PLACED THE  
FOLLOWING MESSAGE ON THE COMPUTER CONFERENCING BULLETIN  
BOARDS:

b6  
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b6  
b7C

b6  
b7C  
b7E

(X)

ON JANUARY 8, 1987, SPECIAL AGENT [REDACTED] LIASON  
DIVISION, UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE, 180 G STREET, N. W.,  
WASHINGTON, D. C., SUITE 720, TELEPHONE (202) 535-5838, WAS  
APPRISED OF ALL AFOREMENTIONED INFORMATION.

WASHINGTON FIELD WILL FACSIMILE THE 27 PAGE COMPUTER  
PRINTOUT SHEET, OF SUBJECT'S THREATS, PROVIDED BY (X) [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] AMERICAN MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS, INCORPORATED, 1777 NORTH  
KENT STREET, ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA, 22209-2166, TELEPHONE NUMBER  
(703) 841-6248 (X).

b6  
b7C

WASHINGTON FIELD CONSIDERS THIS MATTER RUC'D.

LEADS: LOS ANGELES DIVISION: AT HERMOSA BEACH, CALIFORNIA:

AT SHERMAN OAKS, CALIFORNIA:

AT THOUSAND OAKS, CALIFORNIA:

COORDINATE WITH UNITED STATE SECRET SERVICE AND CONDUCT  
LOGICAL EXTORTION INVESTIGATION.

BT

#0033

NNNN

FORMS TEXT HAS 1 DOCUMENT

INBOX.25 (#3820)

TEXT: VZCZCNY0127

PP HQ LA

DE NY #0127 0261905

ZNY UUUUU

R 261614Z JAN 87

FM FBI NEW YORK (175-457) (RUC) (JTF-1)

TO DIRECTOR FBI PRIORITY

FBI LOS ANGELES (175-217) PRIORITY

ATTN: VRA

BT

UNCLAS

PRESIDENT REAGAN-VICTIM; FIRST LADY NANCY

REAGAN-VICTIM; THREAT AGAINST THE PRESIDENT; OO:LA

VICTIM; EXTORTION; OO:LA

REFERENCE LOS ANGELES TELETYPE TO NEW YORK DATED JANUARY 14

1987.

ON JANUARY 21, 1987, SPECIAL AGENT

UNITED

05 1987

65 APR 19 1989

Exec AD-Adm.	
Exec AD-Inv.	
Exec AD-LES	
Asst. Dir.:	
Adm. Serv.	
Crim. Inv.	
Ident.	
Insp.	
Intell.	
Laboratory	
Legal Coun.	
Off. of Cong. & Public Affs.	
Rec. Mgmt.	
Tech. Servs.	
Training	
Telephone Rm.	

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PAGE TWO DE NY 0127 UNCLAS

STATES SECRET SERVICE, NEW YORK, NEW YORK, ADVISED THAT THE PREVIOUS DAY HE HAD INTERVIEWED [REDACTED]

MC GRAW HILL INCORPORATED, 1221 6TH AVENUE, NEW YORK, NEW YORK. IT IS [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C  
b7E

[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT [REDACTED] IS TRAVELLING TO CALIFORNIA ON THIS DATE AND PLANS TO CONFER WITH THE UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE AGENT [REDACTED] RE CAPTIONED MATTER IN LOS ANGELES THIS COMING MONDAY.

NEW YORK CONSIDERS THIS MATTER RUC.

BT

#0127

NNNN

FBI

## TRANSMIT VIA:

- ☐ Teletype  
☐ Facsimile  
☒ Airtel

## PRECEDENCE:

- ☐ Immediate  
☐ Priority  
☐ Routine

## CLASSIFICATION:

- ☐ TOP SECRET  
☐ SECRET  
☐ CONFIDENTIAL  
☐ UNCLAS E F T O  
☐ UNCLAS

Date 7/8/87

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI  
 (Attn: PERSONAL CRIMES UNIT)  
 SAC, LOS ANGELES (175C-217) (VRA) (P)

CHANGED

PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN - VICTIM;  
 FIRST LADY NANCY REAGAN - VICTIM;  
 THREAT AGAINST THE PRESIDENT  
 OO: Los Angeles

CHANGED

- VICTIM;  
 EXTORTION  
 OO: Los Angeles

Titles are marked "CHANGED" to remove original subject, and to replace him with [redacted] Investigation by U. S. Secret Service and FBI has positively identified [redacted] as the true subject and [redacted] as being not involved.

DE-197

Reference Washington Field Office teletype to the Bureau, dated 1/8/87, and Los Angeles teletype to the Bureau, dated 1/14/87.

A joint investigation has been conducted by the U. S. Secret Service and the FBI with the U. S. Secret Service taking the lead role due to the threat against the President and the

3 - Bureau  
 2 - Los Angeles

11 JUL 16 1987

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Transmitted \_\_\_\_\_ Per \_\_\_\_\_  
 (Number) (Time)

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1-5042

LA 175C-217

minimal Bureau interest of a possible wire fraud violation. Los Angeles has assisted and followed the investigation of the U. S. Secret Service and investigation has positively identified [redacted]

b6  
b7C

[redacted] a white male, [redacted]

[redacted] as being the subject of captioned matter.

[redacted]

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OO HQ WF DL

DE SF 002

O 040 055Z APR 81

FM SAN FRANCISCO (175-117) (P) (SQD 10)

TO DIRECTOR (175-601) (IMMEDIATE)

WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE (175-311) (IMMEDIATE)

DALLAS (175-83) (IMMEDIATE)

BT

UNCLAS

REAGAN, MAJOR CASE 35

RE DALLAS TELETYPE DATED APRIL 3, 1981, AND WFO TELETYPE  
AND TELCAL DATED APRIL 3, 1981.

ON APRIL 3, 1981, WHILE ATTEMPTING TO LOCATE

AT [REDACTED] CONTACT WAS MADE WITH

ONE [REDACTED] AT [REDACTED] WHO ADVISED

[REDACTED] RESIDED AT THE SAME ADDRESS AT A DIFFERENT

APARTMENT, WHICH WAS NOT NUMBERED, TELEPHONE [REDACTED] (NO LONGER

IN SERVICE). [REDACTED] STATED [REDACTED] WAS INVOLVED IN SOME

DE-46

175-601-243

7-40

21 APR 7 1981

78 APR 15 1981

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b7C

PAGE THREE

SF 175-117

UNCLAS

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b7D

ON THE EVENING OF APRIL 3, 1981, THE FBI AND USSS, SAN  
FRANCISCO, CONTACTED [REDACTED] WHEN HE RETURNED TO  
HIS RESIDENCE AT WHICH TIME [REDACTED] SPOKE IRRATIONALLY,

b6  
b7C

PAGE FOUR

SF 175-117

UNCLAS

JUMPING EVERY FEW SECONDS FROM ONE SUBJECT TO ANOTHER, INCLUDING SUCH THINGS AS THE BIBLE, VICE-PRESIDENT BUSH BEING A DRUG PUSHER, THE OPPRESSION OF THE AMERICAN INDIANS, THE MC ARTHUR ERA, AND WHY WE SHOULD TALK TO TREES. HE FREELY ADMITTED THAT HE HAD RECENTLY SENT A PACKAGE VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS, CONSISTING OF BOOKS AND TYPEWRITTEN PAGES OF ADVISE TO THE [REDACTED] IN DALLAS, TEXAS, OFFERING TO REPRESENT [REDACTED] STATED THAT HE HAD NEVER MET OR EVEN HEARD OF [REDACTED] UNTIL HE HAD READ ABOUT HIM AFTER THE ASSASSINATION ATTEMPT ON THE PRESIDENT. *te*

b6  
b7C

[REDACTED] LEARNED OF THE NAMES AND ADDRESS OF [REDACTED] FROM THE NEWS AND THEN DECIDED TO WRITE TO THEM. [REDACTED] ADMITTED TO RECENTLY [REDACTED] (CONFIRMED) [REDACTED] AT THE TIME OF [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

[REDACTED] CLAIMED TO HAVE NO MENTAL PROBLEMS, BUT HE DID ADMIT TO BEING TREATED AT [REDACTED] HE ALSO STATED HE HIT HIS HEAD IN A CAR ACCIDENT APPROXIMATELY THREE YEARS AGO AND HAS HAD NUMEROUS PROBLEMS SINCE THEN.

PAGE FIVE

SF 175-117

UNCLAS

[REDACTED] DENIED HAVING ANY WEAPONS IN HIS HOME AND HE WAS  
EVASIVE IN HIS RESPONSE TO SEVERAL QUESTIONS.

b6  
b7C

[REDACTED] IS DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: NEGRO MALE;  
[REDACTED]

SAN FRANCISCO INDICES NEGATIVE. ABOVE INFORMATION FURNISHED  
TO USSS IN DETAIL. ALTHOUGH [REDACTED] CONTINUES TO BE OF INTEREST  
TO USSS, HE DOES NOT APPEAR TO BE SIGNIFICANT TO CAPTIONED MATTER.  
RD-302S TO FOLLOW.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT

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☐ Teletype  
☐ Facsimile  
☒ AIRTEL

## PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate  
☐ Priority  
☐ Routine

## CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET  
☐ SECRET  
☐ CONFIDENTIAL  
☐ UNCLAS E F T O  
☐ UNCLAS

Date 5/18/81

TO: [REDACTED] DIRECTOR, FBI (175-601)  
 FROM: [REDACTED] DALLAS (175-83) (P)  
 SUBJ: REAGAN  
 MAJOR CASE 35  
 OO: WFO

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On May 13, 1981, [REDACTED] B. APPROX. [REDACTED] white female, employed as [REDACTED] Total Life Care, 722 Lingco, Richardson, Texas, telephone [REDACTED] advised that her company sells computerized tests to medical doctors to use on patients to pinpoint problems in lifestyle, diet and mineral balance.

She believed that [REDACTED] has an inherited metabolic disorder, with many imbalances in his body chemistry and these imbalances can be pinpointed by various tests.

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She has seen a photograph of the subject in the newspaper and on television and his droopy eyelids indicate he has abnormal blood sugar and perhaps adrenal dysfunction.

She said that depression and schizophrenic behavior is not caused by environmental factors but is due to inherited disorders and chemical imbalances.

About a month ago she wrote letters to [REDACTED] defense lawyer and to Mrs. Nancy Reagan telling them of the above information. She had not received any replies.

b6  
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② - Director  
 2 - WFO (175-311)  
 2 - Dallas

(6)

MAY 26 1981

b6  
b7C

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Transmitted \_\_\_\_\_

(Number)

(Time)

Per \_\_\_\_\_

79 JUN 15 1981

[redacted] has a Bachelors Degree in physical education and science, a Masters Degree in counseling and a Masters Degree in education and has her PhD in counseling and psychology.

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b7C

She suggested that the following tests ~~ADDRESS~~ should be administered to [redacted] by the Government and the results of the test should be sent to [redacted]

~~ADDRESS~~ [redacted] because these three doctors are leaders in this very new developing field. ~~ADDRESS~~

The test that she suggested are as follows:

- 1) 6 hour glucose tolerance test (measure insulin first 4 hours)
- 2) 12 vitamin assay
- 3) 24 hour urine amino acid assay
- 4) Cyto toxic food test
- 5) HCL
- 6) Diet evaluation
- 7) Hair analysis
- 8) PH of urine and saliva before and after meals.
- 9) Pituitary hormones TSH and ACTH
- 10) Three T-3, T-4, T-3 uptake, TSH
- 11) Pancreas blood lipase
- 12) SMAC 26
- 13) CBC
- 14) Blood iron
- 15) Glyco hemoglobin

The above information is being provided for whatever action is deemed appropriate by office of origin.







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OF INVESTIGATION

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LITTLE ROCK (175-NEO) (P)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI PRIORITY

BT

UNCLAS

DATE: 1982. MARY REAGAN - VICTIM; THREATENING TELEPHONE CALL.  
SEPTEMBER 23, 1982; OO: LITTLE ROCK.

AT 0:14PM, SEPTEMBER 23, 1982, SPC [REDACTED] RECEIVED THE  
FOLLOWING ANONYMOUS TELEPHONE CALL FROM WHAT SOUNDED LIKE A WHITE  
MALE VOICE [REDACTED] ATTEMPTING TO SOUND "MEAN", BUT WHO DID NOT  
APPEAR TO BE INTOXICATED. CALLER STATED, "LISTEN REAL CLOSE, WHEN  
MARY REAGAN COMES INTO LITTLE ROCK NEXT WEEK, SHE IS GOING TO BE DEAD."

"YOU GOT THAT."

VOICE UNFAMILIAR TO SPC [REDACTED]

ACTING SPC [REDACTED] ADVISED, WHO IN TURN ADVISED

TO [REDACTED] U.S. SECRET SERVICE, LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS OF  
ABOUT.

SHOULD REUS AGAIN CONTACT LITTLE ROCK OFFICE THE BUREAU AND  
U.S. SECRET SERVICE WILL BE IMMEDIATELY ADVISED.

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

BT *Relay to U.S. Secret Service* [REDACTED]

am. 9-24-82 [REDACTED]

b6  
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006

MESSAGE RELAY VIA TELETYPE  
(RESTRICTED USE)Date: 9-24-82 PRECEDENCE:☐ IMMEDIATE☒ PRIORITY☐ ROUTINE

FM: DIRECTOR, FBI

TO:

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

- ☐ White House/WH/  
☐ Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco Firearms/BATF/  
☐ Central Intelligence Agency/CIA/  
☐ CIA DCD/DCD/  
☐ Dept. of Energy HQS/DOEHQ/  
☐ Dept. of Energy Germantown DIV/DOE/  
☐ Dept. of Justice/DOJ/  
☐ Dept. of State/DOS/  
☐ Dept. of the Army/DA/  
☐ Dept. of Treasury/DOT/  
☐ Defense Intelligence Agency/DIA/

- ☐ Director National Security Agency/NSA/  
☐ Director Naval Investigative Service/DIRNAVINSERV/  
☐ Drug Enforcement Admin./DEA/  
☐ FAA Washington HQ/FAA/  
☐ HQ AFOSI Bolling AFBDC/AFOSI/  
☐ INSCOM Ft. Meade/INSCOM/  
☐ Nuclear Regulatory Commission/NRC/  
☐ U.S. Customs Service/UCS/  
☐ U.S. Immigration & Naturalization Service/INS/  
☒ U.S. Secret Service/USSS/  
☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

BT

Classification:

Unclass

Addressee Internal Distribution

For:

175-661-2

Subject:

SEP 20 1982

☒ See Attached

Approved By:

Originator:

Tele Ext.

Room/Div.:

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b7c1535593  
SEP 24 1982

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Page 29 ~ Duplicate;  
Page 30 ~ Duplicate;  
Page 33 ~ Duplicate;  
Page 34 ~ Duplicate;  
Page 35 ~ Duplicate;  
Page 36 ~ Duplicate;  
Page 37 ~ Duplicate;  
Page 43 ~ Duplicate;  
Page 44 ~ Duplicate;

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX  
X Deleted Page(s) X  
X No Duplication Fee X  
X For this Page X  
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX



Field File No.

LA 175C-217-1a1

Serial # of Originating Document \_\_\_\_\_

OO and File No.

LA - 00:LA

Date Received

1/9/87

From \_\_\_\_\_

By \_\_\_\_\_

(State)

(Special Agent)

To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No Receipt Given ☐ Yes ☒ NoGrand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure ☐ Yes ☒ No

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Reference: \_\_\_\_\_

(Communication Enclosing Material)

Description: ☐ Original notes re interview ofPrintoutsExp 4/14/87b6  
b7Cb6  
b7C

LA 1750-217-1a1

b6

b7C



- calendar set through -

Byte Internet Exchange -

Sept - 86 Begin - (Byte message)

Fee - cost per use - computer exchange  
\$11.50/hr -

= credit card to be entered on  
registrations. Subject requires plug credit  
card & through receipt manipulation -

- Use of main memo - even several  
now - By phone - wisdom -

Sept 86 - Anti Black message

to & - that & after -

b6  
b7C

last message DEC 21  
Rm KKK

b6

b7C

REC.  
Sandra  
Littles

men

rec'd letter  
mail

= pro - catch the drum close it -  
 - put the hand top together -

Early center class - free -  
 basic lesson - evaluation conference  
 [redacted] ill. fiction -  
 b6  
 b7C

replaced - butts Bruce Tinkles  
 states action (NF. Tinkles)  
 Daily Occurrence - Tinkles down

NF → Attend Basic Conference -

b6  
 b7C

Center - with just down

Eliminate around - associates -

MEMORANDUM  
OF CALL

Previous editions usable

TO: [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

☒ YOU WERE CALLED BY [REDACTED] ☐ YOU WERE VISITED BY -

OF (Organ) [REDACTED]

☒ PLEASE PHONE ☐ FTS ☐ AUTOVON

(Home)

☐ WILL CALL AGAIN ☐ IS WAITING TO SEE YOU

☐ RETURNED YOUR CALL ☐ WISHES AN APPOINTMENT

MESSAGE

*would*  
SAID ~~that~~ he in + out all  
Evening - But would like to  
TALK to you. SAID He is ONE  
Who received info TO FBI WDC  
RE [REDACTED] ETC.

b6  
b7C

RECEIVED BY [REDACTED]

DATE

TIME

63-110 NSN 7540-00-634-4018

\* U.S.G.P.O.: 1984 - 421-529/420

STANDARD FORM 63 (Rev. 8-81)  
Prescribed by GSA  
FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

Memo #52091

From: [REDACTED]

Date: Sat, 1 Nov 86 20:09:52 EST

To: [REDACTED]

Message-Id: <memo.52091>

Subject: [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

[REDACTED]

.More..

.More..

read/action:q

M:62383

Memo #62383

From: [REDACTED]

Date: Tue, 25 Nov 86 01:28:42 EST

To: [REDACTED]

Cc: [REDACTED]

Message-Id: <memo.62383>

Subject: This sicko needs to be caught NOW!

b6  
b7C

From: [redacted]  
Date: Mon, 24 Nov 86 22:48:28 EST  
To: [redacted]  
Message-Id: <memo.62333@ [redacted]>  
Subject: [redacted]

b6  
b7C

read/action:q  
M:63013  
Memo #63013  
From: [redacted]  
Date: Tue, 25 Nov 86 20:46:26 EST  
To: [redacted]  
Message-Id: <memo.63013>  
Subject: [redacted]

b6  
b7C

read/action:q  
M:

C

Field File No. 175C-217-62

OO and File No. \_\_\_\_\_

Date Received 1-9-87

From \_\_\_\_\_

(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)

By \_\_\_\_\_

To Be Returned ☐ Yes☒ No☐ Yes☒ NoReceipt Given ☐ Yes☒ NoGrand Jury Material-  
Disseminate Only  
Pursuant to Rules  
6(e), Federal Rules  
of Criminal ProcedureDescription: ☒ Original notes re interview ofb6  
b7Cb6  
b7Cb6  
b7C

175C-217-192

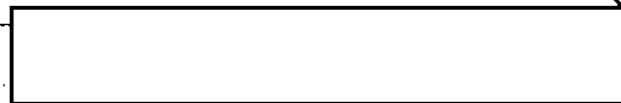
1/9/87

w/

b6  
b7C

Subscribes to Byte mag. about 3 yrs.  
ago.

Recalls



possible write

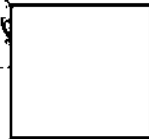
b6  
b7C

no recall names

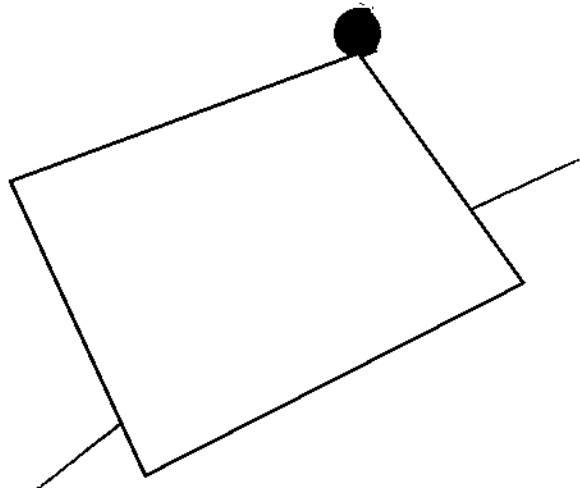
Compuserve — Ohio or Illinois  
provide names to users  
name & phone

b6  
b7C

Cleaning Service - w/ key to house

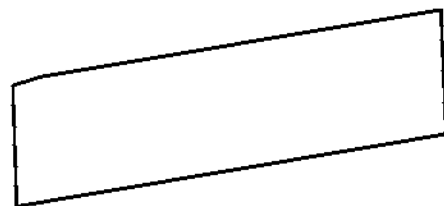




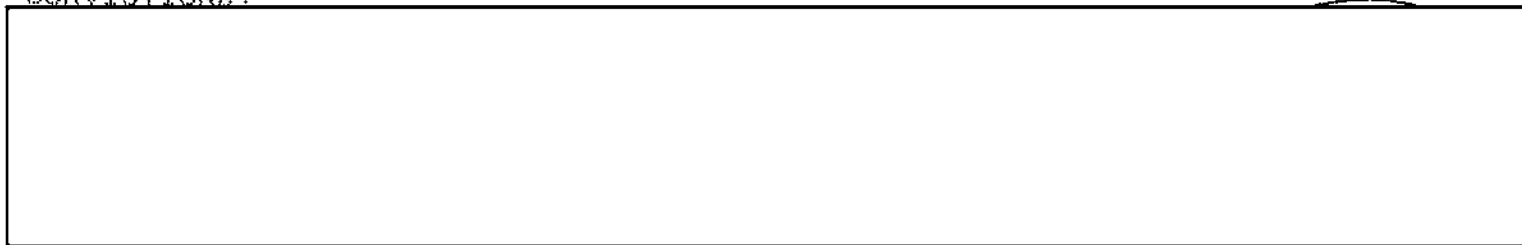


*Call re this.*  
[Redacted]  
[Redacted]

*SSAN*



ID  
DATE: 01-08-87\*TIME: 15:39\*  
DL/NO [Redacted] R/D: [Redacted] NAME [Redacted]  
ADDR AS OF 01-30-85 [Redacted]  
IDENTIFYING INFORMATION:  
SEX: MALE\*HAIR [Redacted] EYES [Redacted] HT [Redacted] WT [Redacted] BTH/ADDR AS OF  
07-05-83 [Redacted]  
LIC/ISS [Redacted] EXP/BD [Redacted] CLASS [Redacted]  
LATEST APP:  
DL TYPE: RENEWAL\*ISS/DATE: [Redacted] OFFICE: THO\*BATES: 028\*  
LICENSE STATUS:  
VALID\*  
DEPARTMENTAL ACTIONS:  
NONE.  
CONVICTIONS:



OUTPUT MSG 922,

FROM CL10 FOR FBI2

*175C-217-2*



ANI AUTOMATED NAME INDEX

ORI CA019 INFO CODE 2P NAME [REDACTED]  
DOB OR AGE ADD [REDACTED]  
VMA VYR  
FOR OUT OF STATE DMVS:  
STATE REFERENCE  
DRIVER LICENSE INFO SEX (NAME AND DOB ALSO REQUIRED)  
REGISTRATION INFO LIC LIY LIT  
OR VIN VMA VYR

REQUESTED BY  
IN

DATE: 01/08/87 TIME: 15:39

MATCHED ON: \*L/N\*F/N\* MI\* C\* A

EXP LIC# YEMD MAKE RTM :CP

VIN

R/O

C.C.

SOLD

RELEASE OF LIABILITY (REG. 138)

RECEIPT DATE: 11/17/86 TRANSFER DATE: 11/13/86

OUTPUT MSG 924, PAGE 01 OF 02, FROM CL20

NO MSGS WAITING

b6  
b7c

b6  
b7c

ANI AUTOMATED NAME INDEX

ORI CA019 INFO CODE 2P NAME  
DOB OR AGE ADD  
VMA VYR  
FOR OUT OF STATE DMVS:  
STATE REFERENCE  
DRIVER LICENSE INFO SEX (NAME AND DOB ALSO REQUIRED)  
REGISTRATION INFO LIC LIY LIT  
OR VIN VMA VYR

REQUESTED BY  
BUYER  
CITY SELLER: SAME AS R/O ON FILE  
END

b6  
b7c

b6  
b7c

ANI AUTOMATED NAME INDEX

ORI CA019 INFO CODE 2P NAME [REDACTED]  
DOB OR AGE ADD [REDACTED]  
VMA VYR  
FOR OUT OF STATE DMVS:  
STATE REFERENCE  
DRIVER LICENSE INFO SEX (NAME AND DOB ALSO REQUIRED)  
REGISTRATION INFO LIC LIY LIT  
OR VIN VMA VYR

REQUESTED BY

IN

DATE: 01/08/87 TIME: 15:42

MATCHED ON: \*L/N\*E/N\* MI\* C\* A

NAME

VR#:

VR#:

ANI END

b6  
b7C

b6  
b7C

OUTPUT MSG 930, PAGE 01 OF 01, FROM CL10

NO MSGS WAITING

CHK AWWS CHECK - INQUIRY

OFOR TTY \_\_\_\_\_ SER \_\_\_\_\_ APPT \_\_\_\_\_ AGENCY \_\_\_\_\_ ROUTE TO \_\_\_\_\_  
DOJ \_ OF LIC \_\_\_\_\_ CA NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
ADD1 \_\_\_\_\_ SEX M DESC \_ HAIR \_\_\_\_\_ EYES \_\_\_\_\_ HGT \_\_\_\_\_ WGT \_\_\_\_\_ DOB 012149 AGE \_\_\_\_\_  
LIC \_\_\_\_\_ CA VIN \_\_\_\_\_ SVS \_\_\_\_\_  
ADD2 \_\_\_\_\_ ADD3 \_\_\_\_\_ ADD4 \_\_\_\_\_ ADD5 \_\_\_\_\_  
AKA1 \_\_\_\_\_  
AKA2 \_\_\_\_\_

b6  
b7c

NO AWWS HITS

OUTPUT MSG 931, PAGE 01 OF 01, FROM DS1@

NO MSGS WAITING

QW

WANTED PERSON - INQUIRY

ORI CA019 NAM [REDACTED] SEX M  
DOB [REDACTED] OR AGE [REDACTED] RAC [REDACTED] HGT [REDACTED] CTT [REDACTED]  
FBI [REDACTED] OLN [REDACTED] SOC [REDACTED]  
FCN [REDACTED] NIC [REDACTED]  
REQUESTED BY [REDACTED]

b6  
b7c

IW

CAFBILA00 RE: QW,CAFBILA00,NAM [REDACTED]

MATCH MADE ON NAM [REDACTED]

NAME FIELD SEARCH REVEALS:

HIT # 001

HIT MADE ON AKA [REDACTED]

ORI/CA0560000 [REDACTED]

NAM [REDACTED]

b6  
b7c

OUTPUT MSG 933, PAGE 01 OF 02, FROM CL10

NO MSGS WAITING

QU

WANTED PERSON - INQUIRY

ORI CA019 NAM [REDACTED] SEX M  
DOB [REDACTED] OR AGE [REDACTED] RAC [REDACTED] HGT [REDACTED] CII [REDACTED]  
FBI [REDACTED] OLIN [REDACTED] SOC [REDACTED]  
FCN [REDACTED] NIC [REDACTED]  
REQUESTED BY [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

[REDACTED] *different SSN*  
SOC [REDACTED]  
ADB/032451  
MNU/OA-BI-164631  
SUBJECT MAYBE SAME AS [REDACTED]  
IMMEDIATELY CONFIRM WITH CA0560000 VENTURA CO SO  
TELEPHONE [REDACTED]  
CHECKING NCIC  
\*\*\*\*\* END OF WPS MESSAGE \*\*\*\*\*

b6  
b7C

OUTPUT MSG 933, PAGE 02 OF 02, FROM CL10

NO MSGS WAITING

RW

WANTED PERSON - INQUIRY

ORI CA019 NAM [REDACTED] SEX M  
DOB [REDACTED] OR AGE [REDACTED] RAC [REDACTED] HGT [REDACTED] CII [REDACTED]  
FBI [REDACTED] OLN [REDACTED] SOC [REDACTED]  
FCN [REDACTED] NIC [REDACTED]  
REQUESTED BY [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

IJ

1101

03

CAFBILA00

NO NCIC WANT DOB [REDACTED] NAM/ [REDACTED] SEX/M

b6  
b7C

OUTPUT MSG 932, PAGE 01 OF 01, FROM CL20

01 MSGS WAITING



QH

CRIMINAL HISTORY INQUIRY

X NAME INQUIRY                      \_ CRIME SUMMARY RECORD                      \_ PERSONAL DATA RECORD  
\_ NUMERIC INQUIRY                      \_ NCIC INQUIRY RECORD

ORI CA019        NAM [REDACTED]        SEX M  
RAC   HGT       AGE    DOB [REDACTED] (USE AGE OR DOB - NOT BOTH)

HAI       EYE       

SOC        FBI        DLN        MNU       

STD        CII        INN       

IF CRIME SUMMARY TRANSCRIPT IS REQUESTED BY MAIL:    \_

REQUESTING AGENCY CODE CAPDLOS ANGELES

REQUESTED BY: NAME [REDACTED]        UNIT [REDACTED]        DR#/REASON CIRM

IM

RE:QHA.CAFBILA00 [REDACTED]

RESTRICTED-DO NOT USE FOR EMPLOYMENT, LICENSING OR CERTIFICATION PURPOSE

S

b6  
b7C

b6  
b7C

- 1 -

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 1/20/87

[redacted] was interviewed at his place of business [redacted] tele-  
phone number [redacted] Prior to the interview, he was advised of the official identity of the interviewing agent and that the interview concerned a federal violation, Making a Threat Against the President, and Extortion. He advised the following:

b6  
b7C

He had no knowledge of making any threats against the President or any other person by means of a computer. He confirmed the fact that he did have a computer in his residence and he used it for his personal banking business and business with his company in which he is the [redacted]  
[redacted]

b6  
b7C

He was given the name of the individuals receiving the threats and advised that none of these names were familiar to him.

He advised that he did subscribe to BYTE MAGAZINE approximately three years ago and had so subscribed for several years but no longer subscribed. He did not subscribe currently to any computer bulletin boards but several years ago had subscribed to COMPUSERVE which was either out of Ohio or Illinois.

b6  
b7C  
b7E

[redacted]  
[redacted] He stated that he and his wife are the only people that live in his residence and the only other person having a key to his house is the cleaning service who are normally there only in the daytime hours. He stated that he lives next door to a retired Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Agent and feels that the FBI Agent would substantiate his claims of being a good citizen and a good neighbor.

Investigation on 1/9/87 at Chatsworth, California File # Los Angeles 175C-217-4  
by [redacted] Date dictated 1/16/87

b6  
b7C

LA 175C-217

Continuation of FD-302 of [REDACTED]

, On 1/9/87

, Page 2\*

b6  
b7C

He advised that he had lived in San Diego for approximately thirteen years when he was with [REDACTED] and was actually the [REDACTED] in San Diego. He advised that he would do anything to assist the FBI and the U. S. Secret Service in finding the persons responsible for the claim to include taking a polygraph examination which was offered by the U. S. Secret Service.

b6  
b7C

The following description and background information was obtained through observation and interview:

Name  
Aliases  
Sex  
Race  
Date of Birth  
Place of Birth  
Height  
Weight  
Eyes  
Hair  
Social Security  
Account Number  
Wife  
Date of Birth  
Residence  
  
Education  
  
Employment  
  
Prior Address

[REDACTED]  
Male  
White

b6  
b7C

175C-217-6



b6  
b7C

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 1/9/87

[redacted]  
[redacted] Torrance, California, telephone [redacted]  
[redacted] home address [redacted]  
[redacted] California, telephone number [redacted] was contacted  
concerning a matter in which she was receiving threatening  
messages by way of computerized message systems.

b6  
b7C

[redacted] advised that she is a member of Byte International Exchange which sponsors through its Byte Magazine a cost per use computer exchange in which individual computer operators can access a bulletin board and send messages to other subscribers at the rate of \$11 per hour. [redacted] advised that she does not pay the fee because she is a [redacted] for one of the regional exchange groups. [redacted] advised that individuals can access the bulletin board by way of using credit card numbers to enter into the system.

b6  
b7C

[redacted] advised that in approximately September, 1986, she began noticing anti-black type messages that were being sent from an unknown individual. [redacted] advised that this individual has been accessing this computer system since that point. The unknown individual has been affectionately named [redacted] because he seems to sign off his communications using that name. [redacted] advised that the messages on the system have progressively become more sexual and threatening up until she received the last message on December 21, 1986.

b6  
b7C

[redacted] advised that back in the early system days, the computer bulletin board was free of charge through use of the basic computer language. The [redacted] for the conference was a man named [redacted] who resides in San Diego. [redacted] was not doing a good job at the [redacted] position so he was replaced with [redacted] recalled that at that time the NF transmissions started. [redacted] recalled that at first the anti-black messages were coming on a daily basis but now they have tapered down to an occasional message. [redacted] advised that she has eliminated all of her personal friends and work associates as possibly being the person that is sending her the threatening messages. [redacted] advised

b6  
b7C

Investigation on 1/9/87 at Torrance, California File # LA 175C-217

by SA [redacted] Date dictated 1/9/87

b6  
b7C

LA 175C-217

Continuation of FD-302 of [REDACTED]

1/9/87

2

, On [REDACTED], Page [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

that they have been eliminated because they would know some things about her that could be a source of embarrassment.

[REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

[REDACTED] advised that whoever is the subject of this matter could easily access the system by stealing other computer operators credit card numbers and using them to access the bulletin board. [REDACTED] advised that it would be very easy for a novice computer operator to obtain credit card numbers fraudulently and also to access the bulletin board by use of random numbers on the phone modum. [REDACTED] advised that if investigators could trace back to an area you could possibly catch the writer, but it would take an experienced computer operator to locate the individual. [REDACTED] advised that conceivably an operator from Miami, Florida could access the bulletin board by patching through a number in Los Angeles, California by use of the modum.

[REDACTED] advised that other operators that are members of the basic conference have received similar threatening letters. [REDACTED] named three other females that have received threatening messages as [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

[REDACTED] further advised that [REDACTED] has received hate mail through the computer system. [REDACTED] resides in [REDACTED] and is the person that took [REDACTED] place as [REDACTED] of the basic language conference. [REDACTED] advised that the only suspect she has in this matter to date is [REDACTED] because he was let go as the [REDACTED] for the conference. [REDACTED] advised that after [REDACTED] was replaced, the nasty messages began. [REDACTED] provided two sheets of messages that she obtained from the computer system.

# Memorandum



To : SAC, LOS ANGELES (175C-217) (VRA) (P)

Date 3/27/87

From [REDACTED]

Subject : [REDACTED]

PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN - VICTIM;  
FIRST LADY NANCY REAGAN - VICTIM;  
THREAT AGAINST THE PRESIDENT;  
OO: Los Angeles

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] - VICTIM;  
EXTORTION;  
OO: Los Angeles

On 2/10/87, a meeting was held in the Westlake Plaza Hotel with Special Agent (SA) [REDACTED] United States Secret Service, Los Angeles, California, and [REDACTED] MC GRAW-HILL, INC., 1221 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York, to discuss the captioned matter and the respective agencies' rolls.

It was then briefly discussed that investigation by the United States Secret Service and [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] who is described as being a white male, date of birth [REDACTED] and has a [REDACTED] a Social Security Account Number of [REDACTED] and a residence of [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] His telephone number is listed as [REDACTED]

175C-217-7

b6  
b7C

b6  
b7C

b3  
b6  
b7C

b3  
b6  
b7C

b6  
b7C

LA 175C-217

SA [ ] advised that the United States Secret Service would be attempting to obtain a pen register [ ]

b3  
b6  
b7C

On 3/10/87, SA [ ] left a message for the reporting agent and advised that the pen register [ ]

LEAD

LOS ANGELES DIVISION

AT VENTURA, CALIFORNIA: Dictate a communication to the Bureau removing [ ] from the title. Continue to follow United States Secret Service investigation regarding this matter.

b6  
b7C



TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, LA (VRA)

SUBJECT:

CHANGED

PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN -  
VICTIM; FIRST LADY  
NANCY REAGAN - VICTIM;  
THREAT AGAINST THE  
PRESIDENT

OO: Los Angeles  
(TITLE CONT. PAGE TWO)

Bureau File Number
175C-217
Field Office File Number
0640
Saved or RA Number
Agent's Social Security No.

☐ X if case involves  
corruption of a public  
official (Federal, State or  
Local).

Date 10/9/87

Investigative Assistance or Technique Used			
Were any of the investigative assistance or techniques listed below used in connection with accomplishment being claimed? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes - If Yes, rate each used as follows:			
1 = Used, but did not help		3 = Helped, substantially	
2 = Helped, but only minimally		4 = Absolutely essential	
1. Acctg Tech Assistance	Rating	6. Eng. Sect. Tape Exams	Rating
2. Aircraft Assistance		9. Hypnosis Assistance	
3. Computer Assistance		10. Ident Div Assistance	
4. Consensual Monitoring		11. Informant Information	
5. ELSUR - FISC		12. Lab Div Exams	
6. ELSUR - Title III		13. Lab Div Field Support	
7. Eng. Sect. Field Support		14. Pen Registers	
15. Photographic Coverage	Rating	16. Polygraph Assistance	Rating
22. Telephone Toll Recs		23. UCO Group I	
24. UCO Group II		25. UC Other	
26. NCAVC/VI-CAP		27. Visual Invest - Analysis (VIA)	

A. Preliminary Judicial Process (Number of subjects)		-Complaints	Informations	Indictments	D. Recoveries, Restitutions, or Potential Economic Loss Prevented (PELP)				(Explain)	
					Property Type Code*	Recoveries	Restitutions	PELP Type Code*		
B. Arrests, Locates, Summonses or Subpoenas Served (No. of Subj.)										
Subject Priority*										
A		B		C						
FBI Arrests -										
FBI Locates -										
Local Arrests -										
FBI Subj. Resisted _____; Armed _____										
C. Release of Hostages or Children Located: (Number of Hostages or Children Located)										
Hostages Held By Terrorists _____; All Other Hostage Situations _____										
Missing or Kidnaped Children Located _____										
E. Civil Matters										
Government Defendant										
Amount of Suit										
Settlement or Award										
Enter AFA Pay										
F. Final Judicial Process: Judicial District		CD CA								
District State										
Conviction or Pretrial Div. Date		7/21/87								
Sentence Date		9/10/87								
No. of Subjects										
Acquitted										
Subject 1 Subject Description Code* - 8A										
Conviction										
Combined Sentence										
In-Jail Yrs Mos										
Suspended Yrs Mos										
Probation Yrs Mos										
Total Fines \$ 2,100										
Add consecutive sentences together.										
Enter longest single concurrent sentence.										
Do not add concurrent sentences together.										
Sentence 10 yrs.-8 yrs. susp. = 2 yrs. In-Jail.										
Subject 2 Subject Description Code* -										
Conviction										
Combined Sentence										
In-Jail Yrs Mos										
Suspended Yrs Mos										
Probation Yrs Mos										
Total Fines \$										
Add consecutive sentences together.										
Enter longest single concurrent sentence.										
Do not add concurrent sentences together.										
Sentence 10 yrs.-8 yrs. susp. = 2 yrs. In-Jail.										
Subject 3 Subject Description Code* -										
Conviction										
Combined Sentence										
In-Jail Yrs Mos										
Suspended Yrs Mos										
Probation Yrs Mos										
Total Fines \$										
Add consecutive sentences together.										
Enter longest single concurrent sentence.										
Do not add concurrent sentences together.										
Sentence 10 yrs.-8 yrs. susp. = 2 yrs. In-Jail.										
Subject 4 Subject Description Code* -										
Conviction										
Combined Sentence										
In-Jail Yrs Mos										
Suspended Yrs Mos										
Probation Yrs Mos										
Total Fines \$										
Add consecutive sentences together.										
Enter longest single concurrent sentence.										
Do not add concurrent sentences together.										
Sentence 10 yrs.-8 yrs. susp. = 2 yrs. In-Jail.										

Attach additional forms if reporting final judicial process on more than four subjects, and submit a final disposition for (R-84) for each subject.

Remarks: (For every subject reported in Sections A, B or F above, provide name, DOB, race\*, sex, and POB and SSAN if available.)

(SEE PAGE TWO FOR REMARKS)

2 - Bureau

4 - Los Angeles (1 - 175C-217)(1 - Admin Stat File)

(1 - Personnel Folder of SA [redacted])

(1 - Ventura RA)

SEARCHED

INDEXED

SERIALIZED

FILED

FILE STRIPPED

INITIALS

DATE

8-16-88

LA 175C-217

(TITLE CONTINUED)

CHANGED

[REDACTED]

aka,

b6  
b7C

[REDACTED] - VICTIM;

EXTORTION

OO: Los Angeles

REMARKS:

Title marked changed to show the true name of subject as being [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

Reference Los Angeles airtel to the Bureau, dated 7/8/87.

The captioned matter was a joint investigation conducted by the U. S. Secret Service and the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) with the U. S. Secret Service taking the lead role due to the threat against the President and the minimal Bureau interest of a possible wire fraud violation. The case agent for the U. S. Secret Service advised that the U. S. Secret Service would not be claiming stats for the wire fraud violation and therefore, the FBI should.

On 7/21/87, [REDACTED] pled guilty before Judge EDWARD RAFEEDIE to counts two (2) and three (3), Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343 (Wire Fraud). On 9/10/87, Judge RAFEEDIE suspended imposition of sentence and placed [REDACTED] on three years probation, fined him \$2,000, ordered him to obtain appropriate counseling, and imposed a special assessment of \$100.

b6  
b7C

Subject is described as follows:

Name  
Date of Birth  
Race  
Sex  
Place of Birth  
Social Security  
Account Number

[REDACTED]

White

Male

[REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

Since all work has been completed and sentencing reported, this case is being placed in a closed status.

# Memorandum



To : SAC, NEW YORK (DIV II)

Date 12/18/83

From : SA [redacted]

b6  
b7C

Subject : ~~NEW YORK VISIT BY~~  
~~NANCY REAGAN ON 12/19/83~~

On instant date SA [redacted]  
U.S. Secret Service, telephone 212/466-4400,  
provided the following information re captioned  
matter:

b6  
b7C

Mrs Reagan is to arrive at LaGuardia  
Airport on 12/19/83 at 10:45AM and will  
travel via motorcade to St. Francis Hospital  
in Roslyn, N.Y. She will depart St. Francis  
at 1:00 PM and arrive at LaGuardia at  
about 1:30 PM for a return flight to  
Washington D.C.

SA [redacted] requested that he be  
contacted immediately in the event any  
threats are received by this office re  
Mrs Reagan, especially in light of recent  
bomb threats by the United Freedom Front.

b6  
b7C

175-371-175

DEC 18 1983

b6  
b7C

Supv [redacted]  
Tel Adv. 1:45P 12/18/83

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOI/PA  
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET  
FOI/PA# 1346627-000

Total Deleted Page(s) = 8

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Field File No.

175 C - 434 1A-1 <sup>(46)</sup>

OO and File No. \_\_\_\_\_

Date Received

11-22-83

From \_\_\_\_\_

(Name of Contributor)

(Address of Contributor)

By \_\_\_\_\_

(Name of Special Agent)

b6  
b7cTo Be Returned ☐ Yes☒ No☐ Yes☒ NoReceipt Given ☐ Yes☒ NoGrand Jury Material - Disseminate  
Only Pursuant to Rules 6(e),  
Federal Rules of Criminal  
Procedure

Description: \_\_\_\_\_

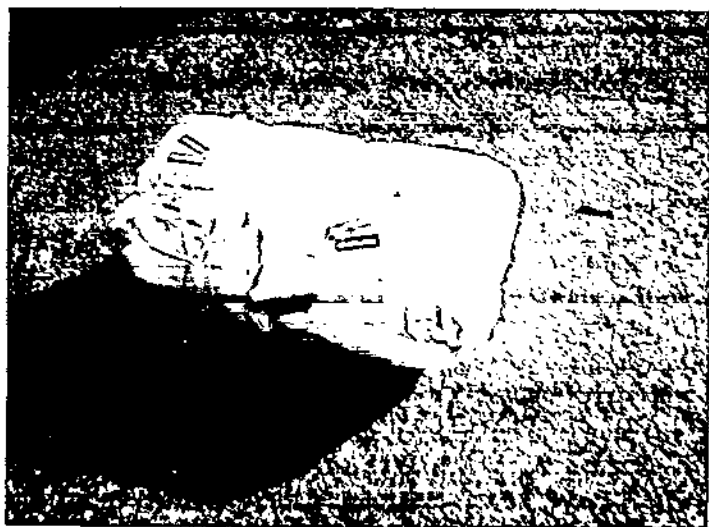
Photos of parcel addressed to  
President Reagan and contents  
taken at (NYCPD) Redmans Neck,  
Bronx NY 11-22-83



BQ 174C-434 1A-1



BQ 174C-434 1A-1

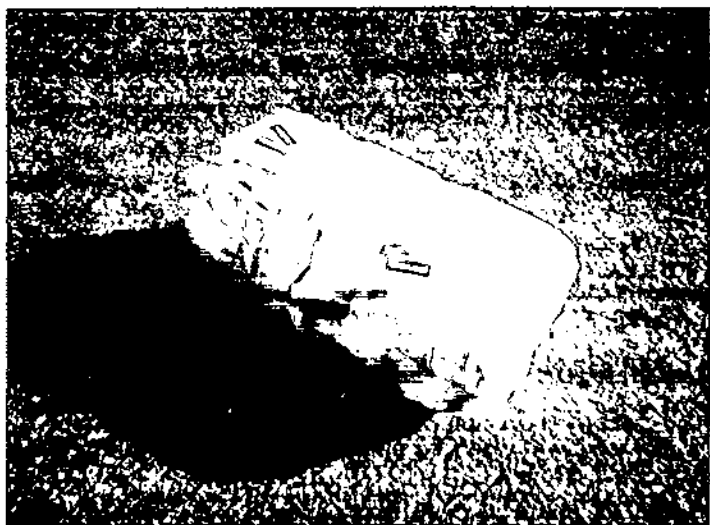


BQ 174C-434 1A-1

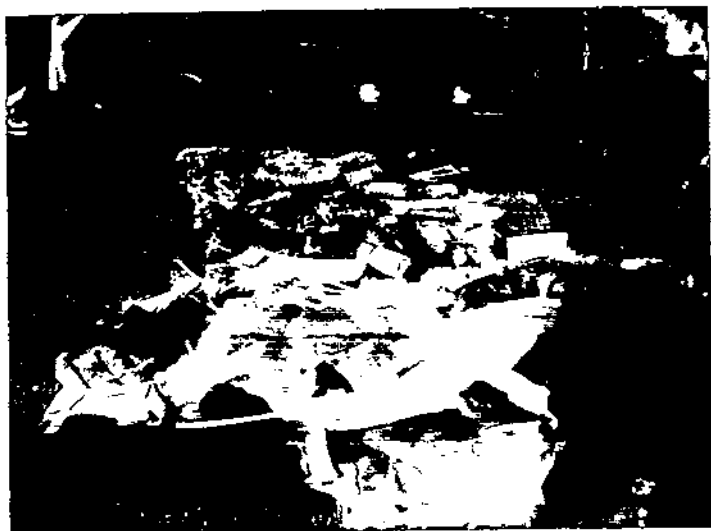




BQ 174C-434 1A-1



BQ 174C-434 1A-1



BQ 174C-434 1A1



BQ 174C-434 1A1

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription  
11/28/83

1

The following was observed by Special Agent (SA) [redacted]  
[redacted] at Rodman's Neck, Bronx, New York which is the site of  
New York City Police Department (NYPD) Bomb Disposal Unit:

b6  
b7C

A package of approximate size 18 inches x 12 inches x 9 inches. The parcel appeared to contain an electronic device. The parcel was addressed to "President of United States and Mrs., Pennsylvania Drive, Washington D. C., United States of America." Return address was "Merry Christmas, Santa Ho Ho Ho, [redacted] yours truly, to Esquire Re.: The package had Canadian postage stamps and was stamped "Special Delivery," "First Class" "20 November 1983" "West LP--". The package was wrapped in white paper with plastic bands holding it together.

b6  
b7C

On November 22, 1983, the NYPD Bomb Disposal team opened the package which contained the following sample size cosmetics and other items:

- 2 Afgan blankets
- Aramis shaving lotion
- Faberge Turbo lotion
- Mary Ann Cologne
- Gillette Trac II (5) blades
- English Leather soap
- 3 lipsticks
- O'Sherry cigars (10 pack)
- Tabac refreshing tissues
- Ultima II nail polish
- VO 5 Hot Oil treatment
- English Leather deodorant
- Estee Lauder
- English Leather nail clipper and holder
- Andron cologne
- Kannon cologne
- 2 L'Oreal conditioner
- Houbigant cologne
- Azzaro cologne
- Faberge folding sunglasses
- Aramus pre-shaving cream

Interviewed on 11/22/83 at Rodman's Neck, Ex. NY. File # EQ 175-c 434-2

By SA [redacted]

Date Dictated 11/28/83

b6  
b7C

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Continuation of  
interview of  
Page 2

SA

b6  
b7c

---

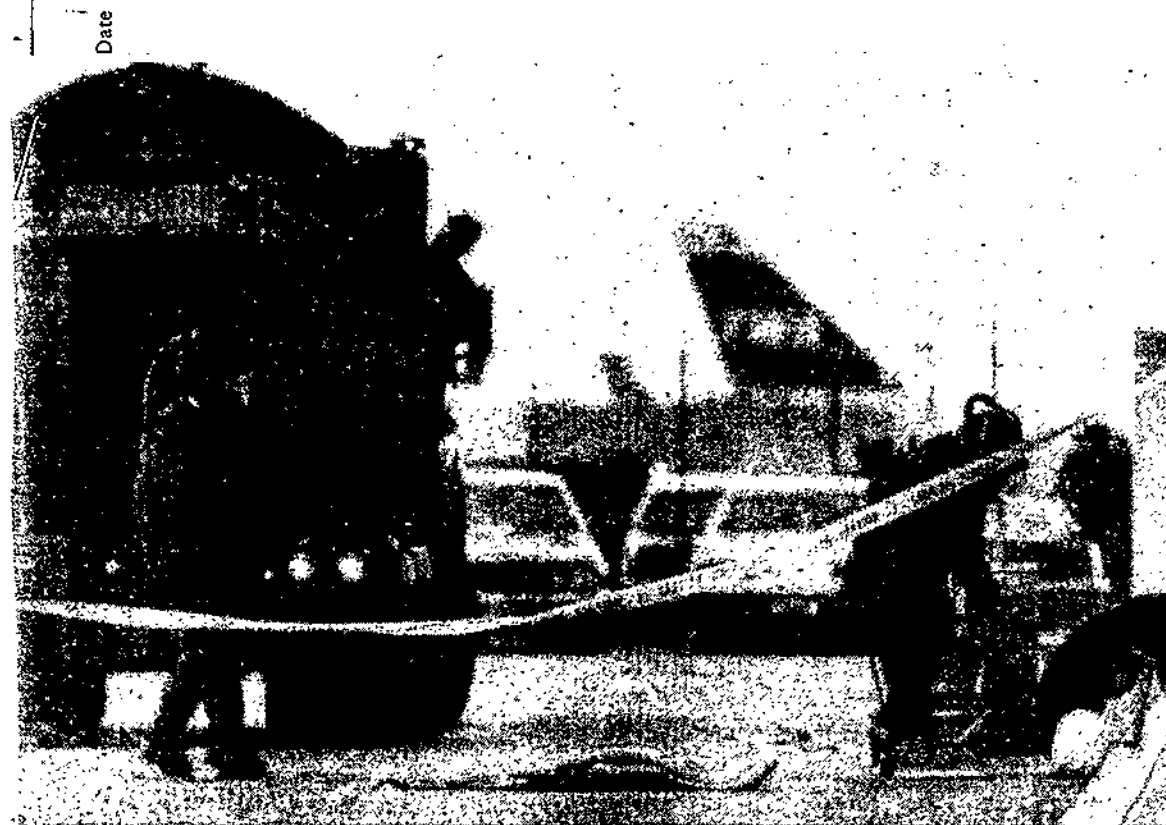
2 boxes Lenson & Hedges 100's  
Specs sunglasses (toy) with three lenses  
Contoura stockings  
2 knitted blankets  
yellow scarf and hat set  
blue sweater  
Devon perma press vest sweater

The above articles were inside a Reitman's shopping bag.  
There were no threatening devices or letters. There was no  
electronic devices or letters of intelligence nature or any nature  
contained in the package.

NYCPD has possession of above articles and package.



Memorandum



Police officers with bomb-sniffing dog examine suspicious package outside Kennedy Airport

## Ticking Parcel Found at JFK

Kennedy Airport (UPI) — A ticking package that appeared to contain two sticks of dynamite and was addressed to President Reagan was discovered yesterday at a U.S. postal office at Kennedy Airport, authorities said.

A second bomb scare occurred about the same time in the Port Authority Bus Terminal in Manhattan, forcing the evacuation of 1,500 people. That bag was found to contain a radio and other electronic equipment.

The parcel at the airport was discovered inside the post office building about 2:30 PM by a postal worker, said Port Authority police Lt. Jose Elique. It was "addressed to President Reagan and it was ticking," he said.

Elique said the parcel was X-rayed and "appeared to contain two sticks of dynamite."

The package was treated with the care of a live explosive, but a spokesman for the Police Department's Bomb Squad said that it was uncertain whether the package contained dynamite.

Bomb squad officers placed the parcel into the bomb-disposal truck for removal to a Police Department firing range at Rodman's Neck in the Bronx. Police planned to wait until daylight today to inspect the package.

NEWSDAY

11-22-83

175-434-3

NOV 23 1983

b6  
b7c

Daily News  
FRONT PAGE  
CENTROFOLD  
1083

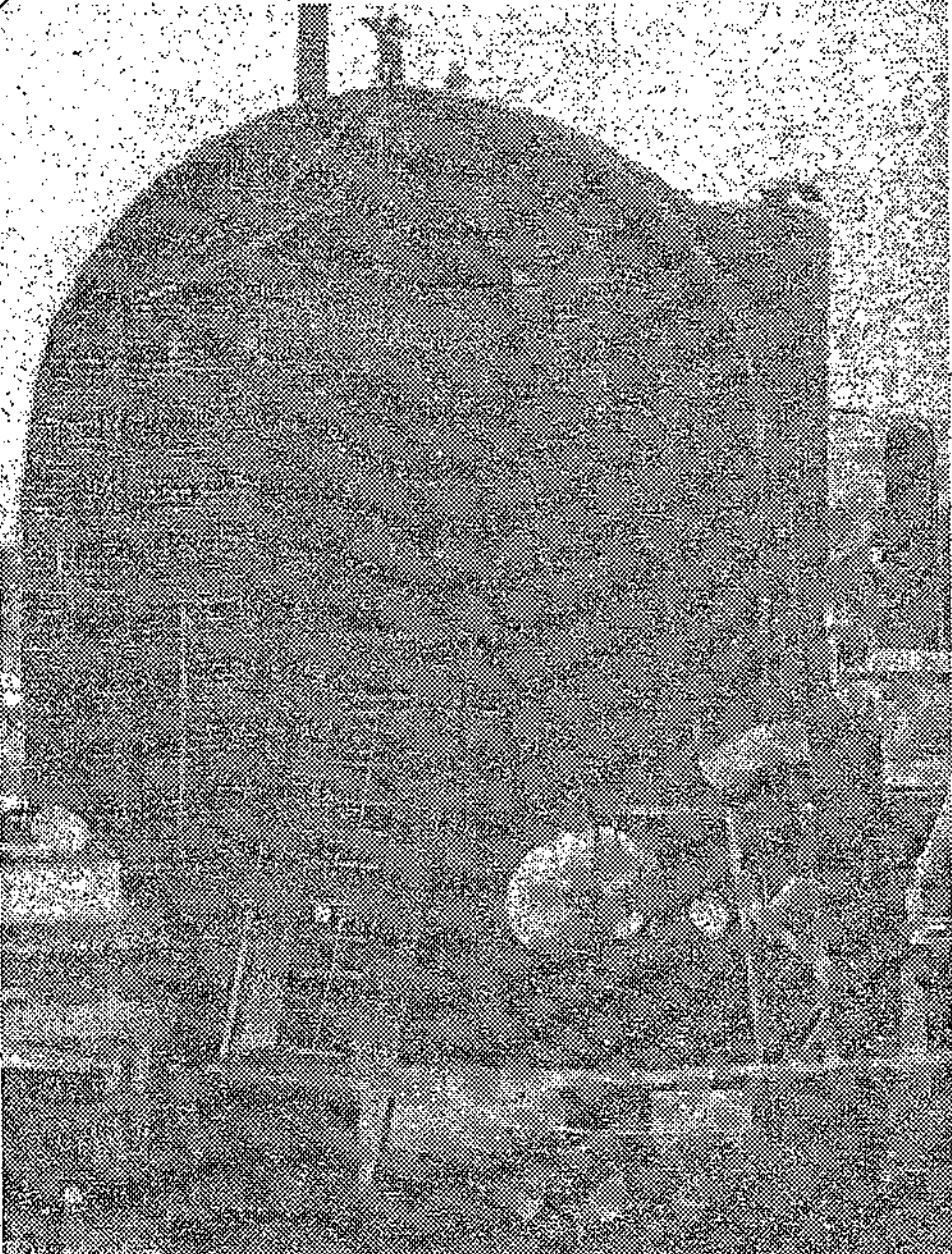
105-4  
NOV 28 1992  
b6  
b7C



BILL TURNBULL DAILY NEWS

**'Bomb' addressed to Reagan.** Bomb squad expert picks up a ticking device addressed to President Reagan at a U.S. postal facility yesterday at Kennedy Airport. X-rays revealed what appeared to be sticks of dynamite. The device was taken to Bronx police range for disposal. **Page 3; other pictures in centerfold**

# **Wiring ill will to Prez**



A bomb squad dog sniffs at a package discovered by a clerk in the post office building at JFK Airport yesterday. "It was addressed to the President and it was ticking," said Port Authority Police Lt. Jose Elique. The New York City Police Department was called to the scene to deal with the package. It was X-rayed and found to contain two sticks of dynamite. Police went through the nail-biting process of loading the device into a steel-mesh truck via a remote-control robot (photo left) and took it to the Rodmans Neck disposal site in the Bronx. FBI, Secret Service and postal officials have joined the police on the case. The incident occurred about 2:40 p.m. Earlier, the bomb squad raced to investigate another suspicious package at the Port Authority Bus Terminal in Manhattan. It was found to be harmless but 1,500 people had to be evacuated before police could probe it.



383



BILL TURNBULL DAILY NEWS



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

AIRTEL

DATE: 12/1/83

TO : DIRECTOR FBI

FROM : BROOKLYN-QUEENS (JFKRA) (175-) (C)

SUBJECT: UNSUB: aka. [REDACTED]

ALLEGED THREAT AGAINST THE PRESIDENT AND  
MRS. NANCY REAGAN;  
11/21/83  
(OO:BQ)

b6  
b7C

Re BQ teletype to Director, 11/22/83.

Enclosed for the Bureau are:

1. Two copies of FD 302 describing the parcel and contents which was addressed to "President REAGAN & Mrs."
2. One photo of above package.
3. Daily News article of 11/22/83.
4. Newsday article of 11/22/83.

Unless advised to the contrary <sup>by</sup> ~~to~~ the Bureau, no further investigation will be conducted by Brooklyn Queens Division.

2 - Bureau (Encls. 4)  
② - Brooklyn-Queens (175-)  
(1-JFKRA)  
[REDACTED]

(4)

175-434-5

b6  
b7C

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOI/PA  
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET  
FOI/PA# 1346627-000

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FOI/PA# 1346627-000

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Page 62 ~ b5; b6; b7C;  
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NOTE: Hand print names legibly; handwriting satisfactory for remainder.

Indices: ☐ Negative ☐ See below

Subject's name and aliases

Character of case

HENRY BELLMON, GOVERNOR - VICTIM  
EXTORTION - THREATENING LETTER  
OO:OC

EXTORTION

Complainant ☐ Protect Source

Complaint received

☐ Personal ☒ Telephonic Date 4-21-87 Time 5:20 PM

Address of subject

Complainant's address and telephone number

Subject's  
Description

Race

W

Sex

☒ Male

☐ Female

Height

Hair

Build

Birth date and Birthplace

8-18-52

Age

Weight

Eyes

Complexion

Social Security Number

Scars, marks or other data

FBI # 911316 H.

Facts of complaint

C- advised that Subject was fired from his job at the Oklahoma Tax Commission [redacted] on 4/21/87. The Office of the Governor received a letter addressed to Governor Henry Bellmon, postmarked Oklahoma City on 4/20/87 & addressed to Bellmon, in which [redacted] threatened to kill both Bellmon & his wife. This letter was then given to OHP security and [redacted] advised. The envelope bore the return address of Subject.

C- advised that he is ordering extra security for Bellmon & is having [redacted] OHP units keep a check on Subject thru the morning of 4/22/87. He requested that an agent contact him early morning of 4/22/87 & assume custody of the letter & handle as appropriate.

Action Recommended

Do not write in this space.

SEARCH  
SERIAL

APR 22 1987

9A-4707-1

b6  
b7C

b6  
b7C

b6  
b7C

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 4/22/87

[redacted] was advised of the identity of the interviewing Agent and the purpose of the interview. He then provided the following information:

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b7C

[redacted] advised that he was recently fired from the Oklahoma Tax Commission by [redacted]. [redacted] advised that prior to the tax commission, he was employed by the Department of Transportation. [redacted] was questioned about a threatening letter that had been received by Governor HENRY BELLMON's office. [redacted] denied any involvement with the writing and agreed to take a polygraph examination.

[redacted] advised that he could not think of anyone who would write this type of letter and place his return address on the letter.

b6  
b7C

As to [redacted] background, he stated that he was [redacted]

[redacted] continued by saying that in [redacted]

Investigation on 4/21/87 at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, Oklahoma City 9A-4707  
by SA [redacted] Date dictated 4/21/87

b6  
b7C



Field File No. 9A-4707-1A1

Serial # of Originating Document \_\_\_\_\_

OO and File No. \_\_\_\_\_

Date Received 6/20/80

From \_\_\_\_\_  
(NAME OF CONTRIBUTOR)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(ADDRESS OF CONTRIBUTOR)

By SA

To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☐ No Receipt Given ☐ Yes ☐ No

Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to  
Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure  
☐ Yes ☐ No

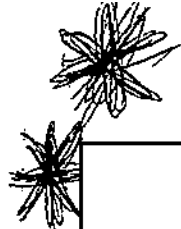
Title: UN Subj;  
OKL Gov Henry Bellmon -  
Extortion;  
OO: OKC  
(9A-4707)

Reference: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Communication Enclosing Material)

Description: ☒ Original notes re interview of

b6  
b7C

b6  
b7C



[Redacted]

b6  
b7C

\* off record

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

11/18/52

\* Oklahoma Tax Commission

[Redacted]

\* OK TAX Commission release Dept of Justice

\*

[Redacted]

\*

\* W. way to take a Polygraph

\* 78 Pantone

[Redacted]

b6  
b7C

OKC

\* Revoked as of Now (Dept of Public)

\*

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b6  
b7C

[Redacted]



Field File No. 9A - 4707 (1A2)

Serial # of Originating Document \_\_\_\_\_

OO and File No. \_\_\_\_\_

Date Received 4/24/87

From \_\_\_\_\_

And from \_\_\_\_\_OKC, OK

(City and State)

By SA \_\_\_\_\_To Be Returned ☐ Yes ☒ No Receipt Given ☐ Yes ☒ NoGrand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure ☐ Yes ☒ NoTitle: UNSUB;  
OKLAHOMA Gov Henry Bellmon - Governor  
Extortion;  
OO: OKC  
(OC 9A-4707)Reference: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Communication Enclosing Material)Description: ☐ Original notes re interview of\* Handwriting Samples of- Copies of Exemplarsb6  
b7Cb6  
b7C

Date

4-27-87

Title and Character of Case

UNSUB;  
OKLAHOMA GOVERNOR HENRY BELLMON, --- VICTIM;  
EXTORTION

Date Property Acquired 4-23-87		Source From Which Property Acquired [redacted] OHP and [redacted]	
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit BULKY ROOM		Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same [redacted] EVIDENCE	
To Be Returned <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	See Serial	Agent Submitting Property or Exhibit SA [redacted]	Agent Assigned Case SA [redacted]
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No Grand Jury Material - Disseminate Only Pursuant to Rule 6(e), Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.			

b6  
b7C

Description of Property or Exhibit

1. LETTER TO GOVERNOR HENRY BELLMON
2. HANDWRITING EXEMPLARS FROM [redacted]
3. MISC. HANDWRITING SAMPLES FROM [redacted]
4. COPY OF LETTER TO U.S. PRESIDENT RONALD REAGEN

b6  
b7C

For Valuable and/or Narcotics Evidence Only	
Evidence Bag Seal # _____	Signature of Two Special Agents Verifying and Sealing Bag Contents _____

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and Date)

Field File # 9A-4707 *IBC*

OO: OKLAHOMA CITY

ORIGINAL (FILE COPY)

BLOCK STAMP	
SEARCHED	[redacted]
SERIALIZED	[redacted]
APR 27 1987	
FBI - OKLAHO	

b6  
b7C

## CHAIN OF CUSTODY

[illegible][illegible]



U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Oklahoma City Division  
April 27, 1987

UNKNOWN SUBJECT;  
OKLAHOMA GOVERNOR HENRY BELLMON - VICTIM;  
EXTORTION

UNKNOWN SUBJECT;  
LETTER POSTMARKED APRIL 20, 1987, THREATENING  
TO KILL U.S. PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN AND WIFE;  
THREATS AGAINST THE PRESIDENT

On April 21, 1987, [redacted] OKLAHOMA HIGHWAY  
PATROL (OHP), advised FBI, Oklahoma City, that a threatening  
letter addressed to Oklahoma Governor HENRY BELLMON was received  
on April 21, 1987. The letter stated, "You and your fat wife  
will die as soon as I can spot you both together. It will be a  
pleasure for me two kill you both. FUCK YOU BOTH." The letter  
in question had a return address listed as [redacted]  
[redacted] however, the letter  
did not have a name listed in the return address slot. OKLAHOMA  
HIGHWAY PATROL forwarded original letter to OKLAHOMA STATE BUREAU  
OF INVESTIGATION (OSBI) Laboratory for processing. OSBI  
Laboratory developed no latent fingerprints.

b6  
b7C

Investigative inquiry at [redacted]  
[redacted] determined that [redacted] white  
male, [redacted]  
[redacted] Social Security Account Number [redacted] date of  
[redacted] was the lone resident at said address.  
[redacted] was interviewed regarding captioned matter and denied  
knowledge or involvement. Further investigation revealed that  
[redacted] had been [redacted] at the OKLAHOMA TAX  
COMMISSION (OTC) on [redacted] the same day captioned letter  
had been mailed.

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b7C

On April 22, 1987, at 9:50 A.M., [redacted] U.S.  
SECRET SERVICE OFFICE, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, was provided  
details surrounding aforementioned incident.

b5  
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b7C

On April 22, 1987, WILLIAM PRICE, U.S. Attorney,  
Western District of Oklahoma, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, stated [redacted]  
[redacted]  
[redacted]

b6  
b7C

This document contains neither  
recommendations nor conclusions of  
the FBI. It is the property of  
the FBI and is loaned to your agency;  
it and its contents are not to be  
distributed outside your agency.

Indexed  
Filed  
FBI/DOJ

6-Bureau 1-WFO  
1-USA, WDO, OKC, OK  
1-U.S. Secret Service  
OKC, OK  
3-Oklahoma City  
(9A-4707)(1-175-0)

(12)

9A-4707-2

UNSUB;  
OKLAHOMA GOVERNOR HENRY BELLMON - VICTIM;

On April 23, 1987, suspect [ ] was reinterviewed regarding captioned matter, and handwriting exemplars were obtained from him for comparison. Also, plans were initiated for a polygraph examination.

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b7C

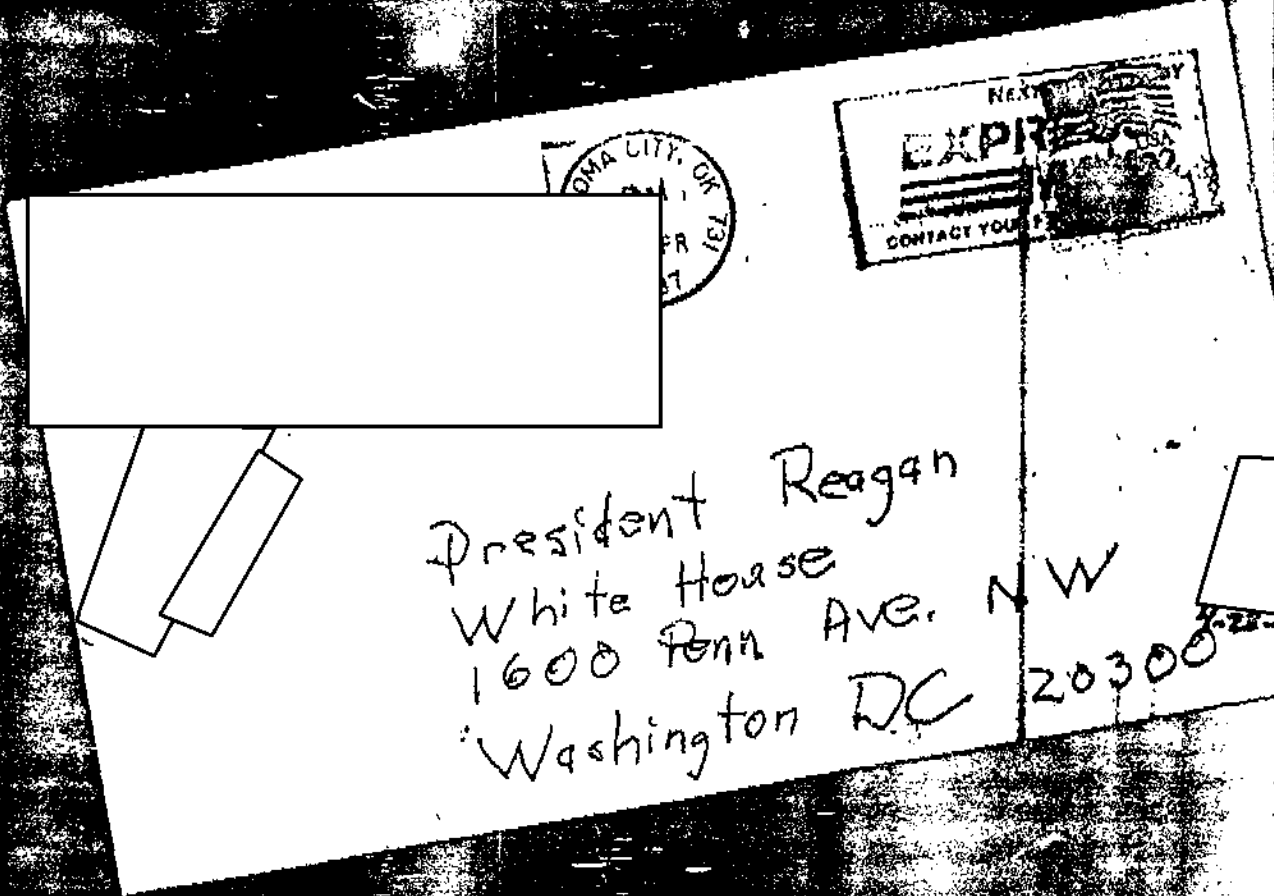
On April 24, 1987, [ ] Special Agent in Charge, U.S. SECRET SERVICE, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, advised that a letter postmarked April 20, 1987, with the return address [ ] had been addressed to the President of the United States at the White House. Said letter stated, "You and your cunt wife will die as soon as I can get two Washington. I would cut your throats if I could get close enough, but I'll have to settle for shooting. BOTH YOUR ASSES ARE DEAD."

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b7C

On April 24, 1987, [ ] Special Agent, U.S. SECRET SERVICE, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, advised that they were in the process of interviewing suspect [ ] and obtaining handwriting exemplars. They also advised that they were pursuing a polygraph examination.

On April 27, 1987, [ ] Special Agent, U.S. SECRET SERVICE, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, advised that [ ] had declined to take a polygraph examination, and that he is seeking counsel.

FBI, at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, is continuing investigation and coordinating the same with the U.S. SECRET SERVICE at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.



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#2 9A-4707-4

b6  
b7C

# Memorandum



To : SAC, OKLAHOMA CITY (9A-4707)(P)

Date 5/14/87

From : SA [redacted]

b6  
b7C

Subject :

[redacted]  
HENRY BELLMON, GOVERNOR - VICTIM;  
EXTORTION;  
OO: Oklahoma City

## Synopsis of investigation:

Threatening letters were received by the offices of Oklahoma Governor HENRY BELLMON and President RONALD REAGAN. [redacted] is currently residing at return address on letters. Interview of [redacted] by FBI and SECRET SERVICE failed to reveal any involvement by [redacted] SA [redacted] UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE, advised that no latent prints had been obtained from the letter mailed to the President, and that handwriting exemplars given by [redacted] were inconclusive when compared to handwriting in said letter.

b6  
b7C

[redacted] provided FBI at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, with handwriting exemplars; lab results pending.

## LEADS:

### OKLAHOMA CITY DIVISION

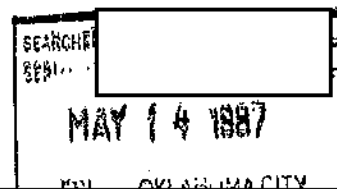
AT OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA. 1) Interview [redacted]  
[redacted] OKLAHOMA TAX COMMISSION, re captioned matter. She was [redacted]

b6  
b7C

2) If handwriting comparisons prove negative regarding [redacted] get prosecutive opinion.



5/14/87  
[redacted]



b6  
b7C



9A-4707-5

AIRTEL

5/27/87

TO: SAC, OKLAHOMA CITY (9A-4707) (175-0)  
FROM: SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE  
(9A-5584) (RUC) (C-4)

UNSUB;  
OKLAHOMA GOVERNOR HENRY BELIMON-VICTIM;  
EXTORTION;  
(OO:OC)  
(OC 9A-4707)

UNSUB;  
LETTER POSTMARKED APRIL 20, 1987,  
THREATENING TO KILL US PRESIDENT  
RONALD REAGAN AND WIFE;  
THREATS AGAINST THE PRESIDENT  
(OO:OC)  
(OC 175-0)

Re Oklahoma City airtel to Director, FBI dated 4/27/87.

On 5/15/87, Special Agent (SA) [REDACTED] WFO, contacted the Washington, D.C. (WDC) office of the UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE (USSS) and spoke with USSS SA [REDACTED] concerning the above captioned matter. SA [REDACTED] stated that a case had been opened in the WDC office of the USSS and that all logical investigation had been completed in WDC. He stated that the investigation had begun to focus on one [REDACTED] in Oklahoma City, and that no further investigation need be done in WDC.

b6  
b7C

④ Oklahoma City (②-9A-4707) (2-175-0)  
1-Washington Field

[REDACTED]  
(3)

b6  
b7C

20  
JUN 01 1987

9A-4707-1



WFO 9A-5584

On 5/18/87, SA [redacted] contacted Oklahoma City FBI SA [redacted] the Oklahoma City Case Agent, concerning the matter. SA [redacted] concurred in USSS SA [redacted] opinion that no further investigation need be done in WDC by WFO. Since no further investigation need be done by WFO at the present time, WFO is placing this matter in RUC status.

b6  
b7C

# Memorandum



To

SAC, OKLAHOMA CITY (9A-4707) (P)

Date 6/10/87

From :

SA [redacted]

Subject :

UNSUBS;  
OKLAHOMA GOVERNOR HENRY BELLMON-VICTIM;  
EXTORTION;  
OO: OKLAHOMA CITY

Effective 5/4/87, SA [redacted] was transferred from [redacted] SA [redacted] will be working the "OK-SKIM" investigation, a major case, involving numerous subjects defrauding the Department of Housing and Urban Development and federally insured financial institutions.

In light of above, captioned investigation will be held in abeyance until "OK-SKIM" investigation is completed.

*Resolve w/ AUSA!*

1\*

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b6  
b7C

b6  
b7C

9A-4707-10

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FBI

## TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype  
☐ Facsimile  
☐ AIRTEL

## PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate  
☐ Priority  
☒ Routine

## CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET  
☐ SECRET  
☐ CONFIDENTIAL  
☐ UNCLAS E F T O  
☐ UNCLAS

Date 4/16/81

TO: SAC, ST. LOUIS (175-129)  
 FROM: SAC, LOUISVILLE (175-38) (RUC)  
 SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

b6  
b7C

THREAT AGAINST PRESIDENT REAGAN  
 AND NANCY REAGAN

OO: St. Louis

Re St. Louis teletype to the Bureau, 4/14/81.

Enclosed for St. Louis is 1-A envelope containing  
 original self-explanatory letter concerning captioned matter.

For information of St. Louis, letter with St. Louis  
 post date 4/10/81, arrived Post Office Building, Louisville,  
 Ky., on 4/14/81.

On the same date, Special Agent [REDACTED]  
 United States Secret Service, Room 439, Post Office Building,  
 Louisville, retrieved the letter from Louisville postal  
 authorities and relinquished same to Louisville Division.

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Since First AUSA [REDACTED] is  
 contemplating prosecution, the letter is being forwarded  
 to St. Louis Division for examination and for later submission  
 to FBI Laboratory for analysis.

Unless advised to the contrary, no further investigation  
 contemplated by Louisville Division.

② - St. Louis (Enc. [REDACTED])  
 1 - Louisville  
 [REDACTED]

(3)

1\*

175-129-17

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SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 23 1981	

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Approve

Transmitted (Number)

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# Hater, Liar & Murderers



## "Pharisee Jews"

00

John 8:44

## "Devil Worship"

### Synagogues

Bais Abraham Congregation  
6910 Delmar-863-9639  
Office 6910 Delmar-721-3030  
Beth Hamedrosh Hagadol Congregation  
1227 North And South Rd-721-1037  
Beth Tephilah Congregation  
6351 Southwd-727-9506  
B'Nai Amoona Congregation  
524 Third-725-5505  
B'Nai El Temple  
Jerrold M Levy-Rabbi  
Bertram Klausner-Rabbi Emeritus  
11411 Hwy 40-432-6393  
Brith Shalom Kneseth Israel Congregation  
Benson Skoff-Rabbi  
1107 Linden Av-725-6230  
Study 1107 Linden Av-721-2223  
Chesed Shel Emeth Congregation  
700 North And South Rd-727-7585  
Congregation Kol Am  
620 N Woodsmill-576-4914  
Jewish Federation Of Southern Illinois  
Office Hrs Mon-Fri  
4464 W Main Belleville Il  
East St Louis Il Tel No-271-2400  
Mishkan Israel-Sherel Thilim Congregation  
7205 Dorset-863-7753  
Nusach Hari-B'Nai Zion Congregation  
8630 Olive Street Rd-991-2100  
Nusach Hari-B'Nai Zion Congregation  
Bldg 8630 Olive Blvd-993-4821  
Nusach Hari-B'Nai Zion Educational  
Building 8630 Olive Blvd-993-4821  
Shaare Emeth Temple-  
Offices & Schools  
School 11645 Ladue Rd-569-0010  
Shaare Zedek Synagogue-  
Zalman M Stein-Rabbi  
Rabbi Levi Galperin-Cantor  
829 N Hanley-727-1747  
School Ofc 829 N Hanley-727-2565  
Kitchen 829 N Hanley-727-0080  
Temple Emanuel 12166 Conway Rd-432-5877  
Temple Israel 10675 Ladue Rd-432-8050  
Tiferis Israel-Chevre Kadisha  
Congregation 14550 Ladue Rd-469-7060  
Traditional Congregation Of Creve Coeur  
12437 Ladue Rd-576-5230  
Union Of American Hebrew Congregations  
8420 Delmar-997-7566  
United Hebrew Congregation  
225 S Skinker-726-4666  
United Hebrew Gudder Educational  
Center 13788 Conway-434-3404  
Young Israel Synagogue & Youth Center  
7800 Groby-727-1880

PHARISEE JEWS are PROFESSIONAL  
Devil Worshipers and EXPERTS  
of HATE, LIES, MURDER and  
PRIDE DEMAGOGUERY.

Anyone that desires to SEE a  
DEVIL WORSHIPER can WATCH Jews  
that enter into SYNAGOGUES of  
THEIR FATHER THE-DEVIL and worship  
FOR HATRED-POWER, LYING-POWER,  
MURDER-POWER and PRIDE-POWER.

A PROFESSIONAL JEW is in THE-IMAGE  
of THE-DEVIL.

THE-DEVIL IS: A LIAR, A MURDERER,  
A PRIDE MONGER and  
A HATER.

DEVIL WORSHIP is guaranteed by  
ROMAN LAW..... because ROMAN LAW  
guarantees SATAN Socieology and  
Ideology and THE-DEVIL IS The  
Father of SATAN. Beelzabub,  
The-Demon is the 1st cousin of  
SATAN. MOLOCH is the 2nd Cousin  
of SATAN. SIN is the Adultress  
DIVORCED WIFE AND BRIDE of Satan.

IF You WANT to worship THE-DEVIL  
ask a PHARISEE JEW to take YOU  
with him to his SYNAGOGUE or visit  
a PHARISEE JEW and practice HIS  
WORKS.

DEVIL WORSHIP IS GUARANTEED by  
THE COSMIC SUPREME COURT JUDGES  
of ABADDON (or APOLLYON) because  
DEVIL WORSHIP guarantees CITIZEN-  
SHIP In-HELL with ABADDON.

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b7C

"TRUTH" Act 3:22-23

# A SEARCH FOR UNDERSTANDING

by

ECSTASY

b6  
b7C

the state in which the mind is fixed on what it contemplates, resting beside oneself, as when obsessed by a powerful emotional feeling. A mystical trance - such is ecstasy.

They loved until they have experienced the full ecstasy. Ecstasy is the supreme expression of love in a total

cal gratification up to the point of climax or orgasm for only the height of love. How empty and unfulfilling such physical aspects of the relationship are held above the which encompass the desire and need to be recognized and loved fully and fully as a person.

Society today are incapable of loving as totally and fully because they have not been taught the true and full meaning meant to be understood. Nothing can equal the supreme fully comprehended and applied in a manner pleasing to Him. Gift of life to use rightfully and when comprehended properly-rewarding human experiences. Absolutely nothing can super-

between man and woman is so total that it is absolutely mental and physical processes of the human-being when will return to those who experience it a feeling of such which will ever enter between them or cause them to want to even when apart they will be together in mind and spirit. No persons in love is a transformation into "Oneness for it's truest and purest form.

They mis-interpreted the beauty of relationships between enjoyed in many persons the ability to find love because of it. Norms of society such as the playboy philosophy, have and beauty of true love by placing it on a level of al worship. The human values of true love and life and her have been mis-represented; consequently this has s of fulfillment so essential to the human needs of a man n we correct our mis-interpretations of God's gift of love tenderness, compassion, inner fulfillment, satisfaction impossible. God's human love is supreme in marriage. It as the fullest and most rewarding form of life humanly men.

"ECSTASY

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FBI

## TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype  
☐ Facsimile  
☒ Airtel

## PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate  
☐ Priority  
☐ Routine

## CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET  
☐ SECRET  
☐ CONFIDENTIAL  
☐ UNCLAS E F T O  
☐ UNCLAS

Date 4/30/81

TO: SAC, ST. LOUIS (175-129)  
 FROM: SAC, SPRINGFIELD (175-0-99)  
 SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

## PROTECTION OF THE PRESIDENT

Re Springfield airtel to Bureau, 4/15/81.

Enclosed for St. Louis are the following:

1. Two copies of an FD-302 reflecting receipt of a letter, 4/28/81, Springfield, Illinois;
2. Two copies of above letter received by FBI, Springfield.

Enclosed material being forwarded for the information of St. Louis.

2 - St. Louis (175-129) (Enc. [REDACTED])  
 2 - Springfield (1: 175-0-99)  
 (1: 66-1967)

[REDACTED]  
 (4)

- 1\* -

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Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Transmitted \_\_\_\_\_ (Number) \_\_\_\_\_ (Time) Per \_\_\_\_\_

175-129-32

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175-129-32

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FBI

## TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype  
☐ Facsimile  
☒ Airtel

## PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate  
☐ Priority  
☐ Routine

## CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET  
☐ SECRET  
☐ CONFIDENTIAL  
☐ UNCLAS E F T O  
☐ UNCLAS

Date 5/6/81

TO: SAC, ST. LOUIS (175-129)  
 FROM: SAC, HONOLULU (175-40) (RUC)  
 SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

THREAT AGAINST PRESIDENT REAGAN  
 AND NANCY REAGAN  
 (OO: St. Louis)

Re St. Louis teletype, 4/14/81.

Enclosed for St. Louis is a copy of a letter received by Base Commander, Naval Air Station, Barber's Point, Hawaii.

A search of Honolulu indices disclosed that [REDACTED] sent two letters to the Base Commander, Naval Air Station, Ewa Beach, Hawaii. The enclosed letter was postmarked 6/2/78. The first letter was destroyed at the naval air station 90 days after completion of their investigation in 1978. This information was received from SA [REDACTED] Barber's Point, Hawaii, on 5/1/81.

No further investigation will be conducted at Honolulu, and case considered RUC'd.

② - St. Louis (Enc. 1 [REDACTED])  
 1 - Honolulu

[REDACTED]  
 (3)

175-129-35  
 [REDACTED]  
 MAY 11 1981

Approved [REDACTED]

Transmitted [REDACTED] (Number) (Time)

Per [REDACTED]

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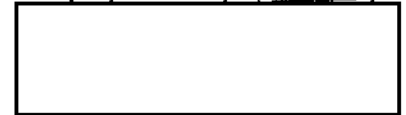
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175-129-38



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175-129-38

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FBI - ST. LOUIS	

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156-179-41

[Redacted]

SEARCHED \_\_\_\_\_  
JUN 8 1981


[Redacted]

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156-179-41

175-129-41

SERIALIZED	FILED
SEARCHED	INDEXED
JUN 5 1981	
FBI-ST. LOU	



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175-129-46

[Redacted]

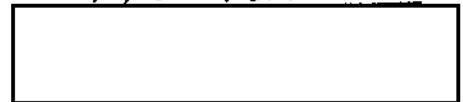
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JUN 17 1961

[Redacted]

b6  
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175-129-45



JUN 17 1961



b6  
b7C

175-129-45

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b6  
b7C

175-129-45

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# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C. 20537

## REPORT

of the

### LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

YOUR FILE NO. 175-115  
FBI FILE NO. 175-613  
LATENT CASE NO. C-486

July 13, 1981

TO: SAC, Houston

RE:  AKA;  
THREAT AGAINST PRESIDENT REAGAN  
AND NANCY REAGAN

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REFERENCE: Airtel 5-26-81  
EXAMINATION REQUESTED BY: Houston  
SPECIMENS: Envelope, Q10  
Card, Q11  
Piece of newspaper, Q12

The specimens are further described in a separate Laboratory report.

One latent fingerprint was developed on Q10. No latent prints of value were developed on the remaining specimens.

No fingerprint record was located in the Identification Division files for

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The specimens are enclosed.

Enc. (3)

② - St. Louis (175-129)

175-129-47

b6  
b7C

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
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# Memorandum



To : SAC, ST. LOUIS (175-129) (P)

Date 8/20/81

From : SUPERVISOR [REDACTED]

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b7C

Subject : [REDACTED]

THREAT AGAINST PRESIDENT  
REAGAN AND NANCY REAGAN

(OO: SL)

For background information, [REDACTED] has been a chronic letter writer of the St. Louis Division for about ten years. He is well known to the U. S. Secret Service, the U. S. Postal Inspectors, and the FBI, and he has been [REDACTED] in the past.

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On 8/20/81, captioned case was discussed with First Assistant U.S. Attorney (AUSA) [REDACTED] and AUSA [REDACTED] EDMO, St. Louis. AUSA [REDACTED] advised that he [REDACTED]

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Due to the above and the U.S. Attorney's opinion that [REDACTED] advise FBIHQ, Houston, U.S. Attorney, U.S. Secret Service, and U. S. Postal Inspectors, that the St. Louis Division is conducting no further investigation.

(2) - St. Louis  
[REDACTED]

175-129-48

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

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b7C



U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

P.O. Box 7251, Main Station  
St. Louis, Missouri 63177  
September 4, 1981

[Redacted]  
Agent in Charge  
U. S. Secret Service  
Room 936  
U. S. Court & Customs House  
St. Louis, Missouri 63101

Dear [Redacted]

Re: [Redacted]

Threat Against President  
Reagan and Nancy Reagan

Recently [Redacted] has been sending letters  
to various Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Divisions  
which contain veiled threats against President Reagan and  
Nancy Reagan.

This matter was discussed with First Assistant  
United States Attorney (AUSA) [Redacted]  
advised that [Redacted]  
[Redacted] Therefore, no further investigation into this case  
will be taken by the St. Louis office of the FBI at this time.

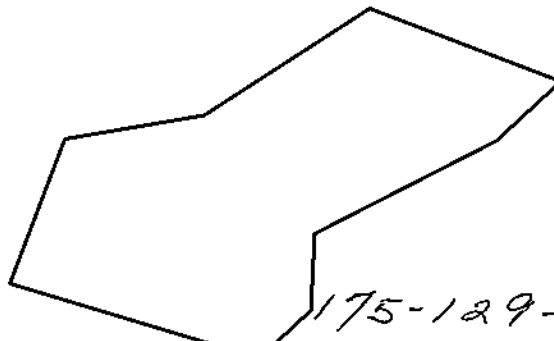
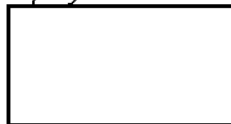
Very truly yours,

GLENN L. YOUNG  
Special Agent in Charge

By: [Redacted]

Supervisory Special Agent

1 - Addressee  
① - St. Louis (175-129)



SEARCHED  
SERIALIZED  
INDEXED  
FILED

FBI/DOJ



U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

P. O. Box 7251, Main Station  
St. Louis, Missouri 63177  
September 4, 1981

[Redacted]  
Postal Inspector in Charge  
200 S. Hanley Road  
St. Louis, Missouri 63199

Dear [Redacted]

Re: [Redacted]

Threat Against President  
Reagan and Nancy Reagan

Recently [Redacted] has been sending letters  
to various Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Divisions  
which contain veiled threats against President Reagan and  
Nancy Reagan.

This matter was discussed with First Assistant  
United States Attorney (AUSA) [Redacted]  
advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted] Therefore, no further investigation into this case  
will be taken by the St. Louis office of the FBI at this time.

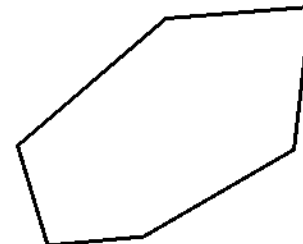
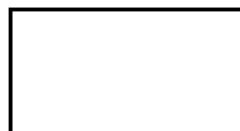
Very truly yours,

GLENN L. YOUNG  
Special Agent in Charge

By: [Redacted]

Supervisory Special Agent

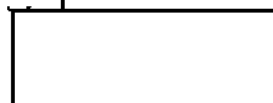
1 - Addressee  
① - St. Louis (175-129)



175-129-50

SEARCHED

3710/21





U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

Post Office Box 7251, Main Station  
St. Louis, Missouri 63177  
September 4, 1981

Honorable Thomas E. Dittmeier  
United States Attorney  
United States Department of Justice  
402 U. S. Court House and Customs House  
1114 Market Street  
St. Louis, Missouri 63101

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Attention: [redacted]  
First Assistant United States Attorney

Dear Mr. Dittmeier:

RE: [redacted]

Threat Against President Reagan  
and Nancy Reagan

This letter will confirm a conversation between  
Supervisor Special Agent [redacted] and First Assistant  
United States Attorney (AUSA) [redacted] on August 20,  
1981, at which time the following matter was discussed.

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Recently [redacted] has been sending letters  
to various Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) field offices  
which contain veiled threats against President Reagan and Nancy  
Reagan.

[redacted] advised that [redacted]  
[redacted] Therefore, the  
St. Louis Division is conducting no further investigation into  
this case.

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b7C

Sincerely,

GLENN L. YOUNG  
Special Agent in Charge

By: [redacted]

Supervisory Special Agent

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b7C

1 - Addressee  
① - St. Louis (175-129)

175-129-51  
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOI/PA  
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FOI/PA# 1346627-000

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FBI

TRANSMIT VIA:

☐ Teletype  
☐ Facsimile  
☒ AIRTEL

PRECEDENCE:

☐ Immediate  
☐ Priority  
☐ Routine

CLASSIFICATION:

☐ TOP SECRET  
☐ SECRET  
☐ CONFIDENTIAL  
☐ UNCLAS E F T O  
☐ UNCLAS

Date 10/6/81

TO: SAC, ST. LOUIS (175-129)

FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (175-115) (RUC)

THREAT AGAINST PRESIDENT  
REAGAN AND NANCY REAGAN  
(00: SL)

Re Identification Div. Latent Fingerprint  
Report, 7/13/81.

Enclosed for St. Louis is one envelope containing evidence identified as:

1. Envelope, Q-10 ;
2. Card, Q-11;
3. Piece of newspaper, Q-12

As St. Louis is origin in captioned matter, the enclosed evidence which was examined by the Identification Division in referenced report is being forwarded to St. Louis.

2-St. Louis (Encs.  
1-Houston

(3)

57.  
58.

UCI 201931

Approved:

Transmitted

(Number)

(Time)

Per

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b7C

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b7C



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOI/PA  
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## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 4/6/81

[redacted] Berkeley, California, was contacted when he returned to his residence by Special Agent [redacted] FBI, and Special Agent [redacted] U. S. Secret Service (USSS), at which time [redacted] was immediately informed of both the personal and official identities of interviewing Agents, as well as their intention to interview him regarding the package which was sent to [redacted] at Dallas, Texas, via Federal Express, at which time he provided the following information:

[redacted] immediately began speaking irrationally, jumping every few seconds from one subject to another. Some of the subjects [redacted] spoke about included Jesus Christ, Vice President Bush being a drug pusher, the oppression of the American Indians, how America should be a socialist country, and ways to communicate with nature by talking to trees and bushes.

[redacted] freely admitted that he had recently sent a package via Federal Express consisting of books and typewritten pages of advice to the parents of [redacted] in Dallas, Texas, offering to represent their son. [redacted] stated that he had never met or even heard of the name [redacted] until he read about him after the assassination attempt on President Reagan. [redacted] also learned of the names and addresses of [redacted] parents from the newspaper and then decided to write to them.

[redacted] admitted to recently being arrested by the Berkeley Police Department for [redacted] and at the time, he had a Nunchuk (two combat sticks held together with a chain) in his possession. He also admitted sending numerous letters to various people in the world, including Nancy Reagan.

[redacted] claimed not to have psychiatric problems; however, [redacted] in Berkeley, California. [redacted] also said that he had been [redacted] and has had various problems ever since.

Sub A-520

Interviewed on 4/3/81 at Berkeley, California File # SF 175-117 Major Case #35

by [redacted] Date dictated 4/6/81

2  
SF 175-117

b6  
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[redacted] insisted that his interview be conducted outside and thus, did not allow interviewing Agents into his home. He denied having any weapons and was evasive in his response to several questions.

On several occasions during the interview, [redacted] stated that he had recently gone to Amherst College in Massachusetts, where he had for some reason been treated very unfairly.

b6  
b7C

It is noted that it was difficult interviewing [redacted] inasmuch as he would not answer several questions and would constantly change the subject in order for him to expound on social problems existing in the world.

The following descriptive data was obtained during the interview of [redacted]

b6  
b7C

Name  
Sex  
Race  
Date of Birth  
Place of Birth  
Eyes  
Hair  
Height  
Weight  
Build  
Complexion  
Marital Status  
Occupation  
California  
Driver's  
License #  
Social Security  
Account  
Number  
Parents

[redacted]  
Male  
Negro

[redacted]

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
FOI/PA  
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET  
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## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 4/6/81

[redacted] (protect), [redacted]  
[redacted] was contacted  
by SA [redacted] at which time SA [redacted] immediately advised  
[redacted] of both the personal and official identity of  
interviewing Agent, as well as his intention to interview him  
regarding [redacted]. In the presence  
of [redacted] at the time of the interview was [redacted]  
[redacted] (protect). At the time of the interview,  
[redacted] provided SA [redacted] with the following  
information:

b6  
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b7D

[redacted]

b6  
b7C  
b7D

[redacted]

b6  
b7C  
b7D

[redacted]

b6  
b7C  
b7DInterviewed on 4/3/81 at [redacted]File # SF 175-117  
Major Case #35b6  
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2  
SF 175-117



b6  
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
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## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date of transcription 4/13/81

[redacted] Postal Inspector, United States Postal Service, Omaha, Nebraska, and Special Agent (SA) [redacted] United States Secret Service, Omaha, accompanied the interviewing Agent and located [redacted] at his residence [redacted] Omaha, Nebraska. [redacted] was advised of the identity of the interviewing Agents and was shown the post-card which was being sent to him from Detroit, Michigan, and the purpose of the interview.

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[redacted] advised that the handwriting on the card appeared to be that of a friend of his by the name of [redacted] who has sent him several prank and humorous communications in the past. [redacted] advised that [redacted] resides at [redacted] Detroit, Michigan, home telephone number [redacted] and that they [redacted] in the Detroit area.

b6  
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[redacted] advised that [redacted] is employed for Childrens International Summer Villages (CISV) and has traveled to Europe and India. [redacted] advised he would consider [redacted] somewhat unusual in his beliefs; however, he would not consider him to be radical or a violent person, and considers him [redacted] a stable individual who comes from a middle class family. [redacted] describes [redacted] as a white male, date of birth [redacted] place of birth Detroit, Michigan, [redacted]

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[redacted] advised that he is currently [redacted] [redacted] and that it was prior to his coming to Omaha when he last saw [redacted] [redacted] advised although he has not seen [redacted] in several months they occasionally contact each other by telephone.

b6  
b7C

[redacted] also made available a large brown manila envelope postmarked January 29, 1981, Detroit, Michigan, which he received from [redacted] which contained a couple of t-shirts and a return address of Nancy Reagan fan club, [redacted] Detroit, Michigan.

[redacted] advised that [redacted] is known as a prankster, and is always pulling jokes and clowning around with his friends,

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WFO-175-311 SUBA-1314

Investigation on 4/6/81 at Omaha, Nebraska File # Omaha 175-69-49by SA [redacted] Date dictated 4/7/81b6  
b7C

and considers this to be a prank, as he has in the past, considering other cards he has received.

[ ] is described as follows:

Name  
Race  
Sex  
Date of Birth  
Place of Birth  
Height  
Weight  
Hair  
Eyes  
Social Security  
Account Number  
Home Address  
  
Parents  
Home Telephone  
Father's  
Employment

[ ]  
White  
Male

[ ]

[ ] voluntarily turned over the postcard in question to the FBI and in turn was advised that if the postcard was not significant to an official investigation it would be immediately returned to him.

b6  
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b6  
b7C



Los Angeles Times

DAILY NEWS  
NEW YORK'S PICTURE NEWSPAPER

The New York Times

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

The Washington Star  
Founded in 1852

Published Daily and Sunday by The Evening Star Newspaper Co.

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

The Washington Post

SPECIAL  
EDITION



SPECIAL  
EDITION

ATTEMPTED PRESIDENTIAL ASSASSINATION

ARTICLES

March 31, 1981

## DAILY PRESS SUMMARY FOR THE DIRECTOR

PREPARED BY  
THE OFFICE OF CONGRESSIONAL  
AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS

P.M. Edition

175-311-Sub D-4

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NEWSPAPER ARTICLES OF ATTEMPTED  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT REAGAN

P.M. EDITION

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THE SHOOTING

# Reagan Shot, Is Stable; Police Hold Suspect, 25

By Patrick Owens and Patrick J. Sloyan  
Newsday Washington Bureau

Washington—President Reagan was in stable condition early today after being shot in the left side yesterday by a husky young man who sprayed the presidential party with gunfire outside a hotel, felling a Secret Service agent and a city policeman and seriously wounding White House press secretary James Brady in the head.

Reagan's prognosis "is excellent," said Dr. Dennis O'Leary after the 70-year-old chief executive spent three hours in the George Washington University Hospital operating room where a medical team removed a "really mangled" .22-cal. slug. The bullet had entered beneath the President's left armpit, ricocheted off a rib and then lodged in the lower lobe of his lung, collapsing it. "He was full of wisecracks," O'Leary said, discussing Reagan's good spirits.

Charged with attempted assassination of the President was 25-year-old John W. Hinckley Jr., son of a wealthy Colorado oilman, who police said slipped into a line of reporters witnessing Reagan's departure from the Washington Hilton. Police said the suspect opened fire only 15 feet from the President, emptying six shots from the revolver in two seconds. Hinckley had been arrested during last year's presidential campaign for attempting to carry pistols on a commercial jetliner in Nashville on the same day President Jimmy Carter was in town.



John W. Hinckley Jr.

Nofziger said there had been no consideration of delegating full presidential powers to Bush under the disability provisions of the Presidential Succession Act.

Brady, who had been bantering with reporters earlier Monday at the White House, was fighting for his life at the same hospital where Reagan was recovering. The bullet entered his forehead and went through his brain. Brady remained in critical condition after 4½ hours of surgery.

Also wounded was Police Officer Thomas Delahanty, 45, who was in good condition although doctors at the Washington Hospital Center were unable to remove a bullet lodged in his neck near his spinal column. Listed in stable condition was Secret Service agent Timothy McCarthy, who was shot in the stomach.

Within a few seconds, the shooting transformed what had been a slow and dreary Monday afternoon into a day of turmoil in the nation's capital, where word that the President had been wounded did not come for almost an hour after the shooting.

The shooting occurred after Reagan addressed the Building and Construction Trades Department of the AFL-CIO in the main ballroom of the Washington Hilton. "The American people are with us in our cause," he said in finishing the speech. The red-coated Marine Band played as Reagan departed, smiling and shaking hands with labor leaders.

Outside, on the terrace level of the hotel, a group of reporters from the White House press corps gathered to record the President's departure. They would later file a pool report to be used by the entire press corps. NBC television cameraman Shelly Fieldman saw a number of members of the public, including a man later identified as Hinckley, slip into the roped-off press area. Fieldman complained to nearby police officers, who he said ignored him.

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The Washington Post \_\_\_\_\_  
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Daily News (New York) \_\_\_\_\_  
The New York Times \_\_\_\_\_  
The Wall Street Journal \_\_\_\_\_  
The Atlanta Constitution \_\_\_\_\_  
The Los Angeles Times \_\_\_\_\_  
Newsday 3  
Date 3-31-81

Most of the reporters stood under a canopy behind a white police rope. It had been raining most of the day, but the sky lightened as Reagan left by a special VIP entrance near the main terrace entrance. His bullet-proof limousine, fender flags drooping in the drizzle, was waiting with the door opened. It was the first car in a motorcade parked next to a 25-foot limestone retaining wall. It was about 2:25 PM, and millions of Americans saw what happened next on network television shows.

"The President was smiling and waving to the folks across the street, and then he turned and all hell broke loose," said Frank Both, 60, a union official from Lake Charles, La., who had come outside to witness the departure.

Associated Press reporter Mike Putzel had called, "Mr. President, three times in hopes of getting a question answered. But as the President turned, there were two quick pops, then four more. 'They went off right in my ear,' said Walter Rodgers, another AP reporter, who was knocked to the ground as police and

Secret Service agents swarmed over the gunman.

Reagan's big smile vanished. Secret Service agent Jerry Parr, in charge of the presidential detail, spun him roughly and shoved him into his limousine. No one could say who was shot first, but Brady, Delahanty and McCarthy were on the ground as Reagan was being manhandled into his car.

There was almost a two-second pause after the gunshots before the screaming and shouting began. Screams and the curses of police officers could be heard in tape recordings of the scene. "Get back, get back," were the recurring shouts.

The gunman was under a pile of agents and police by then. Brady was face down nearby, blood oozing from his forehead. Sprawled on top of him and screaming in pain was Delahanty. Twenty feet away on the same sidewalk was McCarthy.

Other agents pulled Uzi submachines and pistols, but by then it was all over. The agents began tending the wounded on the sidewalk as the presidential limousine, one of its windows struck by another bullet, raced to the hospital 15 blocks away. Inside with Reagan were Parr and another agent. Reagan was bleeding steadily. The President's physician, Dr. Daniel Ruge, had been left behind.

A radio in the presidential limousine was used to alert the hospital staff. "He was literally met at the door by our trauma team," Dr. O'Leary said.

Reagan remained conscious and alert throughout the trip. Upon his arrival, he got out of the car and, with agents holding his arms on either side, walked into the emergency room.

The coat of Reagan's blue suit was open enough so that Willis King of Washington, waiting in the emergency room, could see blood dripping down his white shirt. According to O'Leary, the President lost about 2½ quarts of blood, which was replaced by transfusion before surgery. A 160-pound adult has about five quarts of blood.

"You could see he felt faint and began to stagger," said Frank Richards, 28, a medical student from Salt Lake City. Richards watched Reagan lie on a stretcher as the Secret Service began securing the emergency room. "Everybody was pretty nervous," Richards said.

Nancy Reagan, who had attended a lunch while her husband was speaking to the labor group, got word that he had been wounded when she returned to the White House at about 2:30 PM. She raced to the hospital along with top Reagan aides, including Neffziger, chief of staff James Baker, counselor Edwin Meese III and special assistant Michael Deaver.

"Who's minding the store?" Reagan cracked when he saw his top staff at the hospital.

"Honey, I forgot to duck," he told his wife. To another close friend, Sen. Paul Laxalt (R-Nev.), Reagan said: "Don't worry about me—I'll make it."

Neffziger, who relayed the President's cracks to reporters, said Reagan had one more line when he was wheeled into the operating room about 3:15 PM. "Please," he told the medical team, "tell me you're Republicans."

Word of the shooting led to the early closing of

the New York and American Stock Exchanges. The Oscar telecast, featuring a previously videotaped segment with Reagan, was postponed until tonight.

At the White House the picture was grim. One of the more bizarre developments was the appearance of Secretary of State Alexander Haig, who was caught up last week in a power struggle with Reagan aides over crisis management.

"As of now, I am in control here, in the White House, pending return of the vice president, and in close touch with him," said Haig, who listed himself as third in line, behind the vice president, for presidential succession. But, in fact, the secretary of state is fifth—behind both the speaker of the House, Thomas P. O'Neill, and the Senate president pro tem—Strom Thurmond (R-S.C.).

White House officials said later that Haig was merely coordinating matters in the White House situation room. They dismissed his claims about constitutional succession to his being "shaken up by events of the day."

Bush was aboard his Air Force jetliner in Ft. Worth, Tex., when the first word of the shooting was flashed to him. At the time, there was no report that Reagan had been wounded. So, aides said, Bush flew on toward Austin, where he had a speaking engagement. On the way, he got word that Reagan had been shot. His plane was refueled in Austin and flew him directly to Andrews Air Force Base, Md., where officials took the unusual step of parking it in a hangar before Bush got off. He was flown by helicopter to the White House under heavy guard.

Bush assumed his new role of crisis manager, which included keeping an eye on Soviet movements in Poland. Deputy Press Secretary Larry Speakes revealed that while Reagan was under general anesthetic, a written agreement between the President and vice president automatically empowered Bush to command U.S. forces in the event of an emergency.

"No declaration or special action is needed," Speakes told reporters. There have been similar arrangements since the Nixon administration, officials said.

At the hospital, Reagan underwent two surgical procedures—one to remove the bullet and another to assure doctors that blood from possibly hidden internal injuries had not seeped into his abdominal cavity. The fear in such cases—routine in American hospitals—is that the bullet might have struck an artery as it coursed through the body.

Dr. O'Leary indicated that the 45-minute check of the stomach cavity took place first. Surgeon Ben Aron made a small incision below Reagan's navel and inserted probes to suck out any telltale fluids. Nothing was found, O'Leary said.

Pointing to his own body to explain the wound, O'Leary showed how the bullet had entered under the left armpit and was forced down into the left lung—collapsing it—after striking the seventh rib. "There was no damage to the aorta or any artery," said O'Leary, who noted that transfusions were unnecessary during surgery.

A 6-inch horizontal incision from beneath the left nipple toward the left side of the chest was made to remove the bullet, which was distorted from its encounter with the rib, O'Leary said. The operations themselves took about two hours, and the incisions were finally closed "very carefully" at about 6:20 PM, O'Leary said.

When Reagan awoke in the recovery room, he handed his doctors a note that said, in a paraphrase of the W.C. Fields epitaph: "All in all, I'd rather be in Philadelphia."

"He is in stable condition," O'Leary said. "He's alert and awake. The President is an excellent physical specimen. I will emphasize that physiologically, he's very young. We have no reason to believe there would be any post-operative problems. The President's vital signs were rock stable during the operation."

"He will be in moderate pain for a day or two. This is a painful injury. But it was a very simple [surgical] procedure. He had a simple penetrating bullet wound in his left lung, and that was it."

According to O'Leary, it could be as long as two months before Reagan is fit for full duty. But Nofziger, Reagan's former press secretary and now chief political adviser, sounded as if the President would be on the job today.

"The President will be fully capable of making decisions tomorrow," Nofziger said.

Reagan "has emerged from this experience with flying colors and with the most optimistic prospects for recovery," Bush told reporters at the White House. Bush met with all the cabinet members who were in Washington yesterday.

Reagan was the seventh president attacked by a gunman, but the first to be struck since President John F. Kennedy was assassinated in Dallas in 1963. There were two attempts on the life of President Gerald R. Ford but he escaped uninjured.

The man accused of shooting Reagan graduated from high school in Highland Park, a suburb of Dallas, and has spent much of the time since drifting between Texas and Colorado. Hinckley's family now lives in Evergreen, Colo., an expensive bedroom community 20 miles west of Denver.

Shortly before midnight, Hinckley was arraigned on federal charges of attempted assassination of the President—which provides a maximum penalty of life imprisonment—and of assaulting a federal officer, Secret Service agent McCarthy.

He is the son of J.W. Hinckley, president of an oil exploration company. According to police reports, young Hinckley has undergone psychiatric testing and has used the tranquilizer Valium. Friends described him as quiet, but said they had seen little of him lately as he knocked around the country.

Hinckley's mother, Jeanne, first received word that he had been arrested from a reporter who called her in Evergreen. "This is a joke," she said with disbelief. She had been watching network accounts of the shooting. "This is a joke, isn't it?"

When the reporter asked whether her son was in Washington, she replied, "I don't know, I don't know." Her voiced cracked. She hung up.

Medicine

# Pres. Reagan shot by gunman

## Bullet lodged in left chest area

By Dean Reynolds

WASHINGTON (UPI) —

President Reagan was shot once in the left chest by a gunman Monday outside a Washington hotel Monday. He was reported conscious and in stable condition at George Washington University Hospital.

The gunman, firing at close range, also wounded White House Press Secretary James Brady in the head before being wrestled to the ground by police. A secret service man and a District of Columbia police officer also were reportedly wounded.

President adviser Lyn Nofziger said Reagan was wounded in the left chest, and added he was conscious and in stable condition.

Reagan walked into the hospital, officials said. Nofziger said the president apparently did not immediately realize he had been wounded and the bullet was still lodged in his chest.

Nofziger reportedly said Reagan "is not at this time in surgery, or headed for surgery."

Four or five shots were fired at close range by the gunman, and the secret service immediately shoved Reagan into the waiting limousine.

Brady's condition was not immediately known, but he was taken to George Washington bleeding profusely from the head.

The unidentified white, blond male, from Colorado reportedly in

his late 30s or early 40s, was immediately thrown to the ground and pinned by secret service men and police officers. He was quickly whisked away in a squad car.

Nancy Reagan, who was not with the president at the hotel, rushed to the hospital to be with her husband.

Officials said shots, coming on the 70th day of his presidency, struck the bulletproof limousine, lodging in the side and striking the windshield, leaving a pockmark not penetrating the glass.

The bullet entered Reagan's body under the left arm, and missed the president's heart.

Hank Brown, an ABC cameraman, said the gunman "just opened up and kept squeezing the trigger."

Vice President George Bush, en route from Fort Worth to Austin to address the Texas Legislature, was ordered to fly directly back to Washington.

Nofziger, asked if Reagan's wound is serious, replied, "obviously a wound in the chest is a serious wound."

But he said Reagan had not lost consciousness and had walked into the hospital talking to his companions.

Asked why deputy White House Press Secretary Karna Small originally said the president had not been shot, Nofziger said Reagan "apparently did not know he had been shot at the time."

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Director's Sec'y \_\_\_\_\_

The Washington Post \_\_\_\_\_  
Washington Star-News \_\_\_\_\_  
Daily News (New York) \_\_\_\_\_  
The New York Times \_\_\_\_\_  
The Wall Street Journal \_\_\_\_\_  
The Atlanta Constitution \_\_\_\_\_  
The Los Angeles Times \_\_\_\_\_  
AFRO-AMERICAN P-1

Date 3-31-81

4

THE SUSPECT



# Hinckley Arraigned Amid Tight Security

By Anthony Marro

Newsday Washington Bureau Chief

Washington—At five minutes before midnight he came into the room, a stocky, blond-haired young man, head bowed, armed guards at his side, and wearing a pair of baggy blue coveralls that had been issued to him by the FBI.

Forty minutes later—having never raised his voice above a low whisper—he was led back into custody, held without bail on charges that he had assaulted a federal officer and had attempted to kill the President of the United States.

In between, he had heard himself described as a 25-year-old dropout who had never held a serious job, who had used Valium and undergone psychiatric testing, and who—in the words of his parents, as passed along to the federal magistrate by Charles Ruff, U.S. attorney for the District of Columbia—was a "wandering, aimless and irresponsible" son.

Through it all, John W. Hinckley Jr. sat hunched in a leather-backed chair, sometimes rubbing the fingers of his right hand across his mouth, sometimes biting his lower lip and blinking his eyes, and often staring straight ahead, seeming intent on gazing past the magistrate, Arthur Burnett,

and at the oak-paneled wall behind him. The only time he said more than "Yes, sir" or "No, sir" was when Burnett asked if he had any property other than some stock held by his parents in his name.

"A 1977 Volare," he replied.

It was an extraordinary hearing, held in the middle of the night, in a building surrounded by scores of FBI agents, court guards and U.S. marshals, and in which—in keeping with the grave concern of someone taking a shot at Hinckley—the defendant was allowed to sit through the entire proceeding, not even standing to take the oath. It was merely a preliminary hearing, at which a complaint was entered (indeed, two complaints charging felony offenses, making him liable to life imprisonment for shooting the President and 10 years in jail and a \$10,000 fine for shooting a Secret Service agent), proper identity was established and bail was set.

In this case, Burnett ruled, despite protests from Hinckley's two court-appointed attorneys, that no bail would be set for the moment, at least until after a hearing intended to determine his competency to stand trial. Then, almost 10 hours to the

minute after he is alleged to have shot Ronald Reagan, Reagan's press secretary, the Secret Service agent and a local policeman, he was led away to a location that the FBI would not disclose.

The tiny courtroom, probably no more than 20-by-40-feet long, was crowded with reporters, sketch artists, FBI agents and officials, marshals, Justice Department attorneys and court personnel. There were nearly 60 people in the bare, white-walled room, making it as crowded as an E train at rush hour. For a time, a huge metal fan tried to circulate air, but managed mostly to rustle papers at the defense table, and muss the hair of the two defense lawyers, Stewart Johnson and Ed Wilhite, both of Washington.

FBI director William Webster was present, having flown back from Williamsburg, Va., where he was having a conference with the heads of his various field offices. His white collar was wilted in the heat, and he constantly wiped sweat from his brow. Asked why he had come back, he said: "It's my watch."

Also present were Charles Ruff, the last of the Watergate special prosecutors and now the U.S. attorney for the district, who propelled himself down the corridor of the court house in his wheelchair about 11:03 PM, flanked by the assistants who are expected to help him present the case: Roger Adelman, who prosecuted Rep. Richard Kelly (R-Fla.) in one of the AB-SCAM trials; Robert Ogren, and E. Lawrence Barcella. There was a copy of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure on his lap, but he never referred to it during the hearing, at which he urged that Hinckley be held without bail because of the "extraordinary" nature of the case.

Ruff also noted that Hinckley's, on previous arrest, in Nashville on Oct. 9, was for possession of three handguns, and that the arrest had coincided with a date on which then-President Carter had been in the city. He said that right after surrendering those weapons, Hinckley purchased another on Oct. 13, and yet another in January.

No mention was made in the court of a weapon, but Roger Young, the FBI's assistant director for external affairs, said outside the courtroom that the gun used in the shooting was a .22-cal. Rohm, a cheap model that he described as a "Saturday Night Special."

Hinckley had been brought to the court under extremely tight security from the FBI's Washington Field Office, which is situated on a desolate spot of Southwest Washington known as Buzzard's Point.

Before he was brought into the court, virtually everyone in the building was required to pass through a metal detector, including cleaning women and clerks in Ruff's office. The 20 reporters and artists allowed in were frisked after they went through the screening device.

Hinckley at times seemed stunned by the whole thing. He would lower his head into his hands or slump in his chair and stare emptily ahead. The only times he spoke were to answer questions about his job ("No, sir"), a wife or other dependents ("No, sir") and whether he understood that he had a right to counsel and a right not to testify against himself ("Yes, sir").

Exec AD Adm. \_\_\_\_\_  
Exec AD Inv. \_\_\_\_\_  
Exec AD LES \_\_\_\_\_  
Asst. Dir.:  
Adm. Servs. \_\_\_\_\_  
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*Chickens*

*Medicine*

*Automobile*

*Notes*

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Washington Post \_\_\_\_\_  
Washington Star-News \_\_\_\_\_  
Daily News (New York) \_\_\_\_\_  
The New York Times \_\_\_\_\_  
The Wall Street Journal \_\_\_\_\_  
The Atlanta Constitution \_\_\_\_\_  
The Los Angeles Times \_\_\_\_\_  
Newsday P-6  
Date 3-31-81

1980

1480

5

# A Dream Life That Turned Sour, Then Nightmarish for Suspect

By Carole Agus, Jim Klurfeld  
and Arnold Abrams

His background represents much of the American Dream—achievement-oriented family, luxurious home, college education—but things soured somewhere along the way for John Warnock Hinckley Jr.

The husky, blond-haired man accused of an attempted presidential assassination grew up, according to family friends and casual acquaintances, as a pleasant, well-adjusted, apolitical youth amid the mansions and country-club amenities of Highland Park, one of the swankiest neighborhoods in Dallas.

The son of an affluent oil executive, Hinckley was part of a family described by friends as God-fearing, rock-ribbed Republican and possessing all the advantages of success. Living in a home worth several hundred thousand dollars, he attended square dances and barbecues, and competed in amateur rodeos against other well-to-do young Texans.

"He was just a typical young fellow," recalled Bill Lierman, sponsor of the local rodeo club. "Very personable, well-mannered, well-dressed. But of course coming from Highland Park you would expect that."

What followed was not expected: an extended period of drifting in which he went in and out of college, bounced back and forth between Texas and Colorado, joined and was subsequently expelled from the National Socialist Party, was arrested for carrying concealed weapons and, yesterday, was arrested and arraigned in Washington on charges of attempted assassination of a president and assault on a federal officer.

Unlike his older brother, Scott, who serves as an executive in his father's company, or his sister, Diane, a former high school beauty queen who is married and caring for her newborn child in Dallas, Hinckley never fulfilled the upper-class expectations of his family.

The Hinckleys were described by their priest, the Rev. Clarence Westapher, as "a whole family group. Bright and intelligent. They were there Sunday by Sunday and the kids were there with them."

As reconstructed by casual acquaintances and friends of his family, the dream life began turning nightmarish for Hinckley, now 25, after his parents moved in 1973 from Dallas to their present home in

Evergreen, a posh Denver suburb described as a "picture-book community."

The youth remained in Dallas to graduate from high school, finishing among the lower third of his class, then moved to Lubbock, where he enrolled as a business-administration major in Texas Tech University, a conservative institution attended by many children from wealthy and influential Dallas households.

Hinckley's career as a full-time student, according to school authorities, lasted little more than a year. However, he remained in Lubbock and periodically re-enrolled at the university, switching last summer to a liberal-arts curriculum but never amassing enough credits to graduate.

It is not clear how—or whether—he earned money to sustain himself. On a job application filed with the Denver Post, he listed his hobbies as "reading, sports and politics," and said that he had worked as a bartender, salesman for a Hollywood photography shop and for a Dallas publishing firm. Denials by the Hollywood shop owner, however, cast doubt on Hinckley's other assertions.

In Lubbock, he lived in the Honeycomb Apartments, a run-down building largely tenanted by students, and occasionally hung out in the Main Street Saloon, a popular and noisy local establishment. People on campus and in town recalled him yesterday him as someone who neither sought nor received much attention.

"He's a loner," said Don Barett, manager of an appliance-rental company to which Hinckley went for a television set. "I never saw the guy with anyone. I saw him walking up and down University Street with a white bag under his arm carrying his hamburgers."

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Similar recollections came from John Paul Jones, who tends bar at the Main Street Saloon. "Wouldn't have remembered him if I hadn't seen his picture on TV and heard about what he did," Jones said.

"A very unmemorable person . . . self-sufficient and self-contained" was the way associate professor of history Otto Nelson described Hinckley, who attended his Texas Tech course in 1978 and enrolled—but never showed up—for another Nelson class last summer.

What Nelson did remember, however, was the youth's choice of reading: Hitler's "Mein Kampf" and much material about Auschwitz. Such choices apparently were an extension of personal interests that found expression in the Nazi-style National Socialist Party, which Hinckley joined in 1978.

Michael C. Allen, the party's leader, had no trouble remembering Hinckley, who he said was expelled in 1979 because "he wanted to shoot people and blow things up." Allen described his former party colleague as "a nut."

Which is not how he is remembered at the Golden Hours Motel in Lakewood, Col., where he moved this month and maintained a room until last week. Hinckley had an electric guitar, which it appears nobody ever heard him play, ate meals alone at a nearby hamburger stand and disappeared as suddenly as he had appeared.

"Just a plain ol' American kid," recalled motel employee Ginger Aucourt, who found Hinckley's room empty when she arrived on March 23 to clean it. "The only things left," she said, "were the key on the dresser and a can of pop. Dr. Pepper. In the trashcan."

"He was quiet and shy," recalled Mrs. Aucourt's daughter, Stacey, 16, who also works at the motel, which is 20 miles from the Hinckley family home in Evergreen. Twelve-year-old Unchong Lee, daughter of the motel owner, added: "He never caused any trouble, and he never bothered anybody."

But authorities in Nashville, Tenn., say otherwise. They arrested Hinckley at the airport in October, when security equipment detected what turned out to be three revolvers and 50 rounds of ammunition concealed in his suitcase. He later jumped bail on the charges.

The date of that arrest was Oct. 9, which marked the campaign appearance of then-President Jimmy Carter at that city's Grand Ole Opry. Reagan also was to be in Tennessee that day—in Memphis—but that campaign appearance was canceled.

Four days later, according to records seized yesterday by federal agents, Hinckley purchased two identical .22-cal. revolvers—the same kind of weapon authorities said was used in yesterday's assassination attempt—from a Dallas pawn shop.

The owner of that shop could not recall Hinckley, but that was not the case at G.I. Joe's Loans and Music, a similar establishment in Denver. There, employees remember him as a shabbily dressed, nervous-seeming man who exuded an aura of wrongdoing.

"He didn't look me straight in the eye," recalled Brent Morris, who purchased an electric guitar and manual typewriter for \$50 from Hinckley, who originally sought \$100. "I don't think he was on drugs, but he seemed, well, spaced out."

A family spokesman told reporters in Evergreen yesterday that Hinckley had been undergoing psychiatric treatment. "However," he added, "the evaluations did not alert anyone to the seriousness of his condition."

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THE MEDICAL ASPECTS

# Gun Wounds Repair 'Routine'

By B. D. Colen

The medical problem facing the President's surgeons yesterday was a routine one.

Barring injury to the heart—and there was none in the President's case—repairing a single penetrating wound to the chest is a relatively straightforward procedure for surgeons experienced in trauma medicine.

Indeed, Dr. Leon Pachter, chief of the trauma and shock unit at Manhattan's Bellevue Hospital, said his unit treats 10 to 15 such gunshot wounds a week. "Less than 20 per cent of penetrating chest wounds require surgery," Pachter said, "and recovery is almost one hundred per cent" in otherwise healthy individuals.

Dr. Dennis O'Leary, dean for clinical affairs at the George Washington University Medical Center, where the President was taken immediately after the shooting, said Reagan was "at no time in serious danger" and remained "awake and alert with stable vital signs" until undergoing anesthesia in the operating room. There is "no reason for believing significant postoperative problems will develop."

The President, who remained "absolutely rock stable through this entire thing," according to O'Leary, who is not himself a surgeon, "certainly" should be able to make decisions by today.

O'Leary said the single .22-cal. bullet entered Reagan's body "slightly under the left armpit . . . traversed down approximately three inches, struck the seventh rib" and then ricocheted off the rib and penetrated about three inches of tissue in the left lung before coming to rest within that tissue.

The lung was collapsed, said O'Leary, but was successfully reinflated. When penetrated, a lung collapses like a deflated balloon because air escapes through the wound and the surrounding air pressure and blood push the sides of the organ in upon each other.

The emergency room team, led by Dr. Sol Edelstein, the hospital's director of emergency services, worked on Reagan for about 45 minutes preparing him for surgery. O'Leary said that Reagan remained alert, and managed to joke, while doctors measured his blood gases—to ensure that the blood carried the proper amounts and percentages of oxygen and other gases—X-rayed his chest and abdomen. During this session a chest drainage tube was inserted and other tests were performed.

The President was given about 2.5 quarts of blood while in the emergency room, O'Leary said, and did not require additional transfusion during the two hours of surgery.

O'Leary said the only place surgeon Benjamin L. Aaron and his team found significant bleeding was the point where the bullet penetrated the lung. And that bleeding, said O'Leary, was slow enough to allow the transfusion to keep ahead of the blood loss.

Aaron, chief of cardiothoracic surgery at George Washington, joined the medical center's staff in August after 21 years in the U.S. Navy medical corps, where he reached the rank of captain. Before retiring from the Navy he was chief of cardiothoracic surgery at the San Diego Naval Hospital.

Before Reagan was operated on he underwent a procedure called a peritoneal lavage—or "belly tap"—to determine if there was any blood in his abdominal cavity. The procedure involves inserting a small tube into the abdomen, filling the cavity with a clear saline solution and then draining the solution. If the liquid turns pink or red, surgeons perform exploratory abdominal surgery to look for the source of the bleeding. In Reagan's case the fluid was clear.

Just before the anesthesia was administered, the President "wanted to make sure that they [the surgeons] were all Republicans," O'Leary reported. "They told him that today they were all Republicans," O'Leary told those attending a post-surgery press briefing at George Washington University Medical School, across from the hospital in northwest Washington.

O'Leary said the surgery itself went according to plan, with no complications. Surgeons made an incision approximately six inches long, beginning just beneath the President's left nipple and traveling back under the arm.

Bellevue's Pachter said patients with similar wounds usually leave the hospital in five to seven days. O'Leary said Reagan would probably leave in one to two weeks.

According to O'Leary, Reagan may need "a modest painkiller for a day or two," and should be totally recovered in 2½ to three months.

But although full physical recovery may take up to 90 days, "there is no reason to believe he has any impairment of his ability to make decisions," O'Leary said, and the President could conceivably resume some of his duties as early as today.

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## President's Fitness Helped

Throughout last year's grueling presidential primaries and the general election campaign, 69-year-old Ronald Reagan maintained that he was in excellent health and was fit for the job in the Oval Office, a job that has literally turned younger men's hair gray.

Yesterday, when an assailant's bullet struck him in the chest, Reagan survived the shooting and two hours of major surgery with no initial ill effects.

According to the surgeons who operated on the President at George Washington University Medical Center, the now 70-year-old Reagan has the physiology of a man 10 years younger.

Were Reagan suffering from heart disease or any of the major systemic deterioration that often accompanies advanced age, the surgery to remove the single .22-cal. bullet would have been a far more serious matter.

But Reagan weathered the procedure beautifully, clearly demonstrating the point made by his personal physicians last year when they stated that his only health problems were hay fever, a touch of arthritis in one hand and a slight hearing loss.

—Colen

MISCELLANEOUS

# A History of Violence

The shooting of President Reagan follows a succession of violent acts against American Presidents, candidates and public figures.

Among the tragedies: President Kennedy, Martin Luther King, Robert Kennedy, John Lennon, Vernon Jordan, George Wallace, Al-lard Lowenstein, Malcolm X, Anton Cermak and Huey Long.

Four U.S. Presidents have been assassinated in office—Abraham Lincoln, James Garfield, William McKinley and John F. Kennedy. Unsuccessful attempts had been made on the lives of three others—Gerald Ford, Harry Truman and Andrew Jackson—before President Reagan. One former president, Theodore Roosevelt, and one President-elect, Franklin D. Roosevelt, also were the targets of assassins.

Lincoln was the first President to be killed in office. Actor John Wilkes Booth shot Lincoln in the head at Ford's Theater in Washington on April 14, 1865. Lincoln died the following morning. Booth was tracked down and shot.

In a railway depot on July 2, 1881, Charles Guiteau, an unsuccessful officeseeker, shot James Garfield twice. Garfield survived more than three months but died of blood poisoning. Guiteau was hanged.

McKinley was shot twice by an anarchist, Leon Czolgosz, at the Pan American Exposition in Buffalo on Sept. 6, 1901, as the President reached out to shake hands.

McKinley died after eight days. His killer was electrocuted a month later.

John F. Kennedy was shot and killed by Lee Harvey Oswald during a Dallas motorcade on Nov. 22, 1963.

There were two attempts on President Ford's

life in the same month in California by the first woman to try to kill a President. Lynette Alice (Squeaky) Fromme tried to shoot Ford on Sept. 5, 1975, in Sacramento as Ford shook hands with a crowd, but Secret Service agents grabbed the gun before she could fire. Little more than two weeks later, Ford was shot at by Sara Jane Moore in San Francisco.

Both Fromme and Moore are serving life sentences in the federal prison at Alderson, W. Va.

President Truman was living in Blair House when, on Oct. 31, 1950, Puerto Rican nationalists tried to break in. One of the attackers was killed. The other, Oscar Callazo, was freed in 1979 by then-President Carter's act of clemency.

The first attempt on a President's life was in Washington in 1835 when a deranged house painter tried to shoot Andrew Jackson with a pair of pistols.

Theodore Roosevelt was running for the presidency on the Bull Moose ticket when he was shot by saloon keeper John Schrank in a situation not unlike yesterday's attempt on Reagan. Schrank, waiting outside a hotel in Milwaukee on Oct. 14, 1912, fired at the candidate. Roosevelt was hit in the right chest, and the bullet angled up about four inches, fracturing a rib. Schrank was declared insane and confined to a state hospital. Roosevelt lost the election.

Franklin D. Roosevelt was President-elect when he escaped an assassin's bullets in Miami on Feb. 15, 1933. But the shots of disgruntled bricklayer Giuseppe Zangara wounded five other persons and killed Chicago Mayor Anton Cermak. Zangara was electrocuted.

The Washington Post \_\_\_\_\_

Washington Star-News \_\_\_\_\_

Daily News (New York) \_\_\_\_\_

The New York Times \_\_\_\_\_

The Wall Street Journal \_\_\_\_\_

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## Reagan Improves Further and Gives FBI His Account of the Assassination Attempt

By a WALL STREET JOURNAL Staff Reporter

WASHINGTON — President Reagan's temperature was back to near normal and his condition was improving further yesterday as he gave FBI agents his account of the assassination attempt.

The President was questioned in his hospital room for 28 minutes by two agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, which is conducting an inquiry into the shooting nine days ago.

Mr. Reagan's physicians authorized the interview, White House officials said. The session occurred around noon, following the doctors' midmorning examination of the President. The doctors said Mr. Reagan's temperature had fluctuated between normal (98.6 degrees) and 102 degrees since Monday night.

The physicians' report also said chest X rays showed some clearing of the President's bullet-punctured lung, although evidence remains of damaged tissue along the bullet's path. Mr. Reagan continues to receive a broadened range of antibiotics as a precaution, the report said.

"The President is in excellent spirits,"

according to the medical report, which added that his condition "has improved further." Still, his doctors haven't decided when Mr. Reagan can be dismissed from George Washington University Hospital here. Presidential aides said they continue to expect that Mr. Reagan will return to the White House late this week.

When Mr. Reagan returns, aides say, the White House will stop publishing his daily schedule with specific times for his appointments. White House officials will disclose those times to reporters covering the President but won't release them publicly. Presidential aides believe this extra precaution could hinder assailants from stalking Mr. Reagan.

White House officials also yesterday were saying privately that Mr. Reagan will have to delay his scheduled April 27-28 trip to Mexico and also won't be able to go to California three days earlier to attend the wedding of his daughter, Maureen. They indicated Mr. Reagan won't have recovered sufficiently to make such a trip.

Presidential Press Secretary James Brady, critically wounded in the head during the attempted assassination, "continues

to recuperate uneventfully," his doctors said yesterday. He has begun physical therapy treatments, primarily for his left side where he is having difficulty with some muscular movements. A right-front portion of Mr. Brady's brain, which controls the left side of the body, was damaged by the bullet and had to be removed.

Secret Service agent Timothy McCarthy left the hospital yesterday after recovering sufficiently from a bullet wound in the stomach suffered when he threw himself in the path of the assailant's attack on Mr. Reagan. And District of Columbia policeman Thomas Delahanty's recovery from a bullet wound in the neck continues to be good, his physicians said.

The Washington Post \_\_\_\_\_  
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 Daily News (New York) \_\_\_\_\_  
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# Reagan's Trip to Mexico Almost Certainly Off Now

By Lisa Myers  
and Cristine Russell  
Washington Star Staff Writers

President Reagan's trip to California and Mexico later this month is virtually certain to be scrapped to allow him more time to recuperate from his gunshot wound, according to senior White House officials.

Although the Mexican government has not yet been informed that Reagan's scheduled summit with President Jose Lopez-Portillo will have to be postponed, presidential aides said the he won't be able to travel so soon.

"You can unpack your bags," an official said yesterday.

Last week, in the immediate wake of the shooting, the White House said it was proceeding with preparations for the six-day trip, during which Reagan also was to attend his daughter Maureen's wedding and a Republican fundraiser. But even then, those closest to the president were doubtful the trip would take place.

How soon the president will be able to return to the White House is also uncertain, with White House aides and doctors treating him at George Washington University Hospital considering that on a day-by-day basis. Medical sources indicated that "if everything goes just right, it might still be this week. If he pokes along, it might drift into next week."

There were signs yesterday of a slight upturn in Reagan's slow but steady recovery from the bullet wound to his chest, and GW spokesman Dr. Dennis O'Leary expressed "cautious optimism" about seeming

improvements in the president's condition.

"Things seem to be breaking our way," O'Leary said in an interview yesterday afternoon. "If this continues, his rate of improvement is good. Everyone is still watching very carefully, but the atmosphere is, I think, one of cautious optimism."

Over the weekend and earlier this week, Reagan's recovery appeared to have slowed down, with the president suffering from a fluctuating temperature and inflammation of his damaged lung.

A medical bulletin yesterday indicated he had "improved further," with his temperature "near normal" overnight Monday and yesterday morning. A new set of X-rays showed "some apparent clearing" of his lung, although the films continued to show "abnormalities related to the injury and surgery"

Sources indicated that although the temperature remained steady during the day, a slight upswing into the "mild range" - 99 to 101 degrees Fahrenheit - was detected in the early evening hours yesterday, a change that was not unexpected given the variations in recent days.

The president again spent most of the day yesterday resting and visiting with his wife, Nancy. After what was described as a "peaceful" night, he held his regular morning meeting with senior White House aides and received a written national security briefing, which updated him on the Polish crisis. He also met briefly with Secret Service agent Timothy McCarthy, who was discharged from George Washington University Hospital.

The president was interviewed for a half-hour by two FBI agents, who wanted his recollections of the assassination attempt. The agents were accompanied by FBI director William Webster and presidential counselor Edwin Meese III, who left the hospital room while the interview was conducted.

Secret Service director Stuart Knight, accompanied by two agents, also paid a brief courtesy call on Reagan. "I want you to know how proud I am of your service," the president was quoted as saying. "I am personally grateful."

Vice President George Bush, who continued to assume the president's schedule, visited Reagan at the hospital last night.

Reagan's treatment yesterday remained much the same, as he continued to receive "broad-spectrum antibiotic coverage" and physical therapy to rehabilitate his damaged lung. The antibiotics are being given as a precautionary measure, since no evidence of infection has yet been detected in microbial cultures, the latest bulletin said.

O'Leary said the "cautious optimism" about the president's condition was based on the lower temperature - at least temporarily - and on improvements in the chest X-rays, a reduction in the white blood cell count, a good appetite and a "generally healthy appearance."

"These are basic things, but they are elemental in our assessment of his progress," O'Leary said. "The pace of improvement seems to be picking up."

He said that there could still be changes either way, since it is too early to "draw definite conclusions. We'll keep him here as long as his clinical condition suggests he ought to be here," he said.

White House physician Dr. Daniel Ruge, asked to what extent age is a factor in the president's recovery, said that "compared to the average 70-year-old, he's making a speedy recovery."

Injured White House press secretary James Brady also continued his remarkable recovery at GW from a bullet wound to his head. A medical bulletin reported that he sat up in a chair twice on Monday, that he is now drinking by himself and eating solid foods regularly, and beginning to undergo physical therapy.

McCarthy, who was discharged, is scheduled to visit his surgeon for routine follow-up next week. And police officer Thomas Delahanty, also injured in the assassination attempt, remains in "good" condition at Washington Hospital Center.

The Washington Post \_\_\_\_\_  
Washington Star-News A-1  
Daily News (New York) \_\_\_\_\_  
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## FBI Is on the Prowl For Reagan Cufflink

One of the president's cufflinks is missing.

The FBI was asked to help hunt down the errant piece of jewelry, bureau spokesman Roger Young said yesterday.

"We did make some inquiry and it is missing," Young said. "The hospital scene when the president was treated was very, very hectic. There are all sorts of possibilities: it's lost, a souvenir hunter, or maybe it was detached prior to reaching the hospital."

Some doctors who worked on treating President Reagan in the emergency room at George Washington University Hospital March 30 have been heard complaining in the hallways about being questioned by "the feds" on the location of the cufflink.

The doctors apparently felt they were being viewed as possible souvenir hunters. Young said one cufflink was located in the hospital by a hospital employee who gave it to police, who then turned it over to the FBI.

Young said he presumes that cufflink has been returned to the president.

Associated Press

The Washington Post \_\_\_\_\_  
 Washington Star-News A-4  
 Daily News (New York) \_\_\_\_\_  
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# Man, 23, Is Arrested in Manhattan For Threatening the President's Life

By JOSEPH B. TREASTER

A 23-year-old unemployed man armed with a .32-caliber revolver was arrested yesterday afternoon in the Port Authority bus terminal in midtown Manhattan on charges of threatening the life of President Reagan.

Secret Service agents said they had "tracked" the man, Edward Michael Richardson of Drexel Hill, Pa., from a hotel in New Haven where a maid had found a letter in which Mr. Richardson allegedly promised to complete the assassination of President Reagan attempted last week. John W. Hinckley Jr. has been accused of that attempt.

The agents said they also had evidence that Mr. Richardson apparently shared Mr. Hinckley's affection for Jodie Foster, the 18-year-old actress who is studying at Yale University, and that Mr. Richardson had spent three months in Lakewood, Colo., where Mr. Hinckley was said to have bought a gun and to have lived briefly in a motel.

## Bullets Found in Hotel Room

But James Griffiths, the special agent in charge of the Denver field office of the Secret Service, said that so far investigators had found "no evidence of any connection" between Mr. Richardson and Mr. Hinckley.

The agents said Mr. Richardson had been staying in room 608 of the Park Plaza Hotel in New Haven from last Friday until yesterday morning. In that room, they said, they found the letter promising to carry out the assassination of the President, three .32-caliber bullets and several magazine photographs of President Reagan with X's drawn through his face.

Handwritten under the photographs,

the agents said, were the words "targeted for death."

According to the agents, the letter threatening President Reagan said, in part, "I depart now for Washington, D.C., to bring to completion Hinckley's reality."

"Ultimately," the letter continued, "Ronald Reagan will be shot to death and this country turned to the 'Left.'"

"If I cannot get at the President," the letter went on, "I am prepared to slay some other prominent 'Right Wing' political figure."

The letter, dated April 7, 9:15 A.M., was addressed "To the Fascist Powers,"

and signed "Edward Richardson, Inter. Peoples Court."

The New Haven police said Miss Foster had received a note from Mr. Richardson on Monday afternoon threatening her and referring to a threat against President Reagan.

A short time later, the police said, the emergency communications officer for the city of New Haven received a bomb threat "indicating that Welsh Hall, a building at Yale University where Miss Foster had been residing, would be blown up."

The police found no bomb, but they continued to investigate, and by 10 A.M. yesterday they had begun to focus on Mr. Richardson, who they learned had been staying at the Park Plaza.

He left the hotel without paying his bill, the Secret Service agents said, and boarded the 10:08 A.M. Bonanza Bus Lines bus for New York. They said he arrived at the Port Authority terminal at about 12:20 P.M. and was to make a connection for Philadelphia at 1 P.M.

## Surrounded by Detectives

A spokesman for the Port Authority of New York and New Jersey said Mr. Richardson was about to make a telephone call at a pay telephone when four Port Authority detectives and five Secret Service agents surrounded him.

"They moved him against the wall," the spokesman said, "searched him and found a .32 revolver in one of his pockets, and arrested him."

Patricia Bartram, a ticket agent at the Greyhound bus terminal in New Haven, who had sold Mr. Richardson a one-way ticket to Philadelphia for \$20.80, said: "He came in just a few minutes before the bus left — he wasn't even around the terminal much. He had come in earlier to inquire about the bus schedule, went to the train station and came back."

"He did not look strange at all," Miss

Bartram said, "He was a little anxious. He looked kind of dirty."

Neighbors and friends in Drexel Hill, Pa., a predominantly middle-class area about five miles northwest of the Philadelphia city limits, described Mr. Richardson as a friendly young man who kept to himself and seemed unable to keep a job.

The police in Philadelphia and Upper Darby, the township that encompasses Drexel Hill, said they had no record of Mr. Richardson ever having been arrested. The police in Lakewood, Colo., said they also had no record of arrests for Mr. Richardson.

Mr. Richardson lives with his parents in a two-family white aluminum-siding house at 4109 Berry Avenue in Drexel Hill. His parents refused yesterday to talk with reporters.

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## President Said to Be Target of Arrested Man

NEW YORK, April 7 (AP) — A man who shared John W. Hinckley Jr.'s affection for actress Jodie Foster and who was arrested with a loaded revolver today told authorities he was on his way to Washington to kill President Reagan, according to a federal prosecutor.

Edward Michael Richardson, 22, of Drexel Hill, Pa., was ordered held in lieu of \$500,000 bond on a

charge of threatening to kill the president, after U.S. Attorney John Martin said in court that Richardson told federal agents that, if he were released, "he would go to Washington to kill the president."

Secret Service agent James D'Amelio earlier had described Richardson as sharing an "affection" for Foster with Hinckley, who is accused of shooting Reagan last

week in Washington. Richardson was arrested at 1 p.m. carrying a .32-cal. revolver aboard a bus in Manhattan's Port Authority terminal, agents said.

A letter found in Richardson's hotel room in New Haven, where the bus trip originated, threatened "to bring to completion" the unsuccessful assassination attempt against the president, agents said.

The Washington Post A-6  
 Washington Star-News \_\_\_\_\_  
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## Secret Service Arrests Man, 23, in New York Over Threat to Reagan

*Special to THE WALL STREET JOURNAL*

NEW YORK—Secret Service agents arrested Edward M. Richardson, a 23-year-old Drexel Hill, Pa., man carrying a loaded gun here and charged him with threatening the life of President Reagan.

The arrest came eight days after Mr. Reagan was wounded in Washington; John W. Hinckley Jr. has been charged.

Federal authorities said they found a threatening letter at a New Haven, Conn., hotel where Mr. Richardson allegedly stayed. Also found were bullets and photographs of the President marked "targeted for death."

At Mr. Richardson's arraignment last night, U.S. Attorney John Martin said Mr. Richardson admitted writing another "threatening communication" and making an anonymous, bomb-threat phone call to actress Jodie Foster, currently a Yale University student. Letters to her have been found in Mr. Hinckley's possession.

Mr. Martin added that Mr. Richardson indicated that, if he were released, he would still go to Washington to try to kill the President and that he made verbal threats against Secretary of State Alexander Haig and Sen. Jesse Helms (R., N.C.).

A letter on hotel stationery that was found in New Haven partially read: "To the fascist powers . . . I depart now for Washington, D.C., to bring to completion Hinckley's reality. Ultimately, Ronald Reagan will be shot. If I cannot get the President I am prepared to slay some prominent right-wing figure."

Mr. Martin also said that Mr. Richardson recently visited Lakewood, Colo., which is close to the residence of Mr. Hinckley's parents, but that there didn't appear to be any connection between the two men.

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**The President's wave** changed to a grimace as the bullet struck (above). Moments later Tim McCarthy (right, foreground), Officer Thomas DeLahanty and James Brady lay wounded.

**S**o many of life's horrors come suddenly on dull, dark days. For Ronald Reagan, Monday lunch was just another stop on the rubber chicken circuit, followed by the chance to pitch his economic program to labor leaders—and the predictable lukewarm reception. In the drizzle outside the Washington Hilton, the President waved and grinned and moved toward his limousine. Then the all too familiar sound—"like flashcubes going off," according to an eyewitness—and the terrible frenzy erupted. Agents slammed the President into his car and sped him away before he could see the devastation. The bodies of three men lay splayed across the sidewalk, and a swarm of lawmen had pinioned John W. Hinckley Jr.—yet another pudgy, shadowy figure who was entering the American limelight with a pistol in his hand.

Not even Reagan himself realized at first that he had become the fifth American President struck by gunfire—he arrived at the hospital thinking the pain

in his left side might have been caused by the Secret Service tackle. The news came especially cruelly to the First Lady. At the White House, Nancy Reagan had just returned from a luncheon when her Secret Service aide told her that Presidential Press Secretary James Brady had been shot. She rushed to George Washington University Hospital, where an old friend, White House Deputy Chief of Staff Michael Deaver, tried to reassure her that the President was all right—but inadvertently raised her fears. "If he is okay, why can't I see him?" she asked. When Deaver investigated he learned a truth he wanted not to hear: The doctors, upon removing Reagan's clothes, had discovered a bullet wound below the left armpit. Nancy rushed in to see her husband. "Honey, I forgot to duck," he quipped, commandeering Jack Dempsey's excuse after Gene Tunney's knockout punch. Despite his brave assurances, Nancy was visibly shaken. "She didn't break down, but there were tears in her eyes and she just

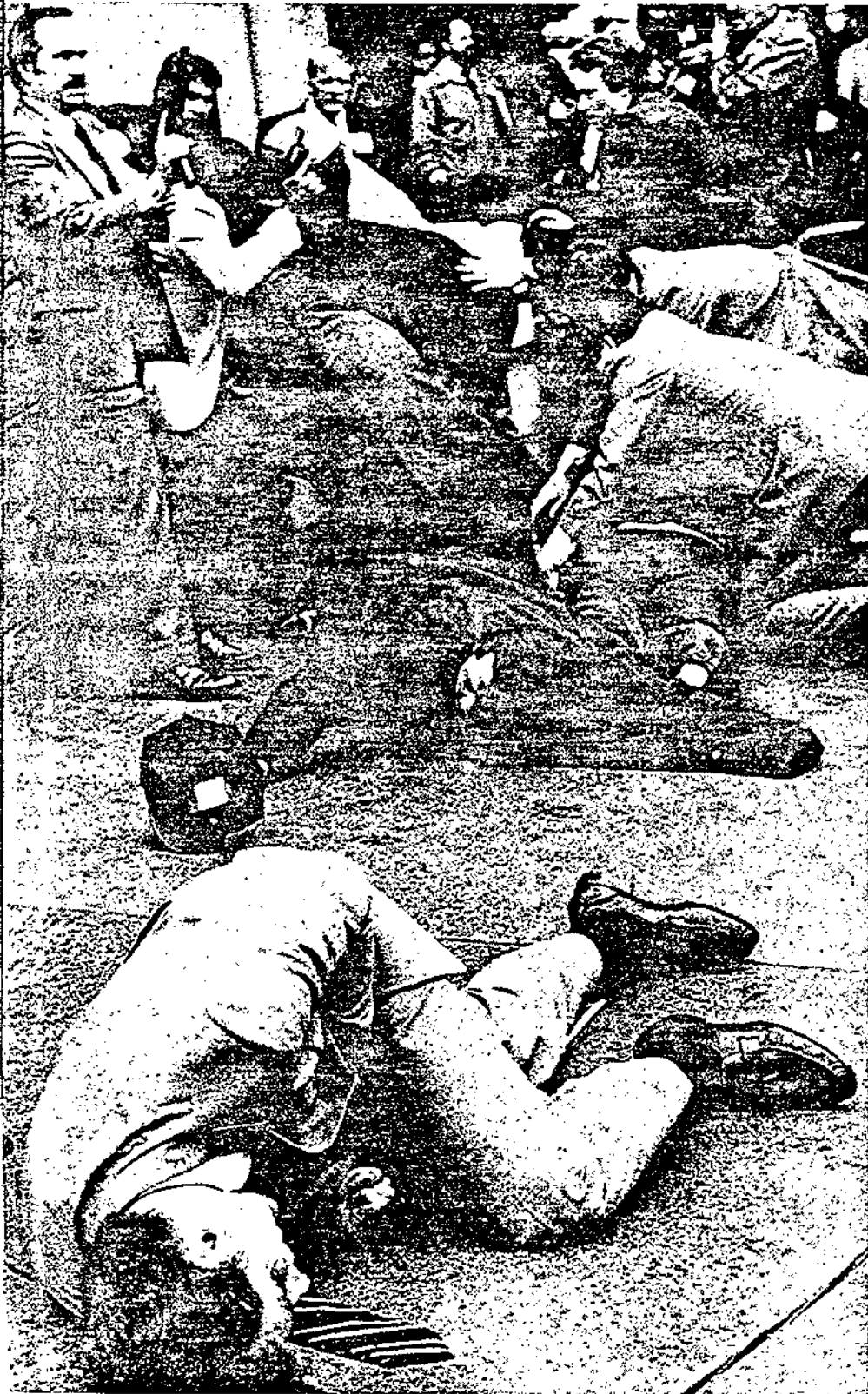
couldn't talk," recalls her assistant press secretary, Barbara Cook.

During the next two hours surgeons removed a .22-caliber bullet that was lodged in the President's left lung and became the shot heard round the world. With Soviet troops poised on the Polish border, the prospect of the West deprived of its leader loomed catastrophically. "I am in control here in the White House, pending return of the Vice-President," Secretary of State Haig announced as George Bush rushed back to Washington from Texas. Whether Haig's move was presumption or a necessary attempt at stability will be debated for weeks. Meanwhile the most awesome symbol of presidential power—the black briefcase with the codes to be used to order a nuclear strike—remained at the hospital with Reagan throughout his ordeal. The possibility of an international crisis



# A MAD STORM OF BULLETS WOUNDS A PRESIDENT —AND THE NATION'S SPIRIT

UP FRONT



**John W. Hinckley Jr.** was gang-tackled by Secret Service agents, who said they recovered a .22-caliber revolver.

passed—but for four families and the nation, the personal agony dragged on.

As the surgery progressed, Nancy Reagan prayed in the hospital chapel, probably unaware of macabre rumors broadcast by the media that had the President undergoing open-heart surgery and his wounded press secretary, James Brady, already dead. She talked privately with the wives of the two other shooting victims at the hospital—Brady, 40, who was undergoing surgery to remove the bullet that went through his brain, and Secret Service agent Timothy McCarthy, 31, who was shot in the stomach. Washington policeman Thomas Delahanty, 45, injured in the neck, was taken to the Washington Hospital Center. Nancy later visited McCarthy's bedside to thank him personally. "Mrs. Reagan said the bullet that was meant for Mr. Reagan hit Tim," the agent's sister, Karen, told reporters. "She thanked Tim for saving Mr. Reagan's life." Mrs. Reagan and a parish priest both comforted Sarah Brady, the wife of the portly, acerbic press secretary—whose appointment Nancy had once reportedly objected to because of his unkempt appearance. But Mrs. Reagan—like the Washington press corps—had come to appreciate Brady's professionalism and wit. "He is just a delightful guy," said Delaware

CONTINUED

Sen. William Roth of his former press aide. "He is a sheer delight."

As the ordeal continued, friends and family flocked to Nancy Reagan's side. In the first hours after the shooting, she was constantly comforted by Sen. Paul Laxalt. On her return to the White House at 8:30 p.m., Nancy found her son, Ron, waiting for her—he had flown in with his wife, Doria, from a ballet engagement in Lincoln, Nebr. "You know how Nancy feels about Ron Jr.," says her friend Mary Jane Wick. "They just adore each other and will turn to each other in this. Nancy is extremely close with her children, and this is what will carry her through." Nancy's other child, Patti Davis, flew to Washington on the red-eye flight from California, along with the President's two children from his previous marriage to Jane Wyman—Maureen, accompanied by her fiancé, Dennis Revell, and Michael, with his wife, Colleen. They arrived at the White House at 5:30 the following morning. "We want to be there when my father opens his eyes tomorrow to show him we do care and we do love him," Michael explained. "We never discussed the possibility that this would happen, because I don't think it's something you ever want to discuss. It makes you mad when it happens to anybody, but especially when it happens to your father." For a visibly distraught Maureen, the shooting stirred up feelings of "fury and rage

**"I'm not prepared to accept this, whether it was my father or anyone else's," said Maureen, with fiancé Dennis Revell.**



and anger that in this country, this kind of garbage still goes on."

The national response mirrored the sentiments of the Reagan family: The first wave of anger was followed by a transport of relief. The White House was flooded with flowers—which it sent on to local hospitals with the President's card attached. Even the stock market surged—citizens of every political stripe agreed with eloquent hospital spokesman Dr. Dennis O'Leary—that it was "maybe not medically ex-

**"I expected something like this," said Reagan's brother, Neil, sobbing. "Look at the violence over the past years."**



**"It's most important now that my father knows his family loves him," said Michael, with Colleen (below). "He's a great man."**



traordinary, but just short of that" for the 70-year-old man to walk unaided from his car to the hospital after being shot in the chest. Reagan's sickbed quips quickly entered national folklore: "All in all, I'd rather be in Philadelphia," he joked in a note scrawled hours after surgery. (The line is a variation on W.C. Fields' own suggested epitaph.) His banter kept up as his condition improved, and his extraordinary good spirits flagged only once: when he heard of Brady's severe injury. "Oh damn, oh damn," he wept, employing his strongest expletive. "Oh dear, let us pray."

Just a day after the shooting, Americans saw their President again, in a pretaped introduction to the Academy Awards broadcast—which had been delayed 24 hours because of the shooting. "People everywhere have common dreams and emotions," he told his fellow citizens, and they palpably agreed. For once, they shared a dream: that the violence that struck down their President might finally disappear; and an emotion: pride in his gallant demeanor. "Please tell me that you're Republicans," Reagan had joked as he entered the operating room, before undergoing anesthesia. The surgeon spoke for the nation when he replied, "Today, we are all Republicans." □



**"[I feel] relief that my father is alive and pride in the way he acquitted himself," said Ron, with wife Doria at the hospital.**



"I think Nancy will hold up very well," predicted a longtime friend, actor Charlton Heston. "She's a gallant lady."



## Emerging from a buried life into a nightmare, Hinckley may have been driven by a murderous movie fantasy

When a reporter phoned JoAnn Hinckley to tell her that her son had been arrested for shooting the President of the United States, she reacted with stunned disbelief. "This is some kind of joke, isn't it?" she asked. Inevitably, her shock was shared by nearly everyone who had known John Warnock Hinckley Jr. as he passed through a nondescript boyhood. To them, this blond, blue-eyed son of a wealthy oil executive was quiet, polite and describable in all the standard clichés: He was "a nice guy" and "a normal kid" from an "all-American family." But those who knew him recently remembered another Hinckley—a gun-collecting recluse living in a filthy apartment, flirting with fascism and fantasizing about a teenage actress he would never have the courage to speak to. At yet another level was a hidden anger, revealed only to those he believed shared his fanaticism. Recalls president-elect Michael Allen, who expelled him from the National Socialist Party: "He wanted to shoot people and blow things up."

As is so often the case, there were no landmarks in Hinckley's background to suggest the tortured course he would follow. Now 25 years old, he grew up in Dallas' affluent Highland Park area. His father—an engineer, president of an oil exploration firm and an active member of the local Episcopal church—set high standards for his three children, and Hinckley's brother and sister seemed to live up to them. His sister, Mrs. Diane Sims, was a high school cheerleader and homecoming queen. Scott Hinckley entered the family business and became a vice-president; ironically, he was scheduled to be a dinner guest the night after the shooting at the home of Vice-President George Bush's son Neil. But in John Jr. the flame seemed to be lacking. He dabbled in school activities—the Spanish club, the rodeo club and Students in Government—but made little impression on teachers or classmates. "He was quiet and low-key," says classmate Beverly McBeath. "Something must have happened to him after high school."

Perhaps something did, but if there was a turning point it passed unperceived. After graduating from high school in 1973, Hinckley enrolled at Texas Tech University in Lubbock.

In and out of Tech for the next seven years, he switched from the school of business to the college of arts and sciences before dropping out for good last July. The impression he left was hardly indelible, but Otto Nelson, an associate professor of history, remembers that Hinckley wrote two well-thought-out papers on Nazism—a review of Adolf Hitler's *Mein Kampf* and a report on a book on the death camp at Auschwitz. At about the same time Hinckley took a one-bedroom apartment off-campus and lived there alone, seldom speaking to neighbors. Mark Swoffard, the building's superintendent, remembers being called in once to clean out a drain. "It just blew me away," he says. "There was garbage piled up all over the cabinets and even in the bookshelves. Other than that, it looked like no one lived there. A guitar and a television set were the only things that he had."

No doubt sensing in himself the rootlessness that Swoffard briefly observed, Hinckley drifted from Lubbock last summer. He tended bar for a while in Denver, near his parents' new home in Evergreen, Colo., then unsuccessfully sought a job selling photography in Hollywood. Last October 9 he was arrested at an airport in Nashville and charged with the possession of three concealed handguns. Though President Carter was also in Nashville at the time, speaking at the Grand Ole Opry, no connection was ever suspected. Four days later Hinckley turned up in Dallas, where he bought the pistol allegedly used to shoot Carter's successor.

Finally, of course, no one could have predicted what Hinckley was planning—no one but Hinckley himself. And that, in a chillingly prophetic note to actress Jodie Foster, is precisely what he did. Apparently possessed by some deeply felt secret vision of the actress, he carried her picture in his wallet, wrote letters to her and somehow developed the idea that President Reagan had treated her shabbily. Searching Hinckley's Washington hotel room after his arrest, federal agents came upon a message allegedly intended for Foster. "I will prove my love for you through an historic act," it read. "I will probably die for what I am about to do. It is now 12:30, an hour before I go to the Hilton Hotel." □



The FBI believes Hinckley became obsessed with Jodie Foster, for whom Robert De Niro turned killer in *Taxi Driver*.

"They have a quiet home life and stay to themselves," said a neighbor of Hinckley's parents, who live in this \$180,000 home in Evergreen, Colo. A self-made millionaire with a record of involvement in issues like hunger and the environment, John Hinckley Sr. supported Ronald Reagan for President.

CONTINUED





"We had to look him up in our annuals," says a high school classmate of Hinckley. "Nobody remembers him real well."



No more memorable at Texas Tech (in 1974, above), "He was an anonymous face in the crowd," says a history teacher.



Hinckley's descent into his personal depths seemed reflected on his recent Colorado driver's license.



## A stricken President showed the pluck and grit his friends knew he had

Political critics of the President have suggested that much of his seeming accomplishment is mostly acting. Last week no one said that about his courage. Like the cowboy hero he once portrayed, Ronald Reagan strode into the hospital emergency room under his own power, joking off the bullet that had jeopardized his life. Throughout his ordeal, he varied rakishness with sangfroid: He told nurses who flocked to his side, "If I'd gotten this kind of attention in Hollywood, I would have stayed"—and quoted Churchill's dictum that life's greatest exhilaration is to be shot at without result. "I know my father," Michael Reagan said with forced confidence while the surgery was in progress. "He'll be running this country again tomorrow." Incredibly, he was: The next morning the President signed the dairy price support bill from his bed in intensive care.

Reagan's stamina surprised even doctors at George Washington University Hospital. "He's an amazing physical specimen," said clinical affairs dean Dennis O'Leary, who called Reagan "physiologically very youthful." A private man with no taste for showy exercises like jogging or pumping iron, Reagan has for years quietly kept fit and trim. He takes pride in the fact that he has kept around 180 pounds—his college football weight—by eating and drinking abstemiously and by doing 10 minutes of sit-ups. He also uses an exercise wheel daily. Until the election he and Nancy regularly went to a Los Angeles exercise studio run by Mike Abrums, who was scheduled to install gym equipment in the White House just this week. Lee Clearwater, 60—Reagan's ranch foreman, fellow woodcutter and best crony—says the doctors should not have been shocked. "I could have told them he was just a kid compared to me," he says. Adds former aide Gordon Luce: "He leads a very disciplined life and just takes good care of himself—and his state of mind is an im-



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"There's no depression within him," Jimmy Stewart says of his pal. "He has always stayed on top of everything."

portant part of his physical health."

That stoic side, so rarely displayed in public, is a legend among his friends. "The President has always been a person of great strength and tremendous spirit," says his producer friend A.C. Lyles. "Both Nancy and Ron are. I know their faith and strength will carry them through." Old pal Bob Hope remembers with a shudder the day last November when Reagan pointed out the bulletproof flak jacket beneath his raincoat. "He just said the Secret Service asked him to wear it," Hope recalls. The President may also have a streak of fatalism in him, suggests his longtime barber, Harry Drucker. "He once said, 'If they're gonna get me, they're gonna get me,'" Drucker recalls. "He doesn't entertain any fears."

To some extent, Reagan's grace under pressure may even have its roots in Hollywood. Edward Langley, a writer who worked with Reagan at General Electric, reports that the President was a great admirer of Errol Flynn's panache. "He called himself the B-movies' Errol Flynn," Langley says. "He even walks like Flynn. He's a swash-buckler, and walking into that hospital is just like him." But whatever the other roots of his resiliency, Ronald Reagan clearly has an incurable case of optimism. "Ronald Reagan has no down days," marveled James Stewart the morning after the shooting. "He always keeps going in the face of stress, hitting at those things he believes in. He proved that throughout his campaign. And he did it again yesterday. He is an extraordinary man." □







Reagan keeps in shape by working out and working outside. One July weekend away from the stump, he pruned trees at home.



The A.C. Lyleses, members of the Reagan inner circle, never worried. "He's in such marvelous health," said Lyles.



"He's been my friend for 40 years," Bob Hope says of Reagan. "The whole country is with him."

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## & WORLD REPORT

APRIL 13, 1981 \$1.50



# WHAT IMPACT?



## George Bush Gets His Chance As Reagan's Stand-In

As substitute for a convalescing Ronald Reagan, Vice President George Bush stepped into a role he had rehearsed behind the scenes for weeks.

Taking over the President's ceremonial and office duties, Bush displayed confidence that he could assume command at the White House while Reagan, in a hospital bed, remains in control as the nation's Chief Executive.

This smooth partnership stems from no written guidelines, but is the result of quiet preparation and a steadily improving personal rapport between two men who not long ago were fierce political rivals.

Bush moved quickly on March 30 when Reagan was wounded by gunfire in Washington. He cut short a trip to Texas and returned to the capital to coordinate the executive branch. Following Reagan's successful surgery, it was the Vice President who appeared on television to calmly reassure citizens that "the American government is functioning fully and effectively."

Administration insiders described Bush as at ease and decisive in presiding at cabinet meetings in Reagan's absence. The 56-year-old Vice President carefully avoided appearing presumptuous by sitting in his own chair and leaving Reagan's vacant.

Bush also worked in his own office rather than in the Oval Office of the President, and he permitted reporters and photographers only limited access to his activities.

Just before he was wounded, Reagan gave Bush a big vote of confidence by placing him in charge of overall crisis management in the White House, a move that publicly displeased Secretary of State Alexander Haig.

"Performing well." The potential for Bush-Haig rivalry was intensified with public comparisons of their actions in the early tumultuous hours after Reagan was shot. Consensus: Bush—seasoned in the political arena by service in the House of Representatives, United Nations, Central Intelligence Agency and as envoy to China—behaved in cooler fashion than Haig.

Said James A. Baker III, White House chief of staff and Bush's former presidential campaign manager: "He is performing extremely well. He's filling in for the President without being brash or overly assertive."

Another top presidential aide, one of

Bush's critics in the past, complimented him for his discreet actions and confirmed that the Vice President's status is growing among longtime intimates of Reagan.

The relationship between Reagan and Bush has warmed rapidly in the 10 weeks since they assumed power.

On Reagan's orders, Bush has been brought into every important decision and meeting on foreign and domestic policy—spending an average of 3 hours a day at Reagan's side.

It was during a quiet dinner-table conversation with Bush's wife Barbara at Reagan's 70th-birthday party on February 6 that the President disclosed his concern about keeping his top deputy informed. "Is George happy with his job?" Reagan asked. "Does he feel what he's doing is worthwhile? If the awful-awful should happen, George should know everything."



Vice President Bush fills in for Reagan at ceremony while Alexander Haig looks on.

In addition to keeping the Vice President informed, Reagan has handed Bush a number of important assignments. Two days after the inauguration, Bush was directed to head a presidential task force on reducing government regulations on business. Another Bush assignment is to supervise the government's role in helping solve the murders of black children in Atlanta.

Bush has gone on the road to make a series of speeches as administration salesman for the President's economic-recovery plan—an activity that will slow during Reagan's recovery. He also has played a strategic role with Republican senators pondering the controversial Reagan budget cuts.

The Vice President, to the dismay of his moderate GOP friends, even drew cheers from a former bitter enemy—the Conservative Political Action Conference—in a March 20 speech that some critics interpreted as coming close to groveling for the support of the right wing.

**Closing the gap.** Bush's position at the right hand of the President is a long climb from several months ago, when he and Reagan fought nearly down to the wire for the Republican presidential nomination. At one point in the primary battle, Bush referred scornfully to Reagan's tax proposals as "voodoo economics," a charge that infuriated Reagan loyalists and delighted Democrats.

At the GOP convention in Detroit last July, Bush was far from Reagan's first choice as a running mate. The Californian only selected him after his efforts to get former President Gerald Ford on the ticket collapsed.

At the time, there were widespread reports of problems between their wives—specifically that Nancy Reagan did not like Barbara Bush. A close friend of the First Lady says now: "She and Barbara and the President and George have really become devoted to each other."

Still, it is surprising to many political analysts that Reagan and Bush have become such close working partners in only a brief time.

Peter Teeley, Bush's press secretary, explains it by saying, "Bush understands who he is. He's the Vice President—and only the Vice President."

Unspoken, yet understood by everyone amid the tension and concern following the attempt to assassinate Reagan: George Bush's strong performance as the President's loyal backup man can only help his own ultimate ambition—to serve someday as the elected President, not as a substitute. □

# The President as Patient —Behind the Scenes

**Luck helped, but it was the Chief Executive himself who turned out to be a vital cog in the race by doctors and nurses to save him.**

Ronald Reagan emerged from a week of ordeal with a gunshot wound in his lung, a 6-inch incision across his chest—and a reputation as a world-champion patient.

The President was expected to make a complete recovery. By April 3, he had progressed to the point that White House officials forecast he might return to the Oval Office—at least part time—within two weeks of being shot.

For the next six to eight weeks, the nation's First Patient is to increase his activities gradually to regain his physical strength. If all goes well, doctors say he will be able to ride horseback in two to three months.

"The prognosis is excellent," said Dr. Dennis O'Leary, dean of clinical affairs at George Washington University Hospital soon after surgery. "He is physiologically a very young man. There should be no complications or permanent injuries."

**A bright side.** Reagan is considered a lucky case—lucky that the .22-caliber bullet missed his heart by several inches and lucky that he reached the hospital emergency room quickly.

He was also lucky, doctors say, that at age 70, he had no underlying health problems that could have exacerbated his wound or slowed his recovery.

More than luck pulled the President through, however. Talks with the doctors and nurses on the surgical and intensive-care teams make that clear. They told the behind-the-scenes story of what happens when the President of the U.S. is rushed to a big-city hospital.

George Washington University Hospital, three fourths of a mile west of the White House, is an older teaching institution with up-to-date facilities.

At 2:35 p.m., on March 30, Reagan walked in the door of its emergency room with the aid of Secret Service men, then fell to one knee. He was pale, lightheaded. He was coughing up blood and gasping for breath. Not until attendants stretched him out in the resuscitation bay of the emergency room and cut away his clothes did everyone realize that he had been shot.

The bullet had bounced off a rib and lodged in the lower left lobe of the left lung, causing significant bleeding and collapsing the lung.

Attendants moved fast. A tube was quickly inserted in his chest to expand the lung and drain off blood pooling inside the chest cavity.

Reagan never went into shock, but his blood loss was so great that emergency surgery was essential. He was given a transfusion of 2½ quarts of blood—nearly half the normal volume of blood in the body. Roughly 40 minutes after arriving at the hospital, Reagan was in the operating room.

"The President was never in serious danger," said O'Leary. "At no point in time was he even remotely close to extremis"—a medical term for death.

The 2-hour operation began with a 6-inch horizontal incision just below the left nipple. Two ribs were stretched apart to open up the chest.

The team, headed by Dr. Benjamin Aaron, first made sure there was no bleeding from other organs such as the liver, kidneys, spleen, stomach.

Then the doctors turned to the lung and removed the bullet. They looked at the heart and examined major arteries. Finding everything in order, they sewed up their patient and transferred him to the recovery room.

Although the operation is considered a major one, Reagan's surgery was neither extraordinary nor rare.

"It's a standard type of procedure," explains Dr. W. Gerald Austen, chief of surgery and cardiology at Massachusetts

General Hospital. "We see it all too frequently."

It was not an easy night, however. Concern mounted in the recovery room. Reagan was breathing with the help of a respirator, but tests to monitor oxygen in his blood were disturbing. X-rays showed that blood clots were obstructing his airways.

By 9 p.m., doctors decided to perform a bronchoscopy—a procedure in which a fiber-optic instrument is inserted in a tube already in the patient's windpipe so that doctors can locate the blood clots and remove them.

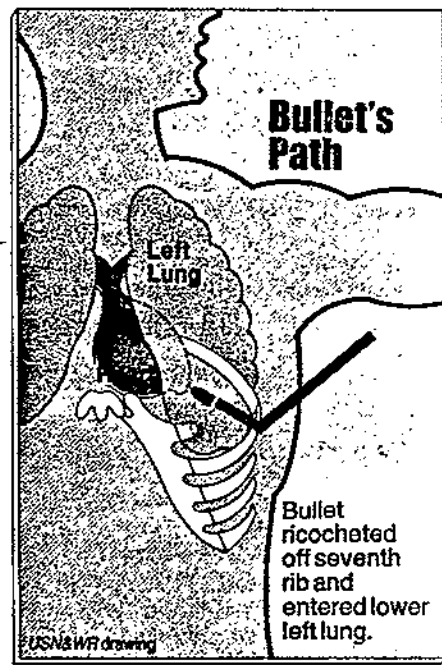
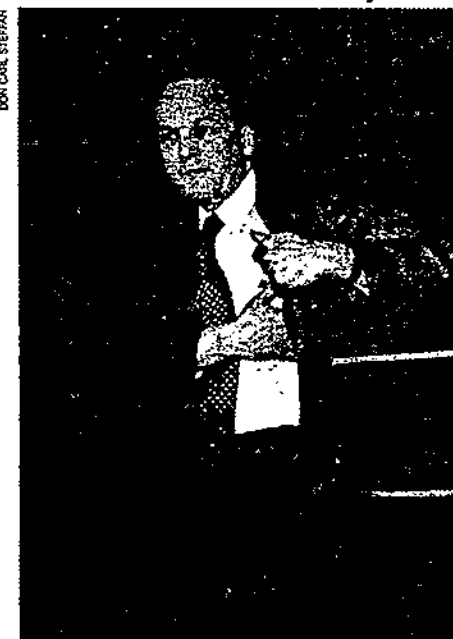
**Slight setback.** Reagan was on morphine to relieve the pain. His head was raised; he was alert and in good humor. But the attempted bronchoscopy failed because of a kink in the tube.

Throughout the night, nurses took turns removing blood clots through a tube with a suction device. Fortunately, Reagan's lungs began to improve. By 2 a.m., X-rays showed that his lungs were close to normal, and an hour later he was taken off the respirator.

At 6:15 a.m., the patient was moved to the intensive-care unit, jammed with nurses in yellow uniforms and banks of dials and TV screens that monitor vital signs of the very sick.

Fifteen hours later, Reagan was moved again—this time to a \$234-a-

**Dr. Dennis O'Leary shows reporters how bullet entered the President's body.**



Dear Mr. President,  
THERE AINT NO REPUBLICANS OR  
DEMOCRATS NOW. WE ARE ALL FAMILY  
GET WELL QUICK RON...  
WE NEED YOU! America  
PS. WE CAN'T AFFORD TO LOSE A CUSTOMER

A firm that rents uniforms hung this banner across street from Reagan's hospital.

day private room with beige walls, two blue easy chairs, a rust-colored sofa and a television set hung on the wall. Meanwhile, the White House took over a corridor for use of Reagan's secretary and the Secret Service.

Despite those accommodations, the hospital's guiding principle was to treat Reagan like any other patient so that no medical mistakes would be made in the tense atmosphere.

To the hospital staff, Reagan was a model patient. "What impressed me was that he was willing to do anything that would make him get better faster," says nurse Maureen McCann.

For instance, the key to recovery from lung surgery is physiotherapy to exercise the lungs. Every 4 hours, Reagan had to turn over on his stomach. The nurses clapped his back to vibrate his body and shake the secretions in his lung in order to prevent pneumonia.

This was very important because Reagan had been hospitalized for pneumonia many years ago. "Someone like you saved my life," Reagan told McCann. "She sat by my bedside and kept saying, 'Breathe, breathe, breathe.'" Vibrating the back can be very painful over a fresh surgical incision. "He never complained," says McCann.

Physiotherapy also includes forced coughing to bring up sputum. In another exercise, Reagan used a deep-breathing device which involved sucking on a tube to measure the strength of his lungs.

In between exercises, medications and examinations, Reagan talked and talked. He told nurse Debbie Augsbach about growing up in a small town and about his father. He reminisced about how President Truman could walk

from the White House without Secret Service men. He wondered if he now might wear a bulletproof vest whenever he is in crowds.

At one point, Reagan swapped old rhymes with a doctor. He was concerned about the brand-new blue pin-striped suit he had been wearing. He got a newspaper, skipped the assassination stories, noted the finding of another black child's body in Atlanta and turned to the comics.

The entertainer. Throughout the President's stay in the hospital, his sense of humor stood out. His one-liners revealed the Hollywood performer with a vaudevillian's heart. For all the humorous quips that drew laughs, however, there were just as many that flopped, said the staff.

Doctors know that humor is important in responding to stress and in speeding up the recovery process. In the recovery room, Reagan's one-liners—written on a pad—not only showed that the patient was in good spirits but reassured the medical team as to his general condition.

"It was a time of high anxiety," recalls Dr. Jack E. Zimmerman. "The X-ray and oxygen studies were bothersome. He knew we were worried, but it was hard to get overwhelmed when you have a patient putting out one-liners. It gave everybody reassurance that the patient was doing all right."

According to a New York City internist, Dr. William M. Hitzig, laughing and joking have a metabolic effect on the body. Humor, Hitzig explains, changes the salivary glands to produce more juice. It stimulates hormones from the pituitary, hypothalamus and adrenal glands—even the sex glands.

For the medical staff, one of the lightest moments came when nurse McCann resolved a major mystery. She was combing Reagan's hair, parting first one side, then the other and quietly examining the roots. "Now," the President said, "you can tell the world I don't dye my hair."

Meanwhile, the business of the Presidency went on. The day after surgery, Reagan signed a bill limiting dairy supports. He worried about his signature, made wobbly by intravenous tubes in his arm. He met with aides. He read memos. He made decisions.

When a question arose over whether Secretary of State Alexander Haig should cancel his trip to the Middle East, it was the President who decided he should go.

"The world has not stopped just because of this," said Reagan. □

By ABIGAIL TRAFFORD

## A President Who Enjoys a Josh

*It was a stream of wisecracks and jests from a wounded Ronald Reagan that reassured Americans most in the wake of an attempted presidential assassination.*

Even with a bullet in his chest, he was making such quips as these—

■ To his wife Nancy: "Honey, I forgot to duck."

■ To the surgeons who were about to operate on him: "Please tell me you're all Republicans."

When tubes in his throat kept him from talking during the hours that followed surgery, Reagan turned to a pencil and pad.

■ Told that a nurse would spend the night in his recovery room, he wrote: "Does Nancy know?"

■ Said another note: "If I'd gotten this much attention in Hollywood, I would not have left."

■ One of the President's notes read: "As Winnie Churchill said, 'There is no more exhilarating feeling than being shot without results.'"

■ After undergoing a particularly painful medical procedure, Reagan paraphrased the epitaph of comedian W. C. Fields: "All in all, I'd rather be in Philadelphia."

When Reagan could talk again, he rattled off these one-liners—

■ To daughter Maureen: "One of my new suits is ruined."

■ To his three highest White House aides: "Who's minding the store?" and "Well, I guess I really screwed up the schedule today."

■ To an aide who told him that he would be happy to know the government was running normally in his absence: "What makes you think I'd be happy about that?"

■ To a nurse who told him to keep up the good work: "You mean this may happen several more times?"

■ On learning that he would not be well enough to throw out the first ball to open the major-league baseball season on April 8: "I am a right-hander, and it is the left side that hurts."

Reagan cracked most of his jokes before learning that his press secretary, James Brady, had been critically wounded in the assassination attempt. Tears filled his eyes when he was told of Brady's plight. "Oh, damn," the President said. "Oh, damn."

12

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FBI — WASH. FIELD

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# "Oh, My God, It's

*Six bullets in two seconds of terror fell the President and three others and raised*





# Happening"

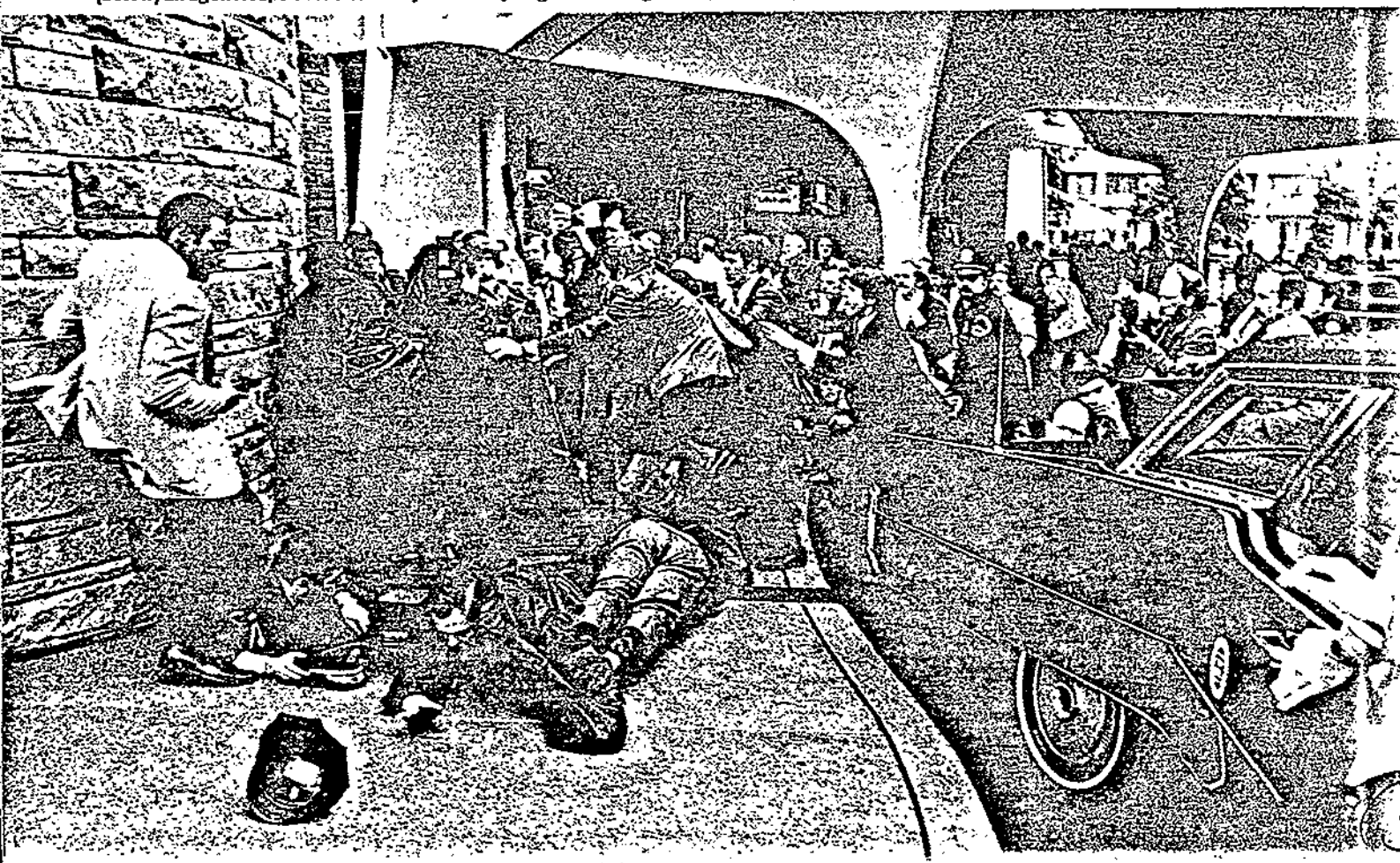
*fresh fears that assassination is an American disease*







Just before the shooting begins, Ronald Reagan is surrounded by (from left) Agent Jerry Parr (in raincoat), Press Secretary James Brady, a military aide, Assistant Michael Deaver, an unidentified policeman, Officer Thomas Delahanty and Agent Timothy McCarthy. Seconds later (below) an agent leaps over Delahanty and Brady to grab for the gunman, Parr has pushed Reagan into the limousine, and the car is ready to move



# Emergency in Room 5A

*As the world watched, calm doctors performed their ritual*



It is the kind of emergency familiar to trauma teams across the nation, particularly at places like New York City's Bellevue Hospital Center and Chicago's Cook County Hospital. The difference this time was the victim: not some dope dealer or faithless lover, but the President of the U.S. But even with the world watching, the medical ritual was the same.

As soon as Ronald Reagan was carried into Room 5A of George Washington University Hospital's emergency unit, a hastily assembled team of more than a dozen doctors plus paramedics, nurses and aides swung into action. Seemingly in disorganized fashion, but actually with speed and precision, they moved toward one goal: stabilizing the patient as quickly as possible. Oxygen was administered to aid the President in breathing, and fluids were given intravenously to raise his blood pressure. A reading indicated that the systolic pressure (when the heart contracts) had dropped below 100, alarmingly low. Simultaneously, his clothing was cut away; as soon as the jacket and shirt were off, an oozing, slitlike bullet hole was discovered just under the left armpit.

Because Reagan was coughing up bright red blood and complaining of chest pain on his left side and difficulty in breathing, doctors immediately suspected that his lung had been injured and probably collapsed, a common result of gunshot wounds to the chest. Normally, the pressure in the space between the lung and the chest wall is less than atmospheric pressure, and this keeps the lung expanded; when the chest wall is pierced, air enters and forces the lung to collapse. To reinflate it, doctors made two small incisions, one just below the collarbone and the other between the seventh and eighth ribs, and inserted tubes to suction off air and any blood that might have accumulated from damage to the heart, lungs or major blood vessels in the chest. About two pints of blood spilled out. Immediately doctors started transfusing blood, using O negative, a blood type any person can accept. (Later they began using Reagan's own type, O positive.) All this was accomplished within five minutes of his arrival.

That done, the trauma team could proceed more deliberately. X rays of the chest and abdomen were taken to try to lo-

cate the bullet; blood samples were analyzed for gases to help determine how much oxygen was getting into the blood. To see whether there was bleeding in the abdominal cavity as well, the team performed a procedure known as peritoneal lavage. Surgeons Benjamin Aaron and Joseph Giordano, who headed up the trauma team, made a small incision just below the President's navel, inserted a tube and infused several liters of fluid, filling the abdominal cavity. Then the fluid was withdrawn and examined for blood. It was

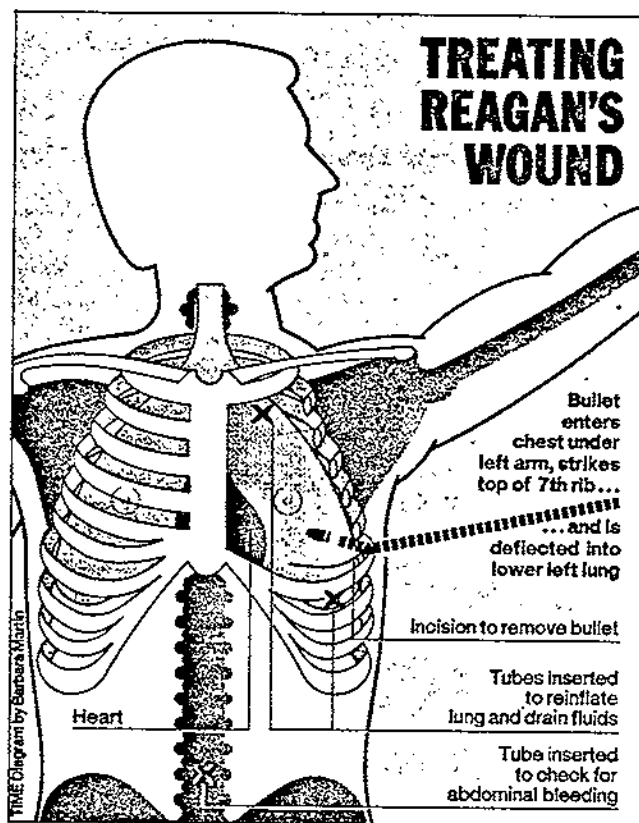
gan had not bled so heavily, surgery might not have been done immediately. But an operation would probably have been necessary eventually. Though bullets are frequently left inside the body when they do not threaten further damage, a bullet in the lung can travel to the heart and obstruct the flow of blood.

Reagan was rolled next door into an operating suite. Under the watchful eyes of two scrubbed and gowned Secret Service agents and the President's personal physician, Dr. Daniel Ruge, doctors began anesthetizing the President. They inserted a tube into his mouth and down his windpipe and put him on a mechanical respirator. Then he was gently turned onto his right side and placed at a 45° angle. In the operation, called a thoracotomy, surgeons made a 6-in. incision extending from just below the left nipple, along the ribs to just below the left armpit. Spreading the ribs and the overlying muscles apart, they first noticed a massive blood clot and removed it. Then they checked the heart and major blood vessels for damage but found none. They tried to follow the path of the bullet to locate the slug. This proved difficult so another X ray was taken. The doctors finally retrieved the bullet from the lower lobe of the left lung. Said Aaron: "It was flattened almost as thin as a dime, and about the size of a dime too."

From their examination, doctors concluded that the bullet plowed through the chest wall at an angle, struck the seventh rib and ricocheted down 3 in. into the lung. Its oblique path kept it a good 3 in. away from the heart. Reagan was fortunate that his assailant used a small-caliber, low-velocity gun. A .45-cal. bullet, twice as wide and five times as heavy as a .22, would have torn up the President's flank and probably killed him quickly, if not instantly. But he could have been

luckier: if his arm had been hit, the bullet might not have reached his torso; if the bullet had not glanced off the rib, it might have just passed on through the chest wall and out of the body without hitting any internal organ.

After the three-hour operation, which the President "sailed through with vital signs absolutely rock stable," according to O'Leary, Reagan was taken to the hospital's fourth-floor intensive-care unit, where he spent a restless night. So does almost everyone in such a unit: the lights are kept on; nurses and doctors move about constantly, checking vital signs and taking blood samples; monitors hooked up to patients beep incessantly. Reagan was given antibiotics to combat possible infections and pain medication to ease his moderate discomfort, more the result of



clear, indicating that Reagan had suffered no injury to abdominal organs.

But during the 45 minutes of peritoneal lavage, blood continued draining out of the chest tube, an unusual occurrence. In the majority of bullet wounds to the chest, bleeding stops soon after the lung is reinflated. By now Reagan had required a transfusion of five units of blood; that meant he had lost about 2½ quarts of blood, almost half the total amount circulating in his body. Continued bleeding can be a sign that a bullet has caused major damage to organs and blood vessels in the chest cavity. To assess the extent of the injury and to locate the source of bleeding, doctors decided to operate. "It was a major bleed," said Hospital Spokesman Dr. Dennis O'Leary. "That was why surgery was required." If Rea-

the operation than the bullet injury. During the night, doctors removed the windpipe tube that had been left in place after surgery to facilitate breathing.

The next morning, Reagan was moved to a quiet, eight-room suite on the third floor. He had a pulse rate of 70 and blood pressure of 130/80, numbers that would please a healthy man. He was encouraged to cough to help get secretions out of his lungs. Though breathing hurt, he required little pain medication. He continued to receive oxygen through a nose catheter. White House aides visiting that morning found Reagan sitting up and brushing his teeth. He spent the day sleeping and reading newspapers; meals were soup and gelatin. The next day he switched to solid foods and walked a few steps. Toward the end of the week he was walking down the hospital corridor, and doctors were predicting that barring complications he might return to the White House this week and be able to resume all physical activities, including riding, within three months. One complication surfaced at week's end: Reagan ran a fever of 102°. Said Aaron: "It's a little bit of a setback."

Though Reagan seems to be progressing nicely, controversy continues over the seriousness of his condition when he entered George Washington University Hospital. Some witnesses paint a grim picture: the President was stumbling, gasping for air, blood stained his teeth and lips, and most serious, his blood pressure was very low, a sign of impending shock. Coupled with this was the considerable amount of blood lost in the first few hours. Some doctors are convinced that the President was in "a life-threatening situation." Says a Washington, D.C., surgeon, an expert in bullet injuries: "A gunshot wound to the chest is always serious, especially in a 70-year-old. I am sure that Reagan's doctors were a lot more concerned at the time than they acknowledged."

But O'Leary and others who attended Reagan insist that he was never in danger. The President, they point out, was conscious and coherent and was stabilized quickly. He was never in shock. Says O'Leary: "With blood, a little goes a long way. I'm sure he looked bad, but at no point was he anywhere close to being in extremis."

As to the blood loss, O'Leary agrees it was large (almost four quarts) but says the rate of loss is more important than the volume. Reagan's blood loss was steady, not gushing, and doctors had no trouble in compensating with transfusions. The majority of gunshot victims come into a hospital much worse off, O'Leary says. In fact, he contends that the President would probably have been all right even if treatment had been delayed by as much as 20 minutes. Fortunately, Ronald Reagan and the nation did not have to test that judgment.

—By Anastasia Toulakis

Reported by Peter Stoler/Washington

## The Doctor and the Ideal Patient

Buried beneath our prejudices and the actuarial tables is a fact: Ronald Reagan, at 70, may have been the healthiest man to assume the presidency since Harry Truman.

Eisenhower had his ileitis symptoms, and Kennedy went into power with a form of Addison's disease. Johnson had suffered his first heart attack, and Nixon was shadowed by phlebitis. Ford's otherwise robust physique was flawed by old football injuries. Carter came to the White House with his record showing a period of depression after a race for Governor of Georgia in 1966.

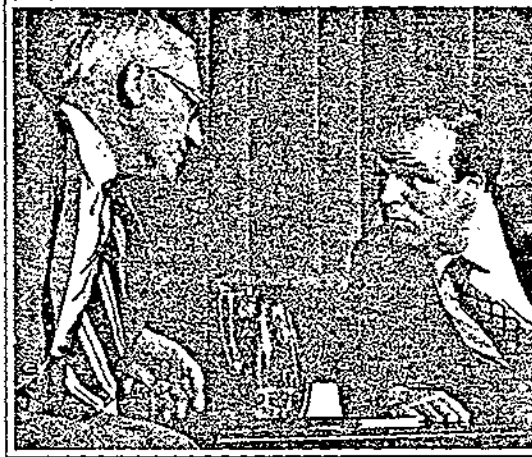
But Reagan, the old man of the bunch, had somehow stayed together. The White House physician, Dr. Daniel Ruge, put it this way three days before the shooting: "What can I tell a man who is 70 and in better shape than I am?" Ruge is 63 and a farm boy from Nebraska, where they claim that if you make it through your first year you live almost forever.

Ruge, stately and cautious, had been chatting on a Friday evening in his small White House office about how to sustain Reagan's good health—and to prepare for emergencies, the kind that would occur in just 70 hours.

Ruge had been chosen White House physician because of his association

with Loyal Davis, Nancy Reagan's father. A neurosurgeon, Ruge had met the President in earlier years but had not known him as a patient. Bit by bit, he was accumulating medical data and his impressions of Reagan's life-style, these observations perhaps more revealing than any statistics.

Ruge had watched Reagan around the White House, seen him at state dinners, traveled with him aboard Air Force One. When Reagan went horseback riding at Quantico, Va., Ruge, who spent some of his boyhood on the backs of his father's Percherons,



Ruge, left, with Hospital Spokesman Dennis O'Leary

watched with a certain nostalgia from the fences. "The President is a marvelous physical specimen," he said. "His very demeanor shows that he is healthy." From that conclusion, Ruge's approach to White House health was plotted. He would not stalk the President, believing that an overzealous doctor can create a dependent patient.

Reagan was his own best doctor in many ways, Ruge noted. The President could pace himself, discipline his appetites, his activity. "He simply knows how to take care of himself," declared Ruge. That is in marked contrast to the excesses of work and indulgence seen in other Presidents, notably L.B.J. Ruge has studied carefully the White House environment, Reagan's state of mind, any symptoms of stress. What he found was reassuring. He noted that those who traveled with the President, whether staff or Secret Service agents, genuinely liked him. That aura, created in large part by Reagan's humor and courtesy, was a great health benefit. Ruge was also convinced that Nancy Reagan's dedication to her husband was another element in his excellent state of mind and body.

The greatest concern of the President's physician was somehow devising outlets from the White House cloister for the President. Reagan is not a golfer, a jogger or a tennis player. He likes to ride, but that is not enough. Reagan's therapy, Ruge noted, came from messing around outdoors. It takes a small-town boy to understand that. Woodchopping, planting, pruning, fixing up and just moving around, doing something useful, can keep the eyes clear, the heart vibrant, the muscles taut. That poses a challenge in the White House, where all the chores are done and the President's exertion is walking from meeting to meeting.

Dan Ruge has been diverted for the moment. But he will soon be back, gently urging the President to keep chopping wood on his California ranch and canter off over the Virginia hills whenever he can. Doctor and patient are in harmony about what keeps a President going.



# Caught in the Line of Fire

Three victims who served the President well

Because all of them in their chosen fields had proved themselves among the best at what they do, they had earned the right to be with the President as he left the Washington Hilton Hotel last week. James Brady, 40, through an admixture of diligence, drive and affability, had parlayed 19 years of handling public relations work—including stints with the Defense Department, Senator William Roth and Candidate John Connally—into the plum of his profession, presidential press secretary. Timothy McCarthy, 31, the son of a Chicago policeman, joined the Secret Service in 1972 and two years ago won assignment to the prestigious presidential protection detail. Thomas Delahanty, 45, had received more than 30 letters of commendation in his 17 years on the Washington, D.C., police force. When his canine patrol partner, a German shepherd named Kirk, became ill last week, Delahanty was a natural choice for the Hilton assignment. The trio's diverse paths led them, for two tragic seconds last week, into the line of fire between John Hinckley's revolver and the man he allegedly intended to assassinate.

Brady was by far the most seriously injured. A bullet entered his forehead just over his left eye and crossed through to the right side of his brain. Word quickly spread that he had died, causing gasps and sobs in the White House West Wing among aides and members of the seasoned press corps, for whom Brady, through his wit and warmth, had become more of a joyous friend than a mere professional colleague. For five hours, surgeons working with the aid of a microscope performed a delicate craniotomy, lifting off the top of his skull to remove a significant portion of his right frontal brain lobe, which, among other functions, controls motor activity on the body's left side. When the operation was over, Brady was still alive and slowly regaining consciousness. Said his relieved surgeon, Dr. Arthur Koblitz: "Eight out of ten people die from this kind of injury."

That so many questions from reporters during the early hours of last week's crisis concerned Brady's health may have seemed somewhat baffling to those outside the press corps. In twelve short weeks on the job, he had succeeded, despite the difficulties inherent in his work, in winning both the respect and the affection of the press. Brady, called "the Bear" because, well, he looks a bit like one, has a broad relish for life beyond politics. That enthusiasm embraces the hapless Chicago Cubs, gourmet cooking and, of course, his wife Sarah, whom he calls "Raccoon" because, well, he thinks she looks like one.

This *joie de vivre*, friends like to think, was more than a match for the gunman's bullet.

Brady's humor ranges from jolly quips to droll deadpan. Shortly before the shooting, he was the guest at one of Washington's institutionalized breakfasts with reporters. Instead of the light banter and gentle questions that tend to open such discussions, he was immediately slung a sharp query on conflicts within the Administration. After a pause he responded with perfect poker face: "Where has foreplay gone?" At last month's Gridiron Club dinner, an event that features journalists performing parodies of politicians, a Brady impersonator lampooned the report that Nancy Reagan had opposed his appointment because he was not "good-looking" enough to project the Reagan Administration image. Sang he: "She's grown accustomed to my face." Brady laughed as loudly as any of the press and politicians in the audience. With the first signs that Brady might survive, colleagues



Agent McCarthy



Officer Delahanty



Presidential Press Secretary James Brady  
"Raccoon," he said, squeezing her hand.

and friends at the White House placed a small stuffed Teddy bear with a Cubs' baseball cap on his chair.

McCarthy, who had been trained to interpose his body between the President and any gunfire—and who defied all innate human instincts by doing just that—was hit in the right side of his chest. The bullet passed through the chest muscles, lung, diaphragm and part of the liver before lodging against a rib. An hour-long operation was successful in removing the bullet and draining the blood that had collected in his abdominal cavity.

Elizabeth McCarthy, his mother, was watching television with her daughter shortly after the shooting when a tape of the tragedy came on. Says Daughter Karen: "Suddenly, as we watched, we saw where he was hit and fell. We both knew at once that it was Tim. Mom gasped. We both cried and hugged each other and prayed." As McCarthy recovered from surgery, his superiors praised him for executing his mission perfectly. Said Jerry Parr, head of the presidential protection detail: "I think what Agent McCarthy did was most heroic." His eldest sister Laurie joked that "thousands of relatives" would soon be flying to Washington to see their "hero."

Police Officer Delahanty's wife also saw her husband's shooting on television. "I didn't even know he was with the President," she said. The bullet struck Delahanty's left shoulder and lodged in his neck, damaging no blood vessels but bruising a nerve. The result of his wound seemed minor: a temporary loss of sensation on the inside of his left forearm, excessive sweating of the palm and erection of the hairs on his arm. In fact, doctors saw no reason even to remove the bullet from his neck—until it was discovered that Hinckley had used explosive bullets. They then decided to carefully remove it through an incision in his back. After receiving praise from official visitors, including Vice President George Bush and Mayor Marion Barry, Delahanty was due to leave the hospital within days.

For Brady, the prognosis was not as good, though he surprised doctors by his survival. At week's end, although the danger of infection or swelling still lurked, he was taken off the critical list. Brain tissue recovers so slowly that it may be as much as a year before the full extent of any permanent damage is known. Until then, each sign of improvement is being watched closely and reported hopefully. He has been able to move his right arm and leg on command. There has even been some movement of his left side. He has also been able to count to three and toss a gauze ball. Perhaps the most hopeful sign that Jim Brady is not only alive but still Jim Brady came when he recognized his wife and gave her hand a squeeze. Said he, carefully: "Raccoon." —By Walter Isaacson. Reported by Peter Stoler/Washington

Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)  
 Denver, CO  
 The Denver Post  
 Page 9F  
 Date: 4/2/81  
 Edition: Final

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# First Lady Visits Injured Officer

WASHINGTON (AP). — Nancy Reagan, apologizing for not visiting sooner, has thanked police officer Thomas Delahanty for doing his best to protect the president during Monday's assassination attempt.

"I would have been here sooner if I could," Mrs. Reagan was quoted as telling Delahanty, who is recovering from a gunshot wound in the neck.

Meanwhile, White House press secretary James Brady was talking, breathing without assistance and playing catch with his wife as he makes "truly exceptional" progress in his recovery from a gunshot wound to the brain, the White House said.

Brady, injured in Monday's assassination attempt on President Reagan, remained in critical condition at George Washington University Hospital, but doctors expressed cautious optimism.

WEDNESDAY, BRADY uttered his first words since the shooting, calling his wife, Sarah, by her nickname, "Raccoon," while she was in his hospital room. He then counted aloud to 10, a source said.

The counting apparently was on command of medical personnel to demonstrate regained abilities, said the source, who asked not to be identified.

Dr. Daniel Ruge, the White House physician, said there was "minimal but hopeful" movement on the left side of Brady's body, as well as continued improvement of movement on the right side.

White House chief of staff James Baker said doctors are optimistic Brady, 40, will survive and "that mental capacity will be there" despite brain damage caused by the bullet.

During five hours of surgery Monday, doctors reportedly removed large amounts of brain tissue from the right frontal lobe of Brady's brain and a small amount from the left.

During her visit to Delahanty, Mrs. Reagan told the police officer, "I have a lot to thank you for."

"I DID THE BEST I could," he said. Mrs. Reagan responded, "The best you did was the best anyone could do."

The hospital upgraded Delahanty's condition from fair to good Wednesday.

At George Washington University Hospital, Secret Service agent Timothy McCarthy, wounded in the stomach, was listed in good condition.

The first lady brought a robe and slippers, telegrams from well-wishers — and the ever-favored jar of jellybeans — to President Reagan during a visit to his suite at George Washington University Hospital Wednesday.

The first lady brought Reagan's robe and slippers at his request and told him about signs hanging from nearby buildings that express good wishes for his recovery.



AP Laserphoto.

**MRS. REAGAN, AT HOSPITAL, WAVES**

She is bringing jar of jelly beans to president.

Title: First Lady Visits Injured Officer

Character:

or

Classification: 175-59 sub D

Submitting Office: Denver

WFO-175-311 subD-104

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Serialized

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FBI/DOJ

Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Denver, CO

Rocky Mountain News

Page 6

Date: 3/31/81

Edition: Final

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# 'I forgot to duck,' Reagan quips to wife

Title: 'I forgot to duck,'  
Reagan quips to wife

Character:

or

Classification: 175-59

Submitting Office: Denver

WASHINGTON (AP) — President Reagan, often the brave leading man in action movies, faced real gunfire Monday and joked about it even as he was being wheeled into surgery.

"Honey, I forgot to duck," the president was quoted as telling his wife, Nancy, as he was taken into surgery at George Washington University Hospital.

Reagan had walked into the hospital under his own power after being wounded in the chest by a gunman who opened fire as the president left a hotel where he had given a speech.

"Don't worry about me. I'll make it," aide Lyn Nofziger said Reagan told Sen. Paul Laxalt, R-Nev., his longtime friend and former campaign manager.

In the operating room, Nofziger said, Reagan looked at the doctors and joked, "Please tell me you're Republicans."

At 70, Reagan is the oldest man ever elected to the presidency, having risen to office after

first becoming interested in politics during the administration of Franklin D. Roosevelt.

A man whose ideas about the world were formed in the nation's midland and developed during the Depression years, Reagan resolved shortly after World War II to use "my thoughts, my speaking ability, my reputation as an actor" to change the world.

He moved to a more conservative orientation and rose to political prominence in 1964 when he campaigned for Barry Goldwater. In that campaign, Reagan stirred followers in a speech quoting Roosevelt's famous line about having a "rendezvous with destiny."

Reagan began to hone his skills as a public speaker as a freshman at Eureka College near Peoria, Ill., where he mounted a soapbox to lead a student strike against attempts to cut back the faculty.

After college, he joined radio station WHG in Davenport, Iowa, where he did simulated play-

by-play broadcasts of Chicago Cubs baseball games, relying on scanty wire reports of the action.

After going to Hollywood, Reagan rose to the presidency of the Screen Actors Guild before turning to more active politics.

He has sometimes been criticized by opponents as an advocate of simple solutions.

"His ideas ... are neatly confined to a simple framework of thought and action that permits no doubts and acknowledges no sobering complexities," commented Edmund G. "Pat" Brown, who preceded Reagan as governor of California.

Reagan's response was that "the truth is that there are simple answers — just not easy answers."

The criticism notwithstanding, friend and foe alike acknowledged Reagan as a man who knows his strengths and weaknesses. Despite rhetoric, he was judged broad-minded enough to encourage a variety of advice.

Doctors noted that much of Reagan's strength was developed in adversity, including a once-faltering career and a divorce from his first wife, Jane Wyman. Reagan's second wife, the former Nancy Davis, gave up her acting career to marry him.

After heading the actors guild, Reagan became a spokesman for General Electric Co.

Reagan dived into politics in the 1960s and in 1966 defeated Brown for the California governorship. He won re-election easily in 1970.

He then decided to turn full time to seeking the presidency, coming close to snatching the nomination from incumbent Gerald R. Ford in 1976.

He entered the 1980 campaign as the clear leader for the GOP nomination and stayed ahead of a crowded field to become the candidate and, finally, president.

WFO-175-311 Sub D-110

Searched

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FBI/DOJ

Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)  
 Denver, CO

Rocky Mountain News

Page 6

Date: 3/31/81

Edition: Final

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# Witness tells of commotion at hospital

WASHINGTON (AP) — "It's the president," shouted one of the people in the emergency room at George Washington Hospital.

Then came the call over the hospital speaker system: "Trauma unit to emergency room. Stat. We need the cardiologist, the cardiologist team."

Robert Guarasci, 18, a student from Fort Lee, N.J., who happened to be at the hospital when President Reagan arrived with a gunshot wound Monday, said a cleaning lady confirmed the president was there.

"Yes, but you're not supposed to tell anybody," he quoted her as replying to his question.

Guarasci said he saw the president's wife, Nancy, walking beside the stretcher when the president was taken from the emergency room. "She looked very concerned," he said.

Attracted by sirens and commotion surrounding the president's arrival, Guarasci said he ran to the emergency room and arrived two or three minutes after Reagan.

Guarasci said he was told by people who were there earlier than Reagan was "brought in bodily. It was not on a stretcher."

Guarasci said he overheard medical personnel in the room shouting, "It's the president, it's the president," and he asked a cleaning woman if it was true.

Guarasci said he saw two other people brought into the hospital, including a portly, balding man, whose description resembled that of White House press secretary James S. Brady. He said that man had what appeared to be a red or bloody knot above his eyebrow. Brady was reported to have been shot in the forehead.

Guarasci said Reagan arrived at the hospital about 2:35 p.m. and was in the emergency room in a small room, out of sight, until 3:20 p.m.

About 35 to 40 people, most of them in business suits, milled about the emergency room as the president was treated, he said. "There were a few patients who were there," he added.

When the president was taken from the room, Guarasci said, "I noticed some things hanging from the stretcher." He said he could not determine whether it was an intravenous unit or a blood supply.

He said he could not see Reagan, because the president was covered, but Guarasci said he recognized Mrs. Reagan. "I couldn't detect any blood," he said.

Guarasci said he sat in the emergency room during the entire 45- or 50-minute period the president was there and was not challenged by any security officers.

Mr. Brady's condition didn't look like Reagan's. He was very tense in there, he said.

Title: Witness tells of commotion at hospital

Character:

or

Classification: 175-59

Submitting Office: Denver

WFO-175-311 sub D-112

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Serialized

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Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)  
 Denver, CO

Rocky Mountain News

Page 1

Date: 4/2/81

Edition: Final

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# Reagan gets out of bed, ponders trip

Title: Reagan gets out of bed, ponders trip

Character:

or

Classification: 175-59 sub D

Submitting Office: Denver

News wire services

WASHINGTON — Despite some pain, a high-spirited President Reagan got out of bed and set to work in his hospital suite Wednesday as aides indicated he may be released early next week — and make a major trip before the month is out.

White House physician Daniel Ruge declared late in the day that "the president continues to make excellent progress toward full recovery" from the bullet wound that punctured his left lung in Monday's assassination attempt.

"He has experienced some pain, which is normal for an injury and surgery of this type. He is now resting comfortably," Ruge said.

Earlier, Vice President George

Bush said after a visit that "the president is doing so well ... it's really amazing."

Meanwhile, James S. Brady, the presidential press secretary shot in the brain during the assassination attempt, was showing "astounding progress" two days after surgeons removed part of his brain. Wednesday he called out to his wife to "play catch" with a cotton ball, and he wiggled his left arm and foot.

Brady also was "breathing well" on his own, after being taken off his respirator. Ruge said it "is anticipated that he may be able to sit up in his hospital bed in a few days."

A source said that Brady, in the few words he spoke, called out the word "Raccoon," his nickname for his wife, Sarah, and counted aloud from one to 10.

Brady had moved his right arm and leg Tuesday, but the movement on the left is more significant since that side is controlled by the section of the brain where most of the bullet's damage occurred.

A large portion of the right frontal lobe of Brady's brain, which controls the left side of the body, was removed during a 6½-hour operation Monday at George Washington University Hospital.

John W. Hinckley Jr., charged with trying to kill Reagan, underwent three hours of psychiatric testing to determine if he is competent to stand trial. He is being held at the Quantico, Va., Marine base, south of Washington.

As for the shooting itself, sources who declined to be identified said inves-

tigators now believe that Reagan was hit by a ricochet from one of the six bullets fired instead of being struck directly.

Two bullets hit Reagan's limousine, and the investigators say the president was probably hit by the bullet that struck the rear door. The investigators found microscopic traces of paint on the bullet removed from Reagan, and the en-

try wound was more ragged than it would have been had he been struck directly, the sources explained.

Reagan was moved into a private room in a surgical ward and a "full-time office" was set up nearby for staff members, according to presidential counselor Edwin Meese III. Meese said the president may be sent home from George Washington University Hospital early next week.

White House chief of staff James A. Baker III and his deputy, Michael

(Continued on page 2)

(Continued from page 1)

Deaver, who with Meese make up the triumvirate that directs the White House and administration operations, spent about 10 minutes with the president shortly after 7 a.m. At that time, the president signed an executive order granting lower import tariffs for products from developing nations.

At the White House, Bush filled in at the president's only previously scheduled appointment for the day, presiding at a National Security Council meeting that he would have presided over anyway. Reagan had been scheduled to speak to the Illinois Legislature in Springfield on Wednesday.

Deputy White House press secretary Larry Speakes said plans are going ahead for a Reagan meeting scheduled for April 27 and 28 in San Diego with Mexican President Jose Lopez Portillo. The trip may include a stop across the border in Tijuana.

A trip to Cincinnati next Wednesday for the opening game of the major league baseball season was canceled.



UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL

First lady Nancy Reagan arrives at the hospital for a visit with the president. She brought him a jar of jellybeans, his favorite snack.

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The White House took over "virtually a whole corridor" at the hospital, Speakes said. All told, 11 rooms were set aside for White House use. There were "lots" of jellybeans — Reagan's favorite confection — in the room, assistant White House press secretary Mark Weinberg said.

The president was assigned a room measuring about 16 feet by 11 feet. It includes a wall-mounted television, two blue easy chairs and a rust-colored couch.

The daily cost is \$234, Speakes said, adding that he assumes that the president's state of California insurance policy, in effect since Reagan's days as the state's governor, will pay for it.

Speakes said a "small floral arrangement" was sent by the White House florist.

In addition, there are offices for White House appointments secretary David C. Fischer and Helene von Damm, the president's personal assistant. There are also rooms set aside for a military assistant, for Reagan's personal physician and for a communications center.

First lady Nancy Reagan was given a sitting room nearby, and other rooms were set aside for consultations and for Secret Service agents.

Reagan's physician said on Wednesday that the president did not go to sleep until 11 p.m. Tuesday, staying up to watch the first hour of the televised Academy Awards presentation. Mrs. Reagan was present, Hoge said.

A White House medical bulletin issued in the morning said that "the president is in good condition but is experiencing some pain and fatigue in response to his injury. The president slept well during the night and is up and walking this morning."

While initial reports of the president's first 24 hours in the hospital seven blocks west of the White House portrayed him as often being in a joking mood and the White House sought to portray a "business as usual" picture, cracks began to appear in that image.

Speakes said, "I can assure you from my personal knowledge there hasn't been any attempt to paint a rosier picture. The reports from the hospital have been as accurate as we can make them."

But the New York Times reported that the president had trouble breathing and had chest pain and falling blood pressure. In addition, the paper said, he was spitting

up blood when he walked into the hospital after being shot.

"He definitely was in a life-threatening situation," the newspaper quoted Dr. William O'Neill as saying. "But he was very rapidly stabilized."

O'Neill said a decision was made by a member of the senior White House staff that no picture be taken.

Speakes said Reagan read newspapers and the White House news summary and watched television in the morning.

Meese, asked what documents the president was likely to be shown, said, "We will only take those things to him that require his decision." But he predicted the president would like to see more.

He also said the president would begin receiving Cabinet members who are about to set out on overseas trips. Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. is about to leave for a long-planned Middle East trip.

Speakes said he was unaware that any presidential decisions had been postponed because of Reagan's injury. A national security briefing prepared by Richard Allen, the president's national security assistant, was delivered either by telephone or in writing, Speakes said.

The spokesman said the White House had received 7,500 telegrams and mailgrams since the president was shot. One, volunteered by Speakes, said: "We're grateful to God for saving your life."

In addition, there were messages from 80 heads of state and other high-ranking officials, including Pope John Paul II, Queen Elizabeth II, President Leonid I. Brezhnev of the Soviet Union, and Cuban President Fidel Castro.

WFO-175-311 subD-114

Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

"DALLAS Times HERALD"

Date:

Edition:

4/2/81

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# Message to White House is clear — Americans care

Title:

p97A

Character:

175-83

or

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Submitting Office: DALLAS

By PENNY PAGANO

Los Angeles Times Wire

WASHINGTON — "I felt a very human reaction for Nancy," Clay Royce said Wednesday. "As one woman to another, I wanted her to know how I felt."

Mrs. Royce, a widow from Port Angeles, Wash., was explaining why she sent a telegram to the White House this week that said: "Prayers from a 57-year-old nobody woman who does care."

Her thoughts were typical of Americans across the country who reacted to the shooting of President Reagan as though it had been a personal friend or one of their own family.

Many expressed shock, dismay and disbelief, and a family from Jamaica,

N.Y., summed up the thoughts of many: "We are praying for you everyday, three times a day."

Such expressions of sympathy have dominated the telegrams and Mailgrams that have streamed into the White House from across the country — from San Jose, Calif., to Billings, Mont., to Irving, Texas, to Plantation, Fla., and Harriman, N.Y. On Wednesday morning, the latest tabulation showed that more than 7,500 messages had been received at the White House, thousands of telephone calls, and hundreds of flower bouquets.

Many of the messages were from close personal friends of the Reagans, and others from neighbors in the Pacific Palisades district of Los Angeles, where the Reagans lived before he was elected president. But most of them were from strangers.

At times, the tender emotions of concern and sympathy had some lighter touches.

Referring to President Reagan's comment to his wife that he forgot to duck, a Santa Rosa, Calif., couple wired: "Whattya mean, Gov? You never ducked nothin' in your life (even Democrats). Love Ya. Giv'em hell Ronnie."

A Pittsburg resident said: "You must have zipped when you should have zagged. Sure thankful you're going to be O.K."

Many people said how thankful they were that the president's bullet wound in his left chest was not more serious.

"Thank God your guardian angel was sitting on your shoulder," read a message from Princeton, N.J. "Next time be sure that Nancy puts your bullet-proof vest on."

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Some messages were simple ones, like one from Van Nuys, Calif., that read: "Be Well."

To Mrs. Reagan, a Chicopee, Mass., man said: "I'm a second World War veteran and your husband was, too. I'm sorry Mrs. Reagan. I'm praying for you. He's a good guy."

To the president, the Massachusetts man then added: "I'm a Democrat. I remember you as an actor. We love you for it. I see your TV shows. You're just a great guy."

Children sent messages too.

A first grade class from Annandale, Va., drew large get-well cards that pictured the president in his hospital bed. One card had him being fed jelly beans. One child said in a note that she hoped Reagan would be president for 100 years.

Another girl wished that she could

give the president a flower and drew a picture of herself handing him one. But she need not have worried about the president receiving flowers.

Both the White House and George Washington University Hospital have received hundreds of bouquets. Many of them have been distributed to other patients and other hospitals and retirement homes around Washington with a card from the president.

"People have put so much thought into the flowers," said Anne Higgins, director of presidential correspondence. The floor of her White House office, where the flowers are delivered, has been a carpet of color with patriotic arrangements of carnations and roses, and elegant baskets of iris, tulips, poppies and freesias.

Some containers came with little packs of jelly beans. A bouquet from

Kansas had wheat mixed in.

One of the most unusual arrangements was a chubby little white elephant created entirely of chrysanthemums from its trunk to dangling tail.

Those people who wanted some personal reassurance about the president's condition called the White House or the hospital, where Emily Turk, a hospital press officer, said that the telephones have been ringing non-stop.

She recalled one man, who described himself as a poor farmer and long-time Reagan admirer, calling from Scotland Tuesday to offer his prayers.

"I don't have any money for this, but I want the president to know that I'm thinking about him, praying for him, and wishing him well," the caller said.

Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

"The DALLAS MORNING NEWS"

Date:

3/31/81

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Title:

pg 3A (H2)

Character: 175-83

or

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Submitting Office: DALLAS

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# Nancy went to hospital chapel

## Mrs. Reagan appeared calm but 'stressful,' med student says

By Barbara Strong

Washington Bureau of The News

WASHINGTON — It was about 2:30 p.m. when the white phone in emergency room of George Washington University Hospital rang. The direct line to the White House communications center delivered the first word that President Reagan had been shot.

Within minutes a voice from the overhead loudspeakers called, "All available surgeons report to the emergency room." A few minutes later President Reagan arrived in his limosine and walked into the emergency room.

About the same time, the president's wife, Nancy, had just returned to the White House from a luncheon engagement. Her press secretary said Mrs. Reagan learned of the shooting from a Secret Service agent at the White House. She left the White House about 2:35 p.m., Sheila Patton said, and arrived at the hospital five minutes later.

Willis King was in the hospital

emergency room when the president arrived. "He was holding his left breast, and I could see a little blood between his fingers," said King, a parking lot attendant who was visiting a relative at the hospital. Frank Richards, a third-year medical student at GWU cut short his surgical rounds and rushed to the emergency room. "We have a trauma team, but it's not equipped to handle three traumas at a time," he said.

When Richards arrived the trauma team already was using surgical sizzors to cut off the President's coat and shirt.

"He was awake and alert and oriented, and he did not appear to be in pain," Richards said. "I was called to bring a pillow for his head but I couldn't find one so I bunched up some sheets. The president lifted his head on his own and he responded very well to oral orders."

Richards then turned his attention to White House press secretary James Brady. "I saw the wound. It

was a defect over his left eye. His head was pressed in about an inch deep in an area about three centimeters around. The only thing you could see were fragments of bone, skin and brain tissue. You couldn't see the bullet, but they knew he needed surgery right away," Richards said.

When Mrs. Reagan saw her husband in the emergency room, he looked up at her from his bed and said, "Honey, I forgot to duck."

For the next two hours Mrs. Reagan waited in a private office between the emergency room and the operating room, just off the main corridor.

"There were Secret Service agents all over the place," Richards said.

Once the president was rolled into the operating room, Mrs. Reagan went to the hospital chapel just down the corridor. Sen. Paul Laxalt, a long-time Reagan supporter and friend was at her side. About every 20 minutes, a doctor would leave the operat-

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ing room to speak with Mrs. Reagan.

Craig Harmon, a third-year medical student, said Mrs. Reagan appeared calm but "stressful."

"She sat quietly most of the time and I didn't see her cry but she looked tired and upset." Several times during the surgery, Mrs. Reagan spoke with Mrs. James Brady and the wife of the Secret Service agent Timothy McCarthy.

Meanwhile, upstairs on the fourth floor in a room overlooking 23rd St., Veronica Duckett was preparing a private room in the intensive care unit for the President.

"It was crazy up there. They took the beds out of the room and replaced the intensive care bed with a regular hospital bed with buttons on it. They changed the curtains and they had me wash down all the walls," Ms. Duckett said. "They wanted everything sparkling clean, and my supervisor told me to make sure to do a good job getting the corners of the floor and the sink."

Indicate page, name of  
paper, city and state.)

"The DALLAS MORNING NEWS"

Date: 3/31/81

Edition:

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Title: pg 1A + 2A (H2)

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Submitting Office: DALLAS

# PRESIDENT SHOT

## Suspect once lived in Highland Park

WFO-175-311 Sub 1-155  
175-83 Sub 1-32

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Associated Press

Secret Service agents shove President Reagan into the presidential limousine after he was shot in the left side outside a Washington hotel Monday afternoon.



# Reagan stable, Brady critical after surgery

By Carl P. Leubsdorf  
Washington Bureau of The News

WASHINGTON — A youthful would-be assassin shot President Reagan, press secretary James Brady and two officers Monday outside a Washington hotel.

Doctors said after removing a bullet from the president's left lung that Reagan was in stable condition and his prognosis was excellent. Brady was listed in critical condition with a bullet wound in his brain.

While Reagan spent more than three hours in surgery at George Washington University Hospital, John W. Hinckley Jr., a former Highland Park resident, was charged in the "attempted assassination" of the president. Hinckley, 25, was arrested in Tennessee last year for carrying firearms and has a history of psychiatric care.

Near midnight, Hinckley was led into a federal courtroom and formally charged.

Reagan "was at no time in any serious danger" and he "sailed through surgery," Dr. Dennis O'Leary said. Reagan "should be able to make decisions by tomorrow, certainly," and probably will remain in the hospital for two weeks, he said.

Six shots were fired from a "Saturday night special" in an ambush on the presidential party as Reagan waved to well-wishers outside the Washington Hilton Hotel. A District of Columbia policeman and a Secret Service agent also were wounded, but not critically.

Aides, trying to maintain a calm atmosphere, reported Reagan made humorous remarks as he was wheeled into surgery, asking one, "Who's minding the store?" and telling his wife, Nancy, "Honey, I forgot to duck."

In the recovery room, Reagan, who could not speak because of tubes in his mouth, gave the attendants a handwritten note: "All in all, I'd rather be in Philadelphia."

Brady, 46, was fighting for his life, a bullet through his brain. "He obviously has significant brain injuries,"

## INSIDE

■ Shocked members of President Reagan's family plan to fly to Washington to be with the wounded president. Page 3A.

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■ Vice President Bush discussed his crisis management role only hours before the shooting of the president. Page 5A.

■ White House aides kept cool after the shooting as they awaited word. Page 6A.

■ Shock over the shootings halts legislative business as congressmen offer their prayers. Page 7A.

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■ The horrible sound of gunshots again shocks the U.S. as gunman wounds the president. Page 12A.

■ Gun used to shoot Reagan traced to Dallas pawn shop by a registration form. Page 15A.

■ Gov. Clements calls the shooting the act of a person with an "unstable mind." Page 20A.

Later, after Brady emerged from 4½ hours of surgery, presidential aide Lyn Nofziger said, "The prognosis is certainly better at this moment than it was earlier in the afternoon."

The bullet that hit Reagan entered his body, underneath the left armpit, ricocheted off a rib and came to rest three inches into his lung, said O'Leary, the dean for clinical affairs at George Washington University Hospital.

The 70-year-old Reagan walked into the hospital under his own power.

Although Nofziger said "the bullet did not hit the heart," one report said "the bullet had missed Reagan's heart by one inch."

Mrs. Reagan was not with the president when he was shot, but she

# Shooting suspect bought 2 guns in Dallas

Continued from Page 1A.

...to the hospital when she  
...the news.

...Hickley, of Evergreen, Colo., is a  
...1973 graduate of Highland Park High  
...School.

...Hickley is the son of former  
...Highland Park resident John W.  
...Hickley. The younger Hickley at-  
...tended Armstrong Elementary, High-  
...land Park Junior High School and  
...graduated from Highland Park High  
...School in 1973 to attend Texas Tech.

...Hickley was carrying three  
...handguns when he was arrested in  
...Nashville, Tenn., last October while  
...then President Carter was on a cam-  
...paign stop in the city, the FBI said. No  
...more details of the arrest were re-  
...leased.

...After initial questioning at police  
...headquarters, Hickley was turned  
...over to the FBI and taken to its field  
...headquarters in Washington for  
...more questioning. He made no com-  
...ment during the questioning and  
...gave no details of the shooting, an  
...FBI spokesman said.

...The courthouse was cleared hours  
...in advance of the arraignment, and  
...several men stood guard outside as  
...Hickley came and went. He was  
...held without bail, but officials would  
...not say where he was being jailed.

...He was charged with attempting  
...to assassinate the president and with  
...kidnapping a Secret Service officer. He  
...also faces a charge of assault with in-  
...strument on a policeman.

with Reagan and within seconds it quickly pulled away.

First reports said Reagan had not been hit. The scene was one of pandemonium and, "there was some pushing and shoving when they went into the car," Speakes said.

The first word that Reagan had been hit came from Neiziger at the hospital. He said Reagan "apparently did not know he had been shot at the time."

Shortly afterward, a White House aide, Frank Ursommarso, speaking by telephone to Speakes at the hospital said, "The president was shot in the left chest and his condition is stable."

The first official word that the bullet had penetrated Reagan's left lung and that he had gone into surgery came from Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr., who took command at the White House until Bush's return.

"As of now, I am in control here in the White House pending the return of the vice president," Haig said. The news of Reagan's shooting had been given to "our friends abroad," but no special measures were being taken, Haig said.

Earlier at the White House, substantial confusion was evident. First Ursommarso and then presidential aide David Gergen had attempted to brief the rapidly growing number of reporters flooding the press room an hour after word spread.

At about 4 p.m., Reagan was wheeled into the hospital's operating room for surgery. As Reagan went down the hall, he winked at James Baker, the White House chief of staff, Neiziger said.

He said Reagan earlier told Sen. Paul Laxalt, R-Nev., a close friend, "Don't worry about me. I'll be all right."

He reportedly told the doctors "please tell me you're Republican."

Ross Simpson, a reporter for Mutual Broadcasting System, quoted a member of the hospital staff as saying "the bullet had missed Reagan's heart by one inch."

A witness at the hospital when Reagan walked in said, "The president was holding his left chest with his arm, his head was bowed. There was blood on his shirt. His coat was open and I could see the blood... It was running down his shirt," Willis King said.

All three television networks were showing Reagan as he was wheeled down the hall. A person standing behind the

Dallas Morning News Wire Service

ington Hilton Hotel. The suspect in the shootings is John Wilkes Booth Hinckley Jr., formerly of Highlands Park.

Under extraordinary security precautions, he was taken to the hospital. He was drawn in an instant. Hinckley was buried under a mass of agents.

Hank Brown, an ABC cameraman, said the assailant, a young white man with blond hair who was wearing a rain coat, a blue shirt and dark trousers, "just opened up and kept squeezing the trigger."

Shortly after 1:30 p.m., Speakes left the emergency room and of the hospital, which is about six blocks from the White House, to say Reagan's condition was stable and he was conscious and speaking.

Brady, who was just a step or two behind Reagan when the shots were fired, was struck in the head and blood poured from the wound.

There was no immediate indication how a person detained by anti-shootings on weapons charges could have placed himself without detection in the White House.

The shooting took place on a mild, rainy day as Reagan left the Washington Hilton Hotel after a speech to the AFL-CIO Building and Construction Trades Department.

Reagan was seen outside the hotel's VIP entrance, the portico, where he was carrying a black umbrella.

Reagan was seen outside the hotel's VIP entrance, the portico, where he was carrying a black umbrella.

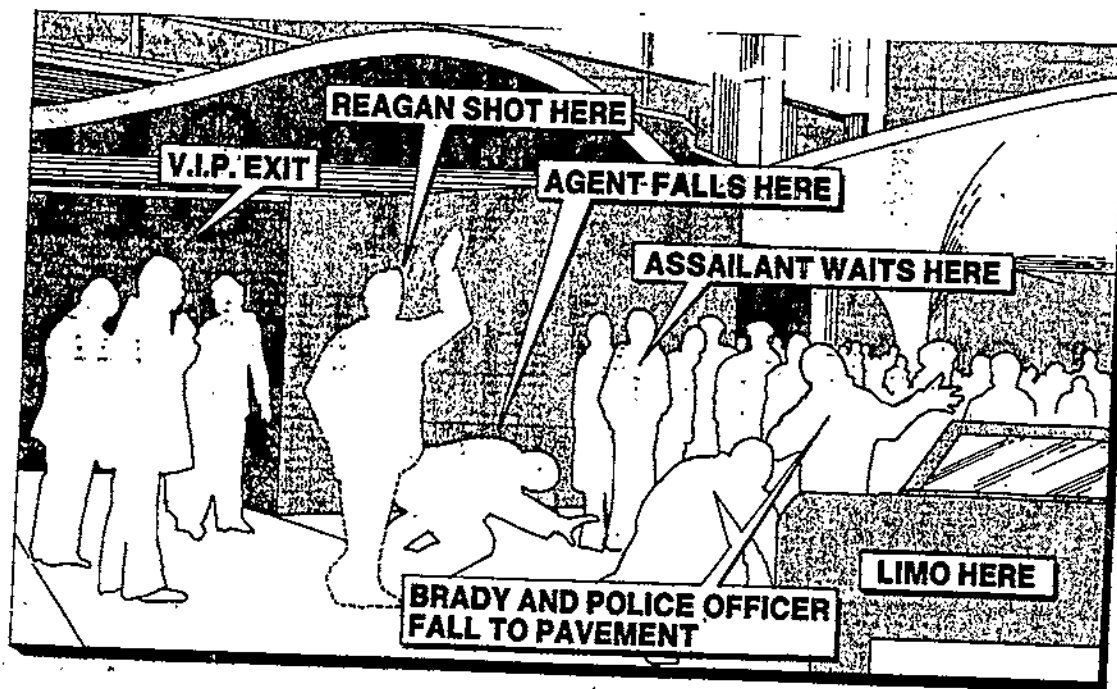
Reagan was seen outside the hotel's VIP entrance, the portico, where he was carrying a black umbrella.

Reagan was seen outside the hotel's VIP entrance, the portico, where he was carrying a black umbrella.



V.J. Magistrate Arthur L. Burnett set a preliminary hearing for Thursday at 9 a.m. Dallas time. There was no known motive and no explanation for the attack. All the information we have now points to the fact that he (Hinkley) was the only one, another FBI spokesman said. Witnesses said the man fired two pistol shots at the presidential party from about 10 feet away. The suspect was thrown to the ground and pinned by police and Secret Service agents, then whisked away in a squad car. The gun was shot in the chest and "was doing first thought to be a 38-caliber pistol, but this was not helped by police who said it was a 22-caliber revolver, the Secret Service said. The bullet that entered his back through the shoulder was one of four bought by the suspect from Rocky's Pawn Shop, 2018 Elm. The gun was purchased Oct. 15, 1964, by the condition in which it was bought. Rocky's Pawn Shop, 2018 Elm, Dallas, Texas, said it was the only place in Dallas that sold such guns. The gun was reported to be on a list of guns sold at the White House about 1964.

Support system in the intensive care section. Officials denied rumors late Monday afternoon he had died. At one point, all three television networks reported Brady was dead. But Nottiger "emphatically" denied the report and deputy press secretary Larry Spokes said the report was not true. He is in serious condition, Spokes said. A White House aide said Brady's condition "doesn't look good." The Secret Service agent, identified as Ken McCarthy, 31, of Chicago, said he was shot in the chest and "was doing extremely well." McCarthy said the bullet was not helped by police who said it was a 22-caliber revolver, the Secret Service said. The bullet that entered his back through the shoulder was one of four bought by the suspect from Rocky's Pawn Shop, 2018 Elm. The gun was purchased Oct. 15, 1964, by the condition in which it was bought. Rocky's Pawn Shop, 2018 Elm, Dallas, Texas, said it was the only place in Dallas that sold such guns. The gun was reported to be on a list of guns sold at the White House about 1964.



Dallas Morning News: Broc Searns

President Reagan, his press secretary, James Brady, a police officer and a Secret Service agent were shot outside the Washington Hilton Hotel. The suspect in the shootings is John Wilkes Booth, Jr., formerly of Highland Park.

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(H2)

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# Wounded Reagan aide a favorite with press

By Carolyn Barta

Staff Writer of The News

All the press aides in a presidential field that numbered almost a dozen in 1980, James Scott (Jim) Brady — who was critically wounded Monday during the attempted assassination of President Reagan — was a favorite with reporters.

He took telephone calls from the media. He returned phone calls. He didn't know the word "stonewall." He didn't use the words "no comment."

Brady was by the president's side early Monday afternoon when an assassin opened fire with a handgun.

Reagan, in his 69th day in office, was struck in the left side of his chest. Brady, a Secret Service agent and a Washington police officer also were hit by the fusillade of bullets.

Brady fell to the sidewalk with a gunshot wound to the head. He underwent surgery at George Washington Hospital and was in critical condition Monday evening.

During the 1980 presidential campaign, when a reporter needed information, Brady's reply was usually, "I'll see what I can do," or "I'll do what I can." And usually the reply was accompanied by a smile.

Not only was he helpful, the affable Brady was almost always in a good humor — frequently entertaining reporters on the traveling press bus with his wisecracks.

The pudgy, 40ish Brady was then on the staff of John B. Connally, and when Connally dropped out of the presidential sweepstakes after the March 8, 1980, South Carolina primary, members of the press hated it most because Brady was off the campaign trail.

But he wasn't for long. Reagan picked up the astute Brady as a research assistant. He was soon back out on the campaign trail, joking that when an airplane flew over his Washington home, his toddler son would say, "There goes Daddy."

By the time of the Republican National Convention in Detroit, Brady was second in command to Lyn Nofziger in dealing with the press for the Reagan campaign.

When Reagan was elected, it was Brady who was named press spokesman for the transition team.

Most reporters felt he would be named press secretary to the White House because first lady Nancy Reagan didn't think Nofziger, with his shirt tail often hanging out, was dignified enough. Then the story went around that she didn't think Brady was good-looking enough — which prompted more teasing between reporters and Brady.

While other White House officials and Cabinet members were being named, Nofziger (Reagan's longtime press spokesman) said he didn't want the press job. Brady did. He quietly

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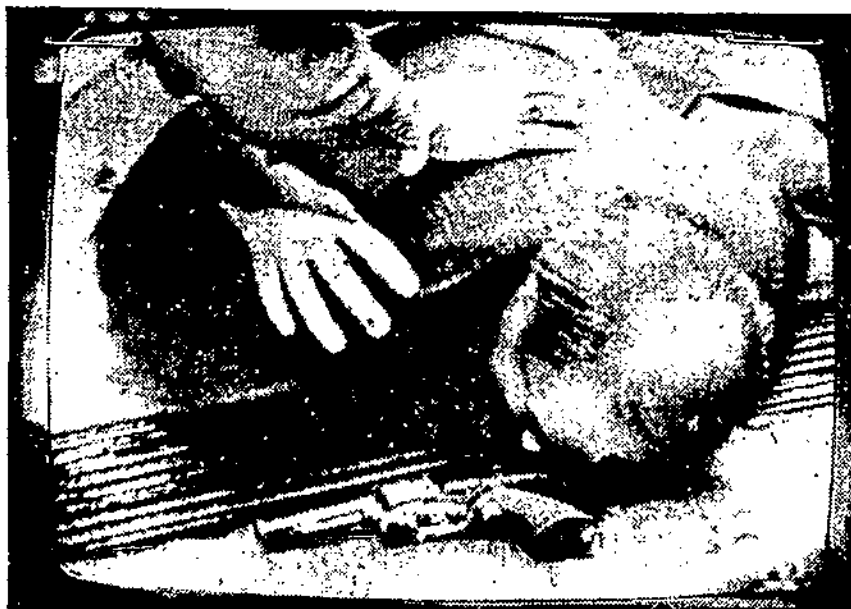
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*United Press International*

**White House press secretary Jim Brady lies wounded on the sidewalk Monday after a gunman fired several shots at President Reagan and his party.**

bided his time during reports that other journalists had been asked.

He was officially named press secretary Jan. 6, the day after traveling to El Paso and Juarez with Reagan to meet with Mexican President Jose Lopez Portillo.

Called "The Bear" by his friends because of his rotundity, Brady ap-

peared before the press for his daily briefing the day of his appointment with the quip, "I come before you today as not just another pretty face, but out of sheer talent."

Brady was a frequent visitor to Texas, first with the Connally campaign and later accompanying Reagan. He was acquainted with the

entire Connally family, since Connally's children and their spouses were often on the campaign trail.

Connally, himself wounded in the 1963 assassination of President John Kennedy, issued a statement saying he and Mrs. Connally were "profoundly shocked and saddened."

"We are grieved not only about the president but about Jim Brady, the Secret Service agent and the policeman . . . Our feelings have ranged from shock and sadness to outrage. It is a tragedy of our time that men cannot serve their nation without endangering their lives."

An Eagle Scout in Illinois, Brady graduated from the University of Illinois at Champaign in 1962 with majors in journalism and political science and then attended the university's law school. He worked in Chicago for seven years for James and Thomas Advertising and Marketing, becoming a partner.

He served on the staff of U.S. Senate Minority Leader Everett Dirksen and interned in the U.S. Department of Justice anti-trust division in 1962.

He also was director of legislative and public affairs for the Illinois State Medical Society and moved to Washington in 1968 to be a communications consultant to the U.S. House of Representatives.

Brady handled press relations for the Office of Management and

Budget and for Secretary of Defense Donald Rumsfeld in the Ford administration. From 1977 to 1979, he handled press relations for Sen. William Roth, R-Del.

One friend who worked with Brady in Illinois politics and in Washington called him "witty, a delight to be around. There was not a straight face in the house when Jim was there. That didn't mean he couldn't be tough, but he was an honorable competitor . . . a fine human being."

Many reporters were glad to see Brady get the top job in White House press office, tagging the office staff "the Brady Bunch." He quickly became known as a master of the one-liner and for his natural ability to cut tension. But there had been complaints lately that reporters couldn't get responses from the press office as quickly as they wanted because Reagan had begun keeping Brady with him too much of the time.

Although Brady didn't enjoy the same closeness with Reagan that Jody Powell did to President Carter, he appeared to have made the transition from "outsider" to "insider," attending so many high-level staff meetings that he got behind in his daily return calls.

But to a press corps accustomed to a lack of response, Brady had come to be appreciated for his winning style, quick wit and cooperative attitude.



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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# Nancy Reagan had tears in eyes but remained calm



Ron Reagan, wife Doria rush to catch plane to Washington

## Associated Press

Nancy Reagan had returned to the White House from a Georgetown luncheon and had just taken off her coat in the mansion's living quarters Monday when a Secret Service agent told her shots had been fired at President Reagan.

Accompanied by Ed Hickey, a long-time friend who now heads the White House military office, Mrs. Reagan rushed to George Washington University Medical Center. Not until she was there did she learn that her husband was wounded in the left side of his chest.

The first lady's press secretary, Sheila Patton, said Mrs. Reagan was taken immediately to the emergency room where she talked to her husband. At the hospital, the first lady was seen walking beside the President's stretcher when he was taken from the emergency room.

Mrs. Patton said the first lady visited the hospital chapel and had tears in her eyes when she emerged, but she remained calm, Mrs. Patton said. During Reagan's operation, his wife waited outside the room and was briefed regularly by physicians.

Meanwhile, the President's oldest son, Michael, said Monday he, his wife and two sisters, Maureen Reagan and Patti Davis, would fly to Washington so that when their father "opens his eyes and comes out of sedation, we will be there."

"This mission," he said with tears streaming down his face, "is really is a mission of love — love for Ronald Reagan."

"A lot of things have been written about our family and our family's independence. One thing about us, we love Ronald Reagan and we love Nancy Reagan."

— AP photo

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*Maureen Reagan, fiance Dennis Revell, react to news*

"I felt complete disbelief and shock," the President's only brother, Neil, 72, said outside his home in Rancho Santa Fe, near San Diego, adding, "I was almost sure something like this would happen. It's about time the courts decide the fun is over."

"My reaction is fury and rage and anger that in this country this kind of

garbage is still going on. We have got to stop it and we have got to stop it right now," said the President's 39-year-old daughter, Maureen, a radio-talk show personality and Republican political activist.

On the brink of tears and with her voice breaking, Ms. Reagan said, "We've always known with the kinds

of things that go on in the world today" her father could be in danger.

Asked if he felt angry over the events in Washington, Michael Reagan replied, "I'm angry because it happened but I am sad because it's my father. You always think it's going to be the other person. I hope it stops. We need for it to stop."

"My father didn't run for president because he wanted to be president, but because ... doggone it he just loves his country."

Asked if had ever discussed a possible assassination attempt with his father, he replied "we never discussed it because it's something we don't want to discuss."

Reagan's other daughter, actress Patti Davis, was at her apartment in Santa Monica when she was told of the shooting by Secret Service agents, said her personal manager Larry Thompson.

"She is shocked, deeply concerned and praying for her father," Thompson added, saying she "sounded shaken."

In Lincoln, Neb., Reagan's youngest son, Ron, left a dance tour with the Joffrey II ballet and, with his wife, Doria, boarded a private jet for Washington. Ron Reagan, 23, didn't reply to reporters' questions as he and his wife rushed from their hotel to a waiting car.

Neil Reagan said he was having lunch at a club when "a person came in and said someone had shot at the President. ... A few minutes later, another person said the President had been hit. At that point I broke down and began to cry."

"I expected something like this to come," he added. "It's the way society is today."

— AP photo

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# Gravely wounded Brady improving, doctor reports

WASHINGTON (AP) — White House press secretary James S. Brady, fighting for his life after being gravely wounded in an assassination attempt against President Reagan, was reported in improving condition today, but doctors said he may have suffered lasting brain damage.

Presidential spokesman Larry Speakes said White House physician Daniel Ruge visited Brady this morning at George Washington University Hospital and described his condition as "serious but improving."

The 40-year-old Brady, the father of a 2-year-old son and a college-age daughter, was shot Monday as he walked out of a Washington hotel beside Reagan and headed for the presidential motorcade.

The .22-caliber bullet entered Brady's forehead at the temple, passed through his brain and came out the other side. As security agents pushed the President into his car, Brady crumpled to the sidewalk, dropping face down on a grate, blood spilling from his wound.

Brady underwent nearly five hours of surgery. In an operation called a craniotomy, surgeons worked with a microscope to assess the extent of brain damage and removed damaged tissue and bone, said Dr. Dennis O'Leary, the hospital spokesman.

Lyn Nofziger, a White House aide, quoted the chief surgeon in the operation as saying "the prognosis is certainly better than it was earlier." He said the surgeon, Dr. Arthur Koberne, reported that Brady's vital signs were stable and that his pupillary reflexes were normal, which he said was an encouraging sign.

Earlier, O'Leary told reporters that brain damage "probably is likely."

"You can keep his lungs and heart going," O'Leary said, "but you don't know what he has left in his head."

Brady's wife Sarah was at his bedside late Monday. She reached down and squeezed his hand; he squeezed back, said Sen. Charles Percy, R-Ill., who spoke with her.

Brady's 74-year-old mother rushed to Washington from her home in the southern Illinois town of Centralia, in a state-owned plane provided by Gov. James Thompson. Brady's father Harold, an 85-year-old retired railroader who recently suffered a stroke, remained at home.

Brady had assigned another press aide to accompany the President to the hotel, but decided at the last minute to go along after completing the daily White House briefing for reporters.

Brady, nicknamed "Bear" and known for his quick wit and portly stature, was not Reagan's first choice as press secretary. Several others were offered the job and turned it down before the President turned to Brady, who was serving as his chief spokesman during the transition period as Reagan prepared to take office.

Before his selection, Nancy Reagan reportedly said she wanted a "good looking" press secretary. Brady opened his next briefing by saying, "I'm not here today as just another pretty face. I've got some news to give you."

Brady, a veteran of press relations jobs on Capitol Hill, teamed up with Reagan late in the primary campaign last year after serving as press secretary to former Texas Gov. John Connally in his unsuccessful bid for the GOP nomination.

In Reagan's campaign entourage, Brady stayed in the background; outside the circle of Reagan's longtime advisers. Once, after Reagan suggested that trees were a source of air pollution, Brady walked through the press section of the campaign plane as a forest fire burned below. "Killer trees, killer trees," he joked — getting himself in hot water with some of Reagan's staff.

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—NBC photo via AP

*Press Secretary James Brady lies critically wounded in the head moments after shooting*

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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# The suspect

## Nazis kicked out area native

By BOB RIVARD  
and STEVE GUNN

### Staff Writers

John Warnock Hinckley Jr., a child of Highland Park privilege and son of a millionaire oilman, never made much of an impression on anyone.

He has now.

He is the man from Dallas, reported to be a former American Nazi Party member, charged with shooting Ronald Reagan, the 40th President of the United States.

The 25-year-old Hinckley, also charged with Monday's wounding of three other persons, is a wayward son of the Park Cities.

Although he had been in trouble only once before, he had been expelled in November 1979 from the National Socialist Party of America and was undergoing psychiatric care. And there are indications he had been stalking his presidential prey for months.

But there was nothing in his youth to suggest he could be a presidential assassin.

As a boy growing up, first in University Park and then in Highland Park, he had never been arrested. Nor could officials recall ever disciplining him in the Park Cities schools.

But despite an apparently normal

See SUSPECT on Page 5



—UPI photo

Hinckley, left, leaves arraignment early today in police car

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thing. The other kids always talked more than him."

Neil Cleaver, another neighbor on Caruth, said, "If I had been picking somebody in this, it would have been anybody but this kid. He had a bike and all that."

Cleaver said his family received a letter from Hinckley's parents in Colorado a few weeks ago. The highlight of the letter, he said, was the announcement of a new grandchild.

"They didn't mention any problem or anything like that," he said. "I heard Johnny got into rock and roll and when you're my age that means something."

"It was just a beautiful family. I hurt inside for all them," said a neighbor, who declined to be identified.

In 1966, the family moved from University Park to the heart of old line Highland Park, to a mansion at 3520 Beverly Drive, near some other famous Dallas millionaires, like members of the Hunt family and Gov. William P. Clements Jr. Neighbors said the elder Hinckley told them he had wanted the larger house because it offered a swimming pool and was more in fitting with the kind of lifestyle he wanted for his children.

"They had a circular drive that their kids would always be driving through," said Richard Martin, 21, who lives in the same block and knows the Hinckley children. He added the children would often horse around in the front yard.

But, said another neighbor, the children were not overly indulged.

Sitting in her spacious living room, the elderly woman, who asked to remain unidentified, said: "They would cut my yard for extra money and were just quite nice. There was not a thing in that boy's background to indicate something like this would happen."

"Things like this don't go on out here," she said, indicating a television set that was tuned to the reports of the attempted assassination.

Neighbors said that Scott, John Jr.'s older brother, attended Vanderbilt University in Nashville; that

Diane, the middle child, attended Southern Methodist University. At some point, they said, John Jr. took a writing class at Yale University, perhaps one summer between years at Tech.

The elder Hinckley, friends said, was a beacon of free enterprise, bedrock Christianity and arch-conservative politics.

Clarence M. Netherland, one of the directors of Vanderbilt Energy Corp., of which John Hinckley Sr. is president and chairman, said, "I have known the dad, Jack Hinckley, for years. A very conservative individual. He is a good, stable, conservative conscientious businessman. The family was a religious group, a very religious family."

"Jack moved his business to Denver about seven or eight years ago for the peace and quiet of it. They are not a socially active family."

"Jack had mentioned that John had dropped out of Texas Tech at one time. He was very concerned about this. He is a hard working, conscientious, hard-working conservative businessman."

"He (the father) is very knowledgeable, astute. As near a typical an American businessman as I've ever known. I would certainly know nothing in his background which would give rise to anything like this. He is an extremely hard-working individual who built the oil business himself."

The elder Hinckley was a trained petroleum engineer who worked for a number of small oil firms before founding his own company in 1970. In 1975, Hinckley Oil became Vanderbilt Energy Corp., and the business was moved to Denver, reflecting the company's drilling and exploration interests in the Western United States. The Hinckley family moved to Evergreen, an exclusive mountain community west of the city.

After their son's arrest Monday, the Hinckleys issued a terse statement through an attorney, saying the family was "grieved and heartbroken by this tragedy. We love our son and will, of course, stand by him. We are

heartbroken for the victims of this incident."

Little is known about the younger Hinckley's activities between October, when he was arrested at Nashville's Airport, and Monday, when he was arrested for trying to kill the President. The FBI said he was unemployed during that time.

But it is known that on Oct. 13, four days after his Nashville arrest, Hinckley was back in Dallas replacing his confiscated handguns with a pair of .22-caliber pistols bought at Rocky's Pawn Shop at 2018 E. Elm St.

Despite his recent arrest, Hinckley Jr. encountered no trouble in buying the guns.

He merely signed an affidavit saying that he had not been convicted of any felony crimes, was not a fugitive, had not been found to be mentally ill, and was not an habitual user of narcotics.

That affidavit, along with other records of the handgun purchase, were seized by the FBI in Dallas Monday afternoon.

As is so often the case, those who knew Hinckley, even those who knew he was a rebellious youth who had failed to meet his father's high standards of achievement, were stunned by his dramatic act of violence.

Kim Farrell, a court clerk at the Dallas County Courthouse, attended elementary and high school with Hinckley and admits to a childhood crush on the blond, blue-eyed boy.

"He was always very, very quiet, and not very social, but he was always very nice," said Ms. Farrell. "I was shocked. He was never in any trouble that I remember. He was an average student. He was just a real nice guy."

Craig Alan Morris, one of Hinckley's best friends, said he was just another face in the crowd.

"He wasn't an extrovert and he wasn't a hermit, either. He messed around with all the normal guys; and he enjoyed music and tennis, water sports and snow skiing," Morris said.

## SUSPECT — From Page One

life as a youth, the Hinckley family attorney announced after the arrest Monday that John Jr. "had been under psychiatric care," but "the evaluations did not alert anyone to the seriousness of his condition."

No one, apparently including the Nashville police, worried too much about his arrest last Oct. 9 for trying to carry three handguns onto a plane leaving Nashville for New York City. That same day, President Carter was in Nashville, and the then-president, too, had plans to travel to New York.

He was released after spending only 34 minutes in jail and paying \$62.50 in fines and court costs.

John Hinckley Jr. bears his father's name, but he cannot boast of the elder Hinckley's accomplishments.

Hinckley graduated from Highland Park High School in 1973. Like 95 per cent of Highland Park alumni, he went on to college. But after seven years of study at Texas Tech, he still had no degree and became a college dropout. He then bounced from job to job, never working at any one for more than five months.

He worked for a firm that publishes school yearbooks; he sold portraits in Hollywood; he tended bar in a fashionable supper club in Denver.

He was a member of the National Socialist Party but was kicked out because he "wanted to shoot people and blow things up," said Michael C. Allen, president-elect of the party, who described Hinckley as a "nut."

The party's current president, Harold A. Covington of Raleigh, N.C., was quoted as telling United Press International that Hinckley believed "we should be waging armed struggle against the government."

And a week after he purchased the gun he used in Monday's assassination attempt, he applied for a job as a newspaper reporter for the Denver Post and was rejected. He dreamed of being a playwright.

From March 8 to March 23, he lived at the nondescript Golden Hours Motel in Lakewood, Colo., leaving with an unpaid bill of \$55.40, said

Ginger Aucourt, the housekeeper at the motel.

While living there, he pawned an electric guitar and typewriter at GI Joe's Pawn Shop in Denver for \$50, then expressed interest in purchasing a revolver. However, he left without purchasing a weapon, making a sarcastic remark to employees about receiving only \$50 for his pawned items.

Until Monday, John W. Hinckley Jr. had never done anything to distinguish himself. Most of his former classmates had trouble recalling any details about him.

After hearing Hinckley's name on radio broadcasts Monday, Highland Park High School graduates Paul Gleiser and his wife, Iris, called each other to trade notes. Then they each called friends who also attended the school the same years as Hinckley.

"We all got on the phones, finding out what we could," said Gleiser, 26, sales manager for WFAA-AM radio.

But what the classmates discovered they remembered most was Hinckley's cheerleader sister, Diane. During high school, Hinckley seemed to live in the shadow of her popularity, Gleiser said.

"Everybody knew his sister real well; but not him," Gleiser said.

What Gleiser and his wife picked up during their phone conversations was a sketchy portrait of a young man unsure of what he wanted out of life.

"The ones closest to him said he had been drifting in and out of college, trying to figure out what he wanted to do," Gleiser said. "The latest thing anyone had heard about him was that he wanted to go to Washington to be a playwright."

Gleiser, who is a year older than Hinckley, said that political consciousness and radicalism still was in vogue during his high school years, the waning years of the Vietnam conflict.

Hinckley, however, was not part of that student movement, Gleiser said. Marianne Deaton, 25, a classmate of Hinckley who graduated the same year, said much the same thing.

"We've all got out our old annuals and looked him up because nobody

really remembers who he was real well."

David Wildman, president of Hinckley's senior class, said he had known Hinckley since the two attended Hyer Elementary together.

Wildman said "the only thing that comes to my mind was in Highland Park, there is lots of pressure to excel and do well. Some people handle it, some don't."

"I can remember some people who were outspoken about politics, but he wasn't one of them," Wildman said.

Highland Park Police Chief Henry Gardner echoed the comments of law enforcement officials across the city and state. John W. Hinckley Jr. was not a troublemaker.

"That's not so strange, though," he said. "We don't have very many bad ones out here."

Hinckley, everybody agreed, never had so much as a traffic ticket or a disciplinary problem in school — until his arrest in Nashville.

Physically, Hinckley is average, apparently stocky. His Texas driver's license lists his height at 5-foot-9 and his weight at 180 pounds. He has blond hair and blue eyes. His last known address was in Lubbock at 2404 10th St.

John Hinckley Jr., born May 29, 1955, in Ardmore, Okla., came to the Park Cities later in the year of his birth.

From late 1955 through 1966, his family lived in a two-story house at 4128 Caruth Blvd. on the northern edge of University Park.

The youngest of three children, neighbors said, Hinckley was always quiet as a child and seemed to live in the shadow of his older brother, Scott, and sister, Diane. They say he rarely expressed interest in anything except music. In recent years, neighbors and acquaintances said, that music had been rock and roll. Hinckley played guitar.

"He seemed to have an inferiority complex," said Toni Johnson, a neighbor. "He was always so quiet. He used to come over for vanilla wafers and he would help himself and not say a

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# Tech teacher recalls 'Mein Kampf' report

By KIMBERLY PALMER

Staff Writer

LUBBOCK — John W. Hinckley attended Texas Tech University for 13 semesters, — he dropped out last July without ever earning a degree — and even though he maintained good academic standing, professors and students here say he did nothing to distinguish himself.

When word reached Lubbock Monday that the former Tech student had been arrested in the shooting of President Reagan in Washington, professors grabbed for their grade books to see if he might have been one of their students.

At a university with an enrollment of more than 20,000 students, faces easily become nothing more than a blur unless a student is exceptionally outgoing or excels academically.

Hinckley appeared to do neither.

Otto Nelson, associate history professor, wouldn't have remembered Hinckley except for a book report he submitted for extra credit in Nelson's history of modern Germany class during the first summer session of 1978.

What was unusual about the report was Hinckley's topic — "Mein Kampf" by Adolf Hitler — in a class that dealt with events in post-World War II Germany. Nelson gave him an A-minus on the report.

"Other than the book report, there

was nothing outstanding about him. He was a quiet and reserved student and never showed any emotion in the class," Nelson said. He described Hinckley as "an anonymous face in the crowd who just drifted along with nothing to distinguish him."

Last year, Nelson said, Hinckley signed up for a course dealing with anarchism, fascism, communism and socialism, "but he never showed up."

He said Hinckley "never said anything" in class.

"He was attentive, not hostile or aloof, but just sitting there like he was thinking by himself and to himself and wasn't concerned about other people. He seemed to isolate himself from others."

Hinckley enrolled at Tech as a bus-

ness administration major in 1973, switching to history and finally to English last year.

Off campus, there wasn't anything in Hinckley's behavior to indicate he was headed for trouble.

Bill Brockett, owner of Snidely Whiplash's Pawn Shop in Lubbock, also didn't recall anything unusual about Hinckley when the college student bought two .22-caliber revolvers in September 1980.

"His name wasn't even familiar to me, but ATF (Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms) called me this afternoon and told me to start going through my records and that's when I found it," Brockett said.

The pawn shop is located only a few blocks from the Tech campus and

one block from the apartment complex where Hinckley lived.

"He had sandy hair and looked like a Californian, but other than that he seemed just like any other of the college students around here," said Kevin Crowley, manager of the Westernaire Apartments where Hinckley once lived.

"I really only remember seeing him when I would pass him on the balcony," Crowley said. "Hinckley rented a modest one-bedroom apartment on the second floor of the colonial style apartment complex, one half block east of the university campus."

"He just seemed to blend in with everybody," Crowley said. "He was a good renter and never was late with any rent money."

"He would go down by the pool every once in a while and catch a few rays, but he really didn't talk to people much, he was pretty quiet," Crowley recalled.

Hinckley moved from the Westernaire Apartments on May 31, 1979, and moved into the Honey Comb Apartments eight blocks south. The manager there refused to talk about him.

FBI and Secret Service agents have taken temporary possession of most of the school records regarding Hinckley and faculty and staff members cannot recall any extracurricular activities he might have been involved in while attending school.

Neither city nor county police in Lubbock have any record of Hinckley.



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Bill Porterfield / *Reagan**may be an American of destiny*

FOR AWHILE, there were reports on television that the bullet was an inch from his heart, and that since his vital signs were stable and strong the surgeons had decided to leave it there and sew him back up, figuring he could recover and run the county with only a little lead to show for his narrow escape.

This should have been frightful, the prospect of a 70-year-old man carrying a slug in his lung for the rest of his days, but I was strangely confident that if this was what he had to do that he would do it, in spite of all, and that he would do it with *elan*, that every weekend he would still ride forth in jodhpurs and riding crop, erect as Old Hickory.

Up and down the street where I live people had gathered before their television sets. Those who had to work outside, like the carpenters next door, had radios tuned to the news. Faces were long, grim. Some people cried. Others prayed.



For some reason, I kept thinking of Andrew Jackson. I put Lincoln and Garfield and McKinley and Kennedy out of my mind and concentrated on Jackson. I told myself that if Jackson could ride into history shot up the way he did, then Reagan could, too. It was wishful thinking, of course, but it was more than that. It seemed to me that Reagan was in that rough-hewn line of common men that began with Jackson and ran through Lincoln and Teddy Roosevelt and Truman and Lyndon Johnson. He wasn't one of those uncommon patricians who descended in a line from Washington to Adams to Jefferson to Wilson to FDR and JFK. It was, of course, too early to tell what kind of president he would turn out to be, but as a man he had the same bucolic humanity and popular appeal that Jackson had introduced to the presidency.

There was another curious parallel. When Reagan was shot Monday afternoon, he was trying to do the same thing for the country that Jackson was doing in January of 1835 when a gunman fired twice at him. Jackson had pledged, in his second term, to reduce the national debt, and by Jan 8 of 1835, he could announce that, for the first time in history, the federal government had paid off every penny it owed.

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Three weeks later, Jackson was in the House chamber, attending the funeral of Rep. Warren Davis, when a deranged Englishman, Richard Lawrence, walked within six feet of the President and fired a pistol. Jackson, feeling no hit, swung his cane and lunged for the would-be assassin. A young army officer threw himself between them just as Lawrence pulled another pistol and fired. The pistol caps had exploded, but the charges had failed to go off. Jackson and the young officer were safe. An expert on small arms calculated that the chance of two successive misfires was one in 25,000.

When Martin Van Buren rushed to the White House to express his concern for the President after his narrow escape, he found Jackson bouncing a friend's kids on his knees and joking with Maj. Gen. Winfield Scott.

When Nancy Reagan rushed to the hospital and to the side of her husband Monday, the President reportedly quipped, "Honey, I guess I forgot to duck." And later, as he entered surgery, he told the medical team he hoped they were all Republicans.

At that moment, we were all Republicans, pull-

ing for our father of the American earth. And later, when they found the bullet and removed it, pronouncing the President as fit and stable under the circumstances, we all felt a great sense of relief.

In Jackson's day, the common folk felt that the seventh president was a man of destiny. He had survived many a duel and many an Indian fight, carried Charles Dickinson's bullet near his heart for 39 years, from 1806 until his death in 1845. He also carried five other slugs from one Jesse Benton in his left arm and shoulder from 1813 until they were removed when he became president in 1829. The man had more aches and pains than a ward of walking wounded. Yet he lived eight years past his presidency and died at 78.

Life is uncertain, particularly for the aged, most especially, it seems, for American presidents. But it appears that in Mr. Reagan we have a strong man. Let's take care of him and keep him around for a while, for a change. If his survival Monday means anything, perhaps it is that he is a President of destiny, meant to endure in spite of the odds. Certainly we yearn for a such a leader, heroic in his capacity not only to survive but to act and to prevail.